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INSURANCE ACT

CHAPTER 84:01

Act 6 of 1980 Amended by 180/1983 3 of 1994 202/1996 35 of 1998 39 of 2000 *15 of 2004 32/2006 22 of 2007 3 of 2009

* See Note on page 2

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The Insurance (Assignments and Mortgages of Policies) Regulations 1968 (GN 103/1968) (which was re-Gazetted as GN 162/1968) made under the Insurance Act, 1980 (Act No. 6 of 1980) (repealed by this Act) and preserved under section 215 of Act No. 6 of 1980 have been omitted.

Note on Act No. 15 of 2004

See section 141 of Act No. 15 of 2004 for transitional provisions and indemnification of the former Supervisor of Insurance for exercising his duty under subsection (1)(c) of the said Act No. 15 of 2004.

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INSURANCE ACT

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6 of 1980.	regulation related f	vise and consolidate the la on of insurance business an o or connected with such on of privately administered	d for other purposes business and for the
Commencement. [125/1982].		[1st November 1982]
Short title.	1. This <i>A</i>	Act may be cited as the Insura	ance Act.
Application of Act. [35 of 1998].		his Act applies to— a) all companies, whether of Trinidad and Tobago, whic and Tobago insurance bus	ch carry on in Trinidad
First Schedule.	(1	 the classes specified in the privately administered whether administered by by trust corporations. 	e First Schedule; pension fund plans
	liabilities und business of th had they been this Act shall a association of be required to	or the purposes of this Ac er insurance policies shall be e class to which the policies i issued by the reinsurer, and apply to such reinsurance save underwriters carrying on such make in respect thereof the on 29 or section 189.	e treated as insurance would have belonged I all the provisions of e that a company or an h reinsurance shall not
	• •	otwithstanding anything in a e of this Act an insurance bu ency.	2
		PRELIMINARY	
Interpretation. [15 of 2004 3 of 2009].	"actuary" me	n this Act— ans a Fellow by examinations in England, of the Faculty of	

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or of the Society of Actuaries in the United States of America or an actuary possessing such other qualifications as may from time to time be approved by the Central Bank;

"adjuster" means any person who for compensation, a fee, a commission or a salary investigates and negotiates settlement of claims arising under insurance contracts, solely on behalf of either the insurer or the insured, but does not include—

- (a) a salaried employee of an insurer while acting on behalf of such insurer in the adjustment of losses; or
- (b) an agent of an insurer;
- "admissible assets" means such assets as may from time to time be prescribed to be admissible assets;
- "agent" means any individual, firm or company appointed by an insurer to solicit applications for insurance or negotiate insurance business on its behalf and, where authorised to do so by the insurer, to effectuate and countersign insurance contracts, but does not include an individual who is an employee of the insurer;
- "annuity contract" includes a contract for an annuity at the accumulation stage or the payout stage which is sold or issued to individuals only;
- "approved securities" means such securities as may from time to time be prescribed to be approved securities;
- "assets" does not include goodwill;
- "assignment" in relation to a policy, does not include a surrender of the policy to the company liable under the policy;
- "association of underwriters" means an association of individual underwriters organised according to the system known as Lloyd's whereby every underwriting member of a syndicate becomes liable for a separate part of the sum secured by each policy subscribed to by that syndicate limited or proportionate to the whole sum thereby secured;
- "Board" means the Board of Directors of the Central Bank as constituted and appointed under sections 5 and 7, respectively, of the Central Bank Act;

Ch. 79:02.

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"broker" means any individual who or any firm or company which for compensation as an independent contractor in any manner solicits, negotiates or procures insurance or the renewal or continuance thereof on behalf of existing or prospective policyholders;

"carrying on insurance business" includes the receipt of proposals for or the issuing of policies of insurance in Trinidad and Tobago or the collection or receipt in Trinidad and Tobago of renewal premiums on policies issued in Trinidad and Tobago by an insurer or through an agent or as an agent but does not include—

- (a) the collection or receipt in Trinidad and Tobago of renewal premiums under a policy issued outside of Trinidad and Tobago to a person who is temporarily resident in Trinidad and Tobago but at the date of issue of the policy was resident outside of that country; or
- (b) the making of payments due under any such policy;
- "Central Bank" or "Bank" means the Central Bank of Trinidad and Tobago established under section 3 of the Central Bank Act;

"chief executive officer" means a person employed by an insurance company, who either alone or jointly is, subject to any directions of the directors of the company, responsible for the conduct of all the insurance business of the company;

- "class" means any class of insurance business specified in the First Schedule;
- "company" means a body corporate which carries on or proposes to carry on insurance business in Trinidad and Tobago;
- "controller" means a director or a chief executive officer of a company or any person who is entitled to control at least one-third of the voting power at any general meeting of the company; a controller of a company which has an insurance company as a subsidiary shall be deemed to be a controller of the insurance company;

"Court" means a Court of competent jurisdiction;

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Ch. 79:02.

First Schedule.

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"financial year" in relation to exceeding twelve months the accounts of the insure	at the end of w	1		
"foreign company" means a outside of Trinidad and T		ch is incorporated		
"general insurance business" class other than long-term		•		
"Governor" means the Gover pursuant to section 7 of t		11	Ch. 79:02.	
"industrial policy" means a premiums are contracted two months and are cont collectors and includes—	to be paid at in racted to be rec	tervals of less than		
(a) a policy whi policy; and	ch at any time	was an industrial		
be an ordina	ary policy gran licy or of a po	policy expressed to ted in lieu of an licy referred to in		
"Inspector" means the Insp appointed pursuant to Institutions Act;	-		Ch. 79:09.	
"insurance business" means the issue of or the undertake make good or indemnify damage including line compensation continger specified event in the cur been paid, but does not in	ing of liability y the insured a ability to pa ent upon the rrency in which	under policies to gainst any loss or ay damages or happening of a		
	ty or a trade uni	efits provided by a on for its members		
(b) business in r superannuation to employees	elation to a sch on benefits, pen or their depend	neme under which sions or payments ents on retirement, ed by an employer,		

