

ADDENDUM TO THE CENTRAL BANK'S AML/CFT GUIDELINE

A. SDD REQUIREMENTS FOR BASIC BANKING ACCOUNT [INDIVIDUALS]

Amount / Threshold / Functionality Limitation		Customer Identification Requirement
i. ii.	Aggregate of all credits does not exceed \$84,000 annually Aggregate of all withdrawals and transfers does not exceed \$84,000 annually	i. Obtain one (1) form of valid photo identification of either a passport, national identification card of drivers permit. In exceptional cases where identity cannot be verified by government issued identification, banks may obtain alternative forms of identification (for example a reference from a credible person). Such alternatives must be kept on file and the reason for the exception must be documented on file.
iii.	Access to debit card, online banking services and ACH services only. International wire transfers are prohibited	 ii. Record and retain the following in accordance with the record retention requirements of Regulation 31(1)(b): (a) Full legal name (b) Date and Place of Birth (c) Nationality
v. vi.	Access to credit or overdraft facilities are prohibited. Limited to one account per person either singularly or jointly	iii. Record the customer's complete residential address. Banks may delay verification of address unti- additional financial services are requested by the customer or transactional activity rise above the thresholds.)
vii.	Account opening / maintenance fees are not applicable to financial inclusion accounts. ATM and other fees attached to services (e.g. domestic transfers, purchase of bank drafts) will be applicable.	 iv. Nature, purpose of account, source of funds may be inferred and recorded, e.g. For receipt of pension or social assistance payments and payment of household bills. v. For migrants who cannot satisfy the above requirement for valid national identification, acceptance of a government issued residency card may be considered by banks. vi. The customer must be screened against the lists of designated persons. At a minimum, this should occur at the on-boarding of the customer; when the designated lists are updated; and on a quarterly basis.



Amount / Threshold / Functionality Limitation	Customer Identification Requirement
	vii. Risk based transaction monitoring controls must be implemented to ensure that the prescribed limits are not breached and; that transactions match the initial low risk profile. Deviations from the established profile should prompt a review of the customer risk rating noting (ix.) below.
	viii. Full CDD must be carried out in the following instances and in respect of (a) or (b), the bank should consider whether the customer continues to qualify for the basic banking account: (a) the customer crosses the established thresholds; (b) the customer wishes to access additional financial services; or (c) where there is suspicion of money laundering or terrorist financing.
	ix. In accordance with Regulation 11(5), where the above noted customer due diligence requirements cannot be obtained, licensees must determine whether to continue with the relationship and the Compliance Officer shall determine whether a suspicious transaction or activity report should be filed with the FIUTT.



ADDENDUM TO THE CENTRAL BANK'S AML/CFT GUIDELINE

B. SDD REQUIREMENTS FOR BASIC BANKING ACCOUNT [MICRO-ENTERPRISES¹]

Amount / Threshold / Functionality Limitation	Customer Identification Requirement
 i. Aggregate of all credits does not exceed \$84,000 annually ii. Aggregate of all withdrawals and transfers does not exceed \$84,000 annually iii. Access to debit card, online banking services and ACH services only iv. International wire transfers are prohibited v. Access to credit or overdraft facilities are prohibited vi. Limited to one business account per person/sole trader either singularly or jointly vii. Account opening / maintenance fees are not applicable to financial inclusion accounts. ATM and other fees for permissible services (e.g. domestic transfers, purchase of bank drafts) will be applicable. 	a) Unregistered Sole Traders (Separate accounts must be maintained for personal and business purposes) i. Record the customer's: • Full legal name [including the 'trading as' name if applicable] • Complete residential address • Business address [if different from residential address] • Date and Place of Birth • Nationality • Nature of business and purpose of account • Source of funds ii. Obtain one (1) form of valid photo identification of either a passport, national identification card or drivers permit for each individual to verify physical likeness, signature, date and place of birth. In exceptional cases where identity cannot be verified by government issued identification, banks may obtain alternative forms of identification (for example a reference from a credible person). Such alternatives must be kept on file and the reason for the exception must be documented on file. iii. Verification of address may be deferred until additional financial services are requested by the
	 customer or transactional activity rise above the thresholds. iv. Screen name of customer(s) and name of business against lists of designated persons, at a minimum, at on-boarding, when the designated lists are updated and on a quarterly basis.
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¹ For the purpose of this Guidance, micro-enterprise means annual sales up to \$84,000.



Amount / Threshold / Functionality Limitation	Customer Identification Requirement
	v. Risk based transaction monitoring controls must be implemented to ensure that the prescribed limits are not breached and; that transactions match the initial low risk profile and if not, to prompt a review of the customer risk rating.
	 vi. Full CDD must be carried out in the following instances and in respect of (a) or (b), the bank should consider whether the customer continues to qualify for the basic banking account: a. the customer crosses the established thresholds.; b. the customer wishes to access additional financial services; or c. where there is suspicion of money laundering or terrorist financing.
	vii. In accordance with Regulation 11(5), where satisfactory customer due diligence information cannot be obtained, licensees must determine whether to continue with the relationship and the Compliance Officer shall determine whether a suspicious transaction or activity report should be filed with the FIUTT.
	b) <u>For Registered Businesses (Separate accounts must be maintained for personal and business purposes)</u>
	 i. Record the customer's: Full legal name [including their 'trading as' name if applicable] Complete residential address Business address [if different from residential address] Nature of business and purpose of account Source of funds
	 ii. Record for each individual /owner/partner/director/beneficial owner: Full legal name Complete residential address Date and Place of Birth Nationality



Amount / Threshold / Functionality Limitation	Customer Identification Requirement
	iii. Obtain formation documents / regulating powers as applicable:
	Business registration certificate;
	Certification of incorporation / Continuance / Amendment;
	Notice of Directors and Notice of Business Address
	Memorandum and Articles of Association;
	Partnership agreement
	iv. Where applicable, obtain:
	Recent Annual Return
	NIB Certificate
	v. Obtain one (1) form of valid photo identification of either a passport, national identification card or drivers permit for each individual /owner/partner/director/beneficial owner to verify physical likeness, legal name, signature, nationality, date and place of birth.
	vi. Verification of address of natural persons may be deferred until additional financial services are requested by the customer or transactional activity rise above the thresholds.
	vii. Screen names of all individuals and the name of business against lists of designated persons.
	viii. Risk based transaction monitoring controls must be implemented to ensure that the prescribed limits are not breached and; that transactions match the initial low risk profile and if not, to prompt a review of the customer risk rating.
	 ix. Full CDD must be carried out in the following instances and in respect of (a) or (b), the bank should consider whether the customer continues to qualify for the basic banking account: a. the customer crosses the established thresholds; b. the customer wishes to access additional financial services; or
	c. where there is suspicion of money laundering or terrorist financing.



Amount / Threshold / Functionality Limitation	Customer Identification Requirement
	x. In accordance with Regulation 11(5), where satisfactory customer due diligence information cannot be obtained, licensees must determine whether to continue with the relationship and the Compliance Officer shall determine whether a suspicious transaction or activity report should be filed with the FIUTT.