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	or his employees, or by both, wholly through an organisation established solely for those purposes by the employer or his employees, or by both; "insurer" means a company registered to carry on insurance business in Trinidad and Tobago and includes an underwriter and an association of underwriters, but does not include an insurance agent as such nor, where an insurance agent is also an insurer, it does not refer to that part of his business done as an insurance agent;
Ch. 81:01.	"local company" means a company incorporated under the Companies Act or any other written law;
	"long-term insurance business" includes insurance business of all or any of the following classes:(a) ordinary long-term insurance business;
	(b) industrial life insurance business; and(c) in relation to any company, insurance business
	carried out by the company as incidental only to either of the classes of business referred to in paragraphs (<i>a</i>) and (<i>b</i>);
	"Minister" means the Minister to whom responsibility for the subject of Finance is assigned;
	"mutual company" means a company whose capital is owned by the policyholders of the company;
	"officer" includes the manager, secretary, treasurer, actuary or any other person designated as an officer of a company by its Articles of Association, its Bye-laws or any Rules regulating its operation;
	"paid-up policy" means a policy under which no future premiums are required;
	"policy" means any written contract of insurance whether contained in one or more documents and includes annuity contracts;
	"policyholder" means the person who for the time being has the legal title to the policy and includes any person to whom a policy is for the time being assigned;

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"policy in Trinidad and To	bago" means in r	relation to—	
(<i>a</i>) long-term effected b upon the	insurance busine y a company reg	ess, a policy issued or istered under this Act n for the time being	
effected	by a company r 1 property situat	ss, a policy issued or egistered under this ted in Trinidad and	
issued or under this policy are	effected by a s Act where the	ce business, a policy company registered risks covered by the ated in Trinidad and icy was issued;	
"principal representative" company pursuant to	1 .	ppointed by a foreign	
"registrant" means a comp of this Act;	pany registered p	ursuant to section 16	
"salesman" means an indivi to solicit applications on behalf of the insure	for insurance o	r negotiate insurance	
"statutory fund" in relation maintained by the con	1 *		
"superannuation allowance retirement;	es" includes paym	ent of a lump sum on	
"Trinidad and Tobago pol the time being of a po		e	
"underwriter" includes any pay or contribute tow by the policy.			
(2) For the purpo treated as carrying on insu	rance business in		

treated as carrying on insurance business in Trinidad and Tobago if the only reason for so treating the person is the fact that the risk covered by a policy of insurance issued by such person is situated in Trinidad and Tobago.

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PART I

ADMINISTRATION

4. (1) With effect from the commencement of the Insurance (Amendment) Act, 2004, the Central Bank shall be charged with the administration of this Act.

(2) The Central Bank may, whenever it considers it necessary, cause arrangements to be made for the services of an actuary or any other competent person to be made available for the purpose of advising the Bank on matters arising under this Act.

Powers and duties of Inspector. [15 of 2004]. **5.** (1) With effect from the commencement of the Insurance (Amendment) Act, 2004, the Inspector shall have the powers and duties conferred on him by this Act.

(2) The Inspector may, by instrument in writing, delegate to any person whom he sees fit, all or any of his powers or duties under this Act except the power conferred on him by this subsection.

Central Bank may appoint staff. [15 of 2004].

Central Bank may delegate powers or duties. [15 of 2004]. **5A.** The Central Bank may appoint, upon such terms and conditions as it may think fit, such persons as may be considered necessary to assist the Inspector in the performance of his duties.

6. (1) The Central Bank may by instrument in writing, delegate to any person whom it sees fit, all or any of its powers or duties under this Act except the power conferred on it by this section.

- (2) A delegation under subsection (1)-
 - (*a*) shall be revocable at will and shall not preclude the Central Bank from exercising the power or performing the duty which has been delegated;
 - (b) may be made subject to a power of review and alteration, within such period as may be specified in the instrument of delegation, by the Central Bank of any act done in pursuance of the delegation.

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Central Bank to administer

[15 of 2004].

Act.

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6A. Notwithstanding any other written law, the Central Information Bank or a person authorised in writing by the Central Bank [3 of 2009]. may disclose -

- (a) any information regarding the business or affairs of a registrant or any of its affiliates; or
- (b) any information regarding a policyholder or other person dealing with a registrant,

that is obtained in the official course of duties, to any local or foreign regulatory agency or body that regulates financial entities, for purposes related to that regulation.

7. (1) The Central Bank shall, within three months after Reports and the thirty-first day of December in each year, furnish to the information. Minister for laying before Parliament-

- (a) a report on the working of this Act during the year; and
- (b) printed copies of summaries of the documents lodged with him under sections 56, 60, 113, 184, 185 and 191 during that year.

(2) The Bank may attach to any printed copies of summaries furnished pursuant to subsection (1)(b) such comments on the document as the Bank thinks necessary, together with a copy of any correspondence relating to the document.

(3) The Minister shall, as soon as possible after receiving the report of the Bank and the printed copies of summaries, cause a copy of the report and the printed copies of summaries to be laid before Parliament.

(4) The Governor shall keep the Minister informed of developments and activities, in Trinidad and Tobago which affect insurance business.

8. (1) Subject to subsection (2), where in relation to a Inspector policy, a dispute or difference arises between a company and a as arbitrator, as arbitrator. policyholder, the Inspector may upon the written request of either party act as arbitrator of the dispute or difference.

may act [15 of 2004].

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other [15 of 2004].

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(2) An arbitration under this section shall be conducted in accordance with the Arbitration Act. Ch. 5:01.

Central Bank to maintain registers. [15 of 2004].

9. The Central Bank shall maintain such registers as may be required or authorised to be maintained under this Act or the Regulations and in particular shall maintain separate registers of-

- (a) companies which are registered to carry on the various classes of insurance business in Trinidad and Tobago;
- (b) privately administered pension fund plans; and
- (c) associations of underwriters.

PART II

REGISTRATION

Non-application of Part.

10. This Part does not apply to a privately administered pension fund plan or to an association of underwriters.

11. (1) Subject to this Act, no person may carry on insurance business in Trinidad and Tobago unless that person is-

- (a) a company within the meaning of the Companies Act or any other written law; or
- (b) a company incorporated outside of Trinidad and Tobago which has an established place of business in Trinidad and Tobago.

(2) A company referred to in subsection (1) shall not carry on insurance business of any of the classes specified in the First Schedule as insurer unless it is registered by the Central Bank in respect of that class of business.

(2A) Subsection (2) shall not apply to a company registered under this Act to carry on insurance business in Trinidad and Tobago immediately before the 25th May 2004.

> (3) (4) \langle (Repealed by Act No. 15 of 2004). (5)

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Restriction on carrying on insurance business. [15 of 2004]. Ch. 81:01.

First Schedule.

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(6) A company which contravenes the provisions of this section is liable on summary conviction to a fine of ten thousand dollars and in the case of a continuing offence to a further fine of one thousand dollars for each day on which the offence is continued after conviction therefor.

12. (1) A local company which is carrying on insurance Restriction on business in Trinidad and Tobago shall not-

- (a) transact insurance business in Trinidad and unregistered Tobago with an unregistered insurer;
- (b) employ an unregistered broker for the broker or transaction of insurance business in Trinidad approval of the and Tobago; or
- (c) carry on insurance business outside of Trinidad and Tobago without the prior approval of the Central bank.

(2) For the purposes of subsection (1)(c), the transaction of insurance business does not include the ceding of insurance business to reinsurers outside of Trinidad and Tobago.

(3) (Repealed by Act No. 15 of 2004).

(4) A company which contravenes the provisions of subsection (1) is liable on summary conviction to a fine of five thousand dollars.

13. (1) Subject to this Act, no company may be registered to Share capital carry on ordinary long-term insurance business unless it has a registration. paid-up share capital of not less than three million dollars, such capital to be fully paid-up in cash, or in the case of a mutual company unless it has uncommitted reserves of at least three million dollars.

(2) A company which immediately before the commencement of this Act is registered to carry on ordinary long-term insurance business shall within two years of the commencement of this Act increase its paid-up share capital to not less than three million dollars or, in the case of a mutual company increase its uncommitted reserves to at least three million dollars.

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carrying on insurance business with insurer or unregistered without prior Central Bank.

[15 of 2004].

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), a company which is carrying on both ordinary long-term and industrial life insurance business shall be required to have a paid-up share capital of at least three million dollars, such capital to be fully paid-up in cash, or in the case of a mutual company, uncommitted reserves of at least three million dollars.

(4) No company may be registered to carry on any class of insurance business other than ordinary long-term insurance business, unless it has a paid-up share capital of not less than one million dollars, such capital to be fully paid-up in cash, or in the case of a mutual company unless it has uncommitted reserves of at least one million dollars.

(5) A company which immediately before the commencement of this Act is registered to carry on any class of insurance business, other than ordinary long-term insurance business, shall within two years of the commencement of this Act increase its paid-up share capital to not less than one million dollars, or in the case of a mutual company increase its uncommitted reserves to one million dollars.

(6) The provisions of subsections (1), (3) and (4) shall not apply for a period of two years after the commencement of this Act to any company which was registered to carry on any class of insurance business immediately before the commencement of this Act in relation to such class of insurance business.

Application for registration. [15 of 2004]. **14.** (1) With effect from the 25th May 2004, a company may apply to the Central Bank for registration under this Act to carry on insurance business.

(2) An application shall be made in the prescribed form, shall be signed by a director in the case of a local company and by its principal representative in the case of a foreign company and shall specify—

- (a) the situation of the head office of the company;
- (b) the names of the directors and of the auditors and in the case of a foreign company the names and addresses of its principal representatives;

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	 (c) the name of the actuary of case of a company seeking on long-term insurance busi (d) the countries outside of Tr if any, in which the co insurance business; and 	registration to carry ness; inidad and Tobago, mpany carries on	
	(e) the class of insurance b company is carrying on or p		
(3)	An application shall be accompa	anied by—	
	(<i>a</i>) a copy of the instrument established or any other duly certified pr	<i>e</i> 1 <i>1</i>	
	(b) a copy of the Memorandum	1 1	
	(c) a copy of the Articles of A Rules of the company;	Association or other	
	(d) a copy of the latest revenue a sheet of the company prep with the prescribed forms latest actuarial valuation rep position of the company;	pared in accordance and a copy of the	
	(e) details of any reinsurance respect of each class of which the company propose	insurance business	
	(f) except in the case of a co- insurance business immer commencement of this A projections of revenue and period of at least three years, prepared by an actuary in the carrying on long-term insura	ompany carrying on diately before the ct, a statement of l expenditure for a such statement to be e case of a company	
	(g) a statement showing its nom paid-up capital and the am paid-up in cash in the case of has shareholders;	nount of the capital	
	(h) a copy of the premium rate	book in use or to be	

(h) a copy of the premium rate book in use or to be used by the company in Trinidad and Tobago, in the case of a company carrying on or proposing to carry on long-term insurance business;

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- (i) specimens of the various standard forms of proposals and policies to be used and issued in Trinidad and Tobago;
- (*j*) such further information as the Central Bank considers necessary for the purpose of determining whether or not the company is capable of complying with the requirements of this Act.

15. (1) (*Repealed by Act No. 15 of 2004*).

Application for registration by companies carrying on insurance business before commencement of this Act. [15 of 2004].

(2) The Central Bank shall, where it is satisfied that all the requirements of this Act governing registration have been complied with, register the company as soon as practicable after receiving the application.

(3) Where the Central Bank is not satisfied that the requirements referred to in subsection (2) have been complied with the Bank may grant to the company temporary registration for a period not exceeding twelve months.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (3), the Minister may, on the recommendation of the Central Bank and where he is satisfied that the interest of Trinidad and Tobago policyholders so requires, by Order extend the periods specified in that subsection to such period as may be specified in the Order.

(5) A company which has not been registered under this Act shall, so long as it continues to be under liability to Trinidad and Tobago policyholders, comply with the provisions of sections 29 and 37 and such other provisions of this Act as may be applicable to it.

Registration of company. [15 of 2004].

16. Subject to section 17, a company shall be registered where the Central Bank is satisfied—

- (a) that the application for registration is made in accordance with the provisions of this Act; and
- (b) that the company—
 - (i) is registrable under section 13; and
 - (ii) is likely to be able to comply with such provisions of this Act as are applicable to it.

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17. (1) A company shall not be registered in respect of any class Central Bank of insurance business unless the Central Bank is satisfied that-

may refuse to register

- (a) the company has made in respect of that class of $\frac{company.}{[15 \text{ of } 2004]}$. insurance business the deposit required to be made under section 29;
- (b) the company has made adequate arrangements for the reinsurance of that class of insurance business or that there is no justification for making such arrangements;
- (c) the managing director or controller of the company is a fit and proper person to manage it or to be a controller thereof:
- (d) in the case of a company which is carrying on or proposes to carry on some other form of business in addition to insurance business, the carrying on of that other form of business is not or would not be contrary to public interest;
- (e) in the case of a foreign company it has appointed a person resident in Trinidad and Tobago to be its principal representative in the country and has informed the Central Bank of the name and address of that person;
- (f) having regard to the knowledge and competence of its manager and other officers, the company is, in relation to that class of insurance business, capable of carrying on such business efficiently; and
- (g) that the policy and practice of the company in dealing with claims are conducive to the efficient and speedy settlement thereof.

(2) A company which applies for registration to carry on general insurance business shall not be registered to carry on such business unless, in addition to complying with the requirements of subsection (1), it satisfies the Central Bank that the value of its admissible assets exceeds the amount of its liabilities by at least two hundred and fifty thousand dollars or

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twenty per cent of its general premium income net of reinsurance premiums computed as at the end of its last financial year, whichever amount is the greater.

(3) Information regarding the knowledge and competence of the manager and other officers of the company shall be submitted to the Central Bank in such form as may from time to time be prescribed.

18. Service of any notice, writ, summons or other document on the principal representative of a foreign company shall be deemed to be service on the company of the notice, writ, summons or other document.

19. (1) No insurance company may appoint a person as its chief executive officer unless—

- (a) the company has served on the Central Bank a written notice—
 - (i) stating that it proposes to appoint the person to that position; and
 - (ii) containing such particulars as may be prescribed; and
- (b) the Central Bank has—
 - (i) notified the company in writing that there is no objection to the appointment; or
 - (ii) failed to serve on the company a written notice of objection within one month from the date on which the company's notice was served on the Bank.

(2) A notice served under subsection (1)(a) shall contain a statement signed by the person whom the company proposes to appoint (hereinafter referred to as the "proposed appointee") to the effect that it is served with his knowledge and consent.

(3) Subject to subsections (4) and (5), the Central Bank may serve a notice of objection on a company where it appears to the Bank that the proposed appointee is not a fit and proper person to be appointed to such a position.

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Conditions precedent to appointment of managing director or chief executive officer. [15 of 2004].

Mode of execution of

company.

documents on foreign

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(4) The Central Bank shall, before serving a notice of objection on a company, serve on the company and on the proposed appointee a preliminary notice stating that-

- (a) the Bank is considering the service on the company of a notice of objection on the ground that it appears to the Bank that the proposed appointee is not a fit and proper person to be appointed to such a position; and
- (b) the company and the proposed appointee may, within seven days from the date on which the preliminary notice was served, make representations in writing to the Central Bank.

(5) The Central Bank shall, before serving a notice of objection, consider any representations made under subsection (4)(b).

20. (1) No person may become a controller of an insurance Condition company, except by virtue of an appointment in relation to which becoming a section 19 applies, unless-

controller. [15 of 2004].

- (a) he has served on the Central Bank a written notice-
 - (i) stating that he intends to become a controller of the company; and
 - (ii) containing such particulars as may be prescribed; and
- (b) the Central Bank has—
 - (i) notified him in writing that there is no objection to his becoming a controller of the company; or
 - (ii) failed to serve on him a written notice of objection within a period of three months from the date on which the notice referred to in paragraph (a) was served on the Central Bank.

(2) The provisions of subsections (3), (4) and (5) of section 19 shall, with the necessary adaptations, apply to this section.

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Central Bank to be notified of appointment, etc. [15 of 2004]. **21.** Where a person is appointed, becomes or ceases to be chief executive officer or controller of a company, the company shall before the expiration of fourteen days beginning with the day next following that on which the person has been appointed, becomes or ceases to be its chief executive officer or controller, give written notice of such fact to the Central Bank.

Certificate of registration. [15 of 2004]. **22.** (1) The Central Bank shall issue to every company registered under this Act a certificate to the effect that the company has been so registered.

- (2) A certificate issued under subsection (1) shall—
 - (a) specify the class of insurance business in respect of which the company is registered;
 - (b) be subject to such conditions as the Central Bank may consider necessary to impose; and
 - (c) be *prima facie* evidence that the company named in the certificate has been registered under this Act.

Company to notify Central Bank of this Act there is any change—

- (*a*) in the particulars specified in the application of the company;
- (b) in the particulars of the documents required under section 14(3)(a) to (e) and (g) to (i) to accompany the application; or
- (c) in any further information which the company is required to furnish under section 14(3)(j),

the company shall, within thirty days of such change, notify the Central Bank in writing of the change.

24. (1) Every company registered under this Act to carry on any class of insurance business shall, at least one month prior to the date of the issue of a new form of policy or of the use of a standard form of endorsement or of a form of application for a policy, furnish the Central Bank with a copy of the standard form of policy or of the standard form of endorsement or of endorsement or of the form of application.

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Company to notify Central Bank of any change in particulars specified in the company's application. [15 of 2004].

Duty of company to furnish Central Bank with copy of form of policy, form of endorsement or form of application. [15 of 2004].

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(2) The Central Bank may prohibit a company from issuing or using a new form of policy, a standard form of endorsement or a form of application for a policy the issue or use of which, in the opinion of the Bank, is fraudulent, unjust or not in the public interest.

(3) A company which continues to issue or use a form of policy, a standard form of endorsement or a form of application for a policy the issue or use of which is prohibited by the Central Bank under subsection (2) is guilty of an offence.

25. (1) A company which ceases to carry on insurance Cancellation business of a class in respect of which it is registered under this ^{of registration.} [15 of 2004]. Act shall immediately notify the Central Bank in writing to this effect and on being so notified the Board shall subject to subsection (4) cancel the registration of the company in respect of that class.

(2) Where a company is registered under this Act and the Board reasonably believes that the company has not carried on insurance business within a year of its registration or for a period of more than one year the Board may serve on the company a notice requiring it to satisfy the Board, within one month after the date of service of the notice, that it is carrying on insurance business in Trinidad and Tobago.

(3) The Board may cancel the registration of a company on which a notice is served under subsection (2) where the company does not, within the time specified in that subsection, satisfy the Board that it is carrying on insurance business in Trinidad and Tobago.

(4) The Board shall not cancel the registration of a company in respect of any particular class of insurance business so long as the company is under liability to Trinidad and Tobago policyholders whose policies belong to that class unless the Board is satisfied that –

> (a) reasonable provision has been or is being made to meet that liability; and

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	(b)) adequate arrangements have been or are being made for payment in Trinidad and Tobago of premiums and claims on those policies.
	(5) Th company where	e Board may cancel the registration of a e-
) the Bank is satisfied that the company obtained registration as a result of any misleading or false representation;
	(b)) the Bank is satisfied that there is unreasonable delay in the settlement of claims payable under policies issued by it;
	(<i>c</i>)) one month has elapsed since the date before which the company was required under this Act to furnish information to the Bank and the company has, without reasonable excuse, failed to furnish the information or failed to do so in the manner specified in this Act;
	(d)) the company is insolvent within the meaning of section 77;
	(e)) any of the reinsurance arrangements of the company is not satisfactory; or
	(f.) a final judgment obtained against the company in any Court and from which no appeal is pending remains unsatisfied for at least two months.
	(6) Th is cancelled—	e Board shall, when the registration of a company
	(a)) give notice of cancellation to the company; and) require the company to deliver its certificate of registration to the Board within twenty-eight days of the cancellation or such shorter period as may be specified in the notice.
Reasons for	26. Where	in accordance with this Act—
refusal or cancellation. [15 of 2004].) the Central Bank refuses to register a company; or) the Board cancels the registration of a company,
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the Bank or the Board as the case may require shall, within fourteen days of the refusal or cancellation, notify the company in writing of its reasons for so doing.

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27. (1) Where the registration of a company is cancelled in Effect of respect of any class of insurance business, the company shall not, ^{cancellation} of registration. after the date on which it was notified of the cancellation, enter into any new contract of insurance falling within that class.

(2) For the purposes of subsection (1) a company shall be treated as having entered into a new contract of insurance where a contract of insurance entered into prior to the date of the notification under section 26 is renewed or varied after that date.

(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed as relieving an insurance company the registration of which has been cancelled from the obligation to maintain the deposit required to be made under section 29 and the statutory fund required to be maintained under section 37.

(4) A company which contravenes the provisions of subsection (1) is guilty of an offence.

- **28.** (1) A company which is aggrieved by the decision—
 - (a) of the Bank to refuse to register it; or (b) of the Board to cancel its registration,

may appeal against that decision in the manner specified in section 205.

(2) On appeal the Court of Appeal or a Judge in Chambers, as the case may be, may confirm or reverse the decision of the Bank or the Board.

29. (1) A company may not be registered under this Act to Amount and form of carry on and may not carry on any class of insurance business deposits. unless it has made the appropriate deposit prescribed in this section. [15 of 2004].

(2) A foreign company which intends to carry on longterm insurance business in Trinidad and Tobago shall deposit with the Central Bank the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

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Appeals. [15 of 2004].

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(3) A company which intends to carry on motor vehicle insurance business shall deposit with the Central Bank the sum of two hundred and fifty thousand dollars or an amount equivalent to forty per cent of the premium income net of reinsurance premiums of the company with respect to Trinidad and Tobago motor insurance business during the financial year last preceding the date of the deposit, whichever amount is the greater.

(4) A company which intends to carry on insurance business other than long-term or motor vehicle insurance business shall deposit with the Central Bank the sum of one hundred thousand dollars or an amount equivalent to forty per cent of its premium income net of reinsurance with respect to Trinidad and Tobago insurance business, other than long-term insurance business or motor vehicle insurance business, during the financial year last preceding the date of the deposit, whichever amount is the greater.

(5) At the end of each subsequent financial year a company which made the deposit required to be made under subsection (3) or (4) shall where necessary deposit or be refunded an amount equal to the difference between the last preceding deposit and forty per cent of the relevant premium income during such financial year, but a company shall not at any time have a deposit with the Central Bank of less than two hundred and fifty thousand dollars with respect to motor vehicle insurance business or one hundred thousand dollars with respect to insurance business.

(6) A deposit made under this section may be in the form of cash or in the form of approved securities or partly in the form of cash and partly in the form of approved securities.

Deposits to form part of assets. [15 of 2004]. **30.** (1) All deposits made by a company pursuant to this Act shall be deemed to form part of the assets of the company.

(2) All interest and dividends accruing due on any approved securities deposited under section 29 shall be paid to the company.

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(3) A deposit made under section 29 in respect of any class of insurance business shall be retained by the Central Bank until the company ceases to be registered in respect of that class of insurance business or the deposit is required in the winding up of the company.

(4) Where a company ceases to be registered the deposit or part of it may be further retained for the purpose of and in accordance with any provision for settling liabilities in respect of policies as required by section 25(4).

31. (1) A company may apply in writing to the Central Bank Application for for a release of its deposit.

a release of deposit. [15 of 2004].

(2) On making an application under subsection (1) the company shall-

- (a) file with the Central Bank a list of Trinidad and Tobago policyholders whose risks have not been provided for and who have not surrendered their policies;
- (b) publish at least once a week for twelve consecutive weeks in the Gazette and in at least one daily newspaper circulating in Trinidad and Tobago a notice-
 - (i) of its intention to apply to the Central Bank for the release of its deposit on a date specified in the notice being a day not less than four months after the date of the publication of the first notice; and
 - (ii) requesting any policyholder who is opposed to the release of the deposit to file his opposition with the Central Bank on or before the date specified in the notice.

(3) After the date specified in the notice published pursuant to subsection (2), the Central Bank, where the Bank is satisfied on reasonable grounds that the deposit retained by the

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Bank is substantially in excess of the requirements of this Act in respect of continuing policyholders-

- (a) may release to the company such portion of the excess as the Bank considers proper in the circumstances:
- (b) shall continue to hold the remainder of the deposit for the protection of continuing policyholders in the manner provided by this Act; and
- (c) shall as continuing policies lapse or where proof is adduced that they have been satisfied, release, from time to time, further amounts from the deposit retained by the Bank.

32. (1) Notwithstanding sections 30 and 31, where a company is in liquidation, the deposit made by the company under section 29 shall on the order of any Court having jurisdiction under this Act or the Companies Act, be released by the Central Bank to the liquidator.

(2) Where pursuant to section 25 the registration of a company is cancelled because it has not carried on insurance business for either of the periods specified in subsection (2) of that section, the Central Bank shall refund and deliver to the company any moneys or approved securities, or both, deposited by it under section 29.

33. The Central Bank shall, where a company so demands, furnish it with a certificate in writing setting out the nature and extent of any deposit held by the Central Bank under this Act in respect of the company together with particulars of any approved securities forming the whole or part of the deposit.

34. (1) Where the Central Bank is satisfied that by reason of depreciation in the value of securities or for any other cause, the value of approved securities deposited by a company under section 29 falls short of the value required by this Act, the Bank shall by notice in writing require the company to deposit with the Bank, money or approved securities or both, to a value which the Bank considers sufficient to bring the amount of the deposit up to the value required by this Act.

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Central Bank may release deposit to liquidator or refund deposit to company. [15 of 2004]. Ch. 81:01.

Central Bank to furnish certificate of deposit. [15 of 2004]

Increase of deposit on depreciation of securities [15 of 2004].

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(2) A company which fails to deposit with the Central Bank, moneys or approved securities or both, when required to do so by notice under subsection (1), is guilty of an offence and the Board may, where it considers it necessary in the interest of policyholders, cancel the registration of the company.

35. Where any moneys or approved securities, or both, retained by Responsibility the Central Bank as, or as part of the deposit required to be made by a company under section 29 are, while so retained, lost, stolen, destroyed or damaged, the injury or loss suffered by all persons interested in the moneys or the approved securities shall be remedied by the payment of moneys appropriated by Parliament for that purpose.

36. A company may at any time substitute for any moneys or Substitution approved securities retained by the Central Bank as, or as part of ^{of deposit.} [15 of 2004]. the deposit required to be made under section 29, any other moneys or approved securities where the total amount then deposited is not less than the amount required to be deposited under this Act; the moneys or approved securities so substituted shall be subject to the same charge or liability as the moneys or approved securities for which they were substituted.

STATUTORY FUNDS

37. (1) Every company registered under this Act to carry on Establishment long-term insurance business or motor vehicle insurance fund. business, or both, shall establish and maintain a statutory fund in respect of each such class of business.

- (2) The statutory fund shall be established at the date—
 - (a) on which the company commences to carry on either class of business referred to in subsection (1); or
 - (b) of the commencement of its financial year next after the commencement of this Act,

whichever is the later date.

(3) The fund referred to in subsection (1) shall be established and maintained—

> (a) in the manner set out in subsections (4), (5) and (6); and

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for lost securities. [15 of 2004].

of statutory [3 of 2009].

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(b) under an appropriate name in respect of each class

of insurance business referred to in subsection (1).

(4) Every company carrying on long-term insurance business in Trinidad and Tobago shall place in trust in Trinidad and Tobago assets equal to its liability and contingency reserves with respect to its Trinidad and Tobago policyholders as established by the balance sheet of the company as at the end of its last financial year.

(5) Every company carrying on the motor vehicle insurance business in Trinidad and Tobago shall place in trust in Trinidad and Tobago assets equal to its liability and reserves less the amount deposited on account of such business pursuant to this Act with respect to its Trinidad and Tobago policyholders as established by the revenue account of the company as at the end of its last financial year.

(6) Assets required to be placed in trust pursuant to subsections (4) and (5) shall be so placed not more than one month after the end of the financial year to which the balance sheet or the revenue account, as the case may be, of the company relates.

(7) In addition to the requirements set out in subsection (6), every company registered to carry on long-term insurance business or motor vehicle insurance business, or both, shall place in trust in Trinidad and Tobago assets in the statutory fund-

- (a) where the company carries on long-term insurance business, assets equal to its liability and contingency reserves; and
- (b) where the company carries on motor vehicle insurance business, assets equal to its liability and reserves less the amount deposited on account of such business,

with respect to its Trinidad and Tobago policyholders as established by the quarterly returns required to be submitted under section 61A, within seven days after the submission of such quarterly returns.

Restriction on use of assets representing statutory funds.

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38. (1) Subject to subsections (2) and (3) the assets representing each statutory fund of a company shall not be applied

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directly or indirectly to any class of business other than that in respect of which the fund was established and is being maintained.

(2) Where the value of the assets mentioned in subsection (1) is shown on an actuarial investigation made under this Act to exceed the amount of the liabilities attributable to the class of insurance business referred to in section 37, the restriction imposed by subsection (1) shall not, subject to section 116, apply to so much of those assets as represents the excess.

(3) Nothing in subsection (1) shall be construed as precluding an insurance company from exchanging, at fair market value, assets representing each statutory fund for other assets of the company.

(4) The provisions of subsection (1) shall apply notwithstanding any arrangements for the subsequent repayment to the fund of any money out of the receipts of any other class of insurance business.

(5) Any mortgage or charge (including a charge imposed by a Court on the application of a judgment creditor) shall be void to the extent to which it contravenes the provisions of subsection (1).

(6) No insurance company carrying on long-term insurance business or motor vehicle insurance business and no company of which any such insurance company is a subsidiary, shall declare a dividend at any time when the value of the assets representing each fund established and maintained by the Company as determined in such manner as may be prescribed, is less than the amount of the liabilities attributable to such business.

(7) A company carrying on more than one class of insurance business in respect of which it is required to establish and maintain a statutory fund shall keep such books of accounts and other records as are necessary for the purpose of identifying—

- (a) the assets representing each statutory fund; and
- (b) the liabilities attributable to each class of insurance business.

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Method of creating trust. [15 of 2004].

39. (1) A trust referred to in subsections (4) and (5) of section 37 shall be created by trust Deed the contents and the trustees of which shall be approved by the Central Bank before the trust is created and the Deed shall be in such form as may be prescribed.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) the Central Bank may on such terms as the Bank thinks fit, allow the assets required to be held in trust in Trinidad and Tobago to be placed in trust outside of Trinidad and Tobago.

(3) The Central Bank may for the purposes of this section allow the assets required to be placed in trust to be held by a bank to the order of or on behalf of the Central Bank and such assets shall be deemed to be placed in trust and the bank shall be deemed to be a trustee.

Restriction on trustee dealing with assets. [15 of 2004].

40. (1) A trustee may not deal with any assets held in trust by him without the prior general or specific approval of the Central Bank.

(2) A trustee shall submit to the Central Bank in such form and at such times as may be prescribed, a list of the assets held in trust by him pursuant to section 39.

(3) A trustee who contravenes the provisions of subsection (1) shall be under the same liability as if the appropriate policyholders had been beneficiaries of the trust.

41. A company shall, within three months after the date on which it established its statutory fund and thereafter within six months of the expiration of each of its financial years, furnish to the Central Bank a statement in the prescribed form showing-

- (a) particulars of the liabilities of the company in respect of which the fund is established, as at the date of the establishment of the fund; and
- (b) particulars of the assets comprising the fund.
- **42.** (1) Where it appears to the Central Bank that—
 - (a) a statement furnished to the Bank under section 41 is in any respect unsatisfactory, incomplete, inaccurate, misleading or otherwise fails to comply with the requirement of that section; or

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Company to furnish particulars of liabilities and assets with respect to fund. [15 of 2004].

Inaccurate or misleading particulars. [15 of 2004].

(b) the value of the assets or of the assets included in a particular class as shown by the statement is insufficient or excessive.

the Bank may, after considering any explanation made by or on behalf of the company, give to the company such directions in writing as the Bank thinks necessary for the variation of the statement or for an increase or decrease in the value of the assets.

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(2) A company shall comply with any directions given to it by the Central Bank under subsection (1) within thirty days of receiving them.

43. Where the Central Bank requests a company to furnish Company to the Bank with such information as the Bank considers necessary for the purpose of exercising its powers under section 42, the information. company shall comply within thirty days of the request.

44. (1) A company aggrieved by a direction of the Central Appeal against direction by Bank under section 42 may appeal against that direction in the Central Bank. [15 of 2004]. manner specified in section 205.

(2) On an appeal the Court of Appeal or a Judge in Chambers, as the case may be, may confirm, reverse or vary the direction of the Central Bank.

45. The assets shown as assets of a particular statutory fund Assets in the in a statement furnished to the Central Bank pursuant to deemed to be section 41 or in any variation of such statement shall be deemed assets in to form part of the assets of that fund unless they more properly [15 of 2004]. form part of the assets of some other statutory fund.

46. (1) The assets of a statutory fund shall not be invested Investment of except in the assets and in such manner as specified in the Second Schedule. Second

(2) The Minister may, on the recommendation of the $\frac{110}{22}$ of $\frac{2007}{2007}$. Central Bank, by Order, amend the Second Schedule.

47. (1) Every company shall invest in assets in Trinidad and Local assets Tobago an amount equal to at least eighty per cent of the Trinidad [35 of 1998] 39 of 2000 and Tobago dollar liability in each statutory fund. 15 of 2004].

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statement

assets of statutory fund. Schedule. [15 of 2004

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furnish Čentral Bank with [15 of 2004].

(1A) Where the liability is payable in a foreign currency, the company shall invest in foreign assets an amount not exceeding eighty per cent of such foreign currency liability in each statutory fund.

(2) For the purposes of subsection (1), assets not exceeding ten per cent of the Trinidad and Tobago dollar liability in each statutory fund shall be deemed to be assets in Trinidad and Tobago where such assets—

- (a) are approved by the Central Bank; and
- (b) originate in any of the member States of the Caribbean Community.

(3) Where a company establishes and maintains a statutory fund in respect of long-term insurance business for the purpose of determining whether the company is complying with the provisions of subsection (1), policy loans shall be excluded from the assets and deducted from the liabilities of the company.

(4) For the purposes of this section—

"assets in Trinidad and Tobago" means assets which-

- (a) originate in Trinidad and Tobago;
- (b) are denominated in Trinidad and Tobago dollars; and
- (c) are physically held in Trinidad and Tobago;
- "Caribbean Community" means the Caribbean Community established by the Treaty done at Chaguaramas on the 4th day of July, 1973.

Prohibitions with respect to acquiring shares or lending funds.

- **48.** (1) A local company shall not after the commencement of this Act directly or indirectly—
 - (a) acquire or deal in its own shares or lend money or make advances on the security of its own shares;
 - (b) lend any of its funds to a director or an officer of the company or to the spouse or a child of a director or of an officer except on the security of the company's own policies; nor shall a company registered under this Act lend any of its funds to another company

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where more than one-third of the shares of that other company is owned either jointly or severally by a director or an officer of the company or by the spouse or a child of a director or of an officer or by any combination of such persons;

- (c) grant unsecured credit to any person, except for temporary cover which in the case of general insurance does not exceed forty-five days; and
- (d) pay any dividend on its shares until all its capitalised expenditure (including preliminary expenses, organisation expenses, share-selling commission and brokerage) not represented by tangible assets, has been completely written off.

(2) The provisions of subsection (1) shall apply to a foreign company in respect of such insurance business as the company is carrying on in Trinidad and Tobago.

be made in

49. (1) All investments and deposits of the funds of a local Investments to company shall be made in its corporate name and no director or corporate name. officer of the company and no member of a committee which can exercise any authority over the investment or disposition of the funds of the company shall-

- (a) either directly or indirectly be a beneficiary or accept any fee, brokerage, commission, gift or other consideration for or on account of any loan, deposit, purchase, sale, payment or exchange made by or on behalf of the company;
- (b) be pecuniarily interested in any purchase, sale or loan made by or on behalf of the company, whether as principal or agent and whether solely or jointly,

save that where the director, officer or member of the committee is a policyholder he is entitled to all the benefits accruing to him under the terms of his contract.

(2) Nothing in this section shall be construed as precluding a local company from making in the name of or

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transferring or assigning to another person or company the investments and deposits necessary to comply with the laws of any State or country where—

- (*a*) the local company transacts or is about to transact insurance business in that State or country; and
- (*b*) the laws of the state or country require that the investments and deposits shall be made in the name of or be transferred or assigned to any person or company other than the local company.

(3) In this section and in section 48 "funds" means all funds of a company.

CATASTROPHE RESERVE FUND

49A. (1) Every company registered under this Act to carry on property insurance business insuring against catastrophe risks may establish and maintain in respect of such risks a fund to be known as a catastrophe reserve fund.

(2) A company desirous of establishing a catastrophe reserve fund shall place the assets to establish the fund in the manner set out in section 39.

(3) A company under this section shall not withdraw any of the assets comprising its catastrophe reserve fund unless—

- (a) catastrophe losses have occurred and the ultimate net loss of the company is estimated to exceed ten per cent of its capital and free reserves, subject to a minimum of five hundred thousand dollars; or
- (b) the company ceases to write property insurance business and either a winding-up order has been made against the company or the company is no longer under liability under policies relating to property business relating to catastrophe risks.

(4) The provisions of sections 39 to 41 and 46 apply *mutatis mutandis* to a catastrophe reserve fund.

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Establishment of catastrophe reserve fund. [3 of 1994].

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(5) For the purposes of this section—

"catastrophe losses" means any losses arising from-

- (a) earthquake shock, fire following an earthquake or a flood caused by an earthquake;
- (b) hurricanes, cyclones, tornadoes, windstorms, including rain and flood accompanying or caused by those perils;

"catastrophe risks" means risks in respect of catastrophe losses;

"flood" includes an overflow of the sea:

- "free reserves" means the assets of a company which satisfy the Insurance (Admissible Assets and Valuation of Assets) Sub. Leg. Regulations, less liabilities, appropriated surplus, contingency reserves and other statutory reserves;
- "liability" includes expenses of litigation and other expenses of the company arising from a catastrophe loss, but does not include office expenses and salaries of company officials or its employees;

"recoveries" includes reinsurance recoveries;

"ultimate net loss" means the liability of a company arising out of a catastrophe loss after deducting an amount for salvages and recoveries.

ACCOUNTS, BALANCE SHEETS, RECORDS AND AUDIT

50. (1) Every company shall keep at its head office or at the Duty of office of its principal representative in Trinidad and Tobago, as keep books, the case may be, such books, vouchers, records, receipts and [15 of 2004]. other documents as may be necessary to enable it to prepare for transmission to the Central Bank, a statement of the insurance business carried on by it in Trinidad and Tobago.

(2) The statement referred to in subsection (1) shall be in such form as may be prescribed.

(3) The Inspector, members of staff of the Central Bank or any other person authorised in writing by the Central Bank may examine the books, vouchers, records, receipts and other documents

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relating to the insurance business carried on by a company in Trinidad and Tobago and the schedules or other documents relating to or forming part of such business in order to verify the accuracy of the statement transmitted to the Bank pursuant to subsection (1).

(4) In the exercise of the power conferred on him by subsection (3) the Inspector, members of his staff or any other person authorised by the Central Bank in writing to do so may enter the offices of a local company or of its agents or in the case of a foreign company the offices of its principal representative or of its agents.

(5) A company shall cause its books, vouchers, records, receipts, schedules and other documents to be readily available for examination and shall assist as far as possible in facilitating the examination.

Powers of Inspector. [3 of 2009]. **50A.** (1) The Inspector or any person authorised in writing by the Central Bank or any designated member of staff of the Central Bank may enter into the premises of any registrant to—

- (a) inspect any books, records, accounts, vouchers, minutes of meetings, securities and other documents, including documents stored in electronic form, pursuant to this Act and Regulations made hereunder and take any copies of the whole or part of any such record; or
- (b) determine whether there is compliance with this Act or any Regulations made hereunder.

(2) Where the Inspector or any person authorised by the Central Bank or any designated member of staff of the Central Bank is—

- (a) prevented from exercising the powers given to him under subsection (1);
- (b) required to exercise the powers outside of normal working hours; or
- (c) required to exercise the powers urgently,

he may apply for an *ex parte* Order of a Judge of the High Court, which shall constitute the warrant for the Inspector or any person authorised in writing by the Central Bank or any designated member of staff to enter into the premises of the registrant.

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51. (1) The Inspector may require any company registered Inspector may request under this Act or the director, manager, auditor, actuary or secretary information in thereof to furnish him within such time as he may specify, with order to ascertain ability such information as may be necessary to ascertain the ability of the of company to meet its company to meet its obligations under policies issued by it. obligations. [15 of 2004].

(2) A company or any director, manager, auditor, actuary or secretary thereof who without reasonable excuse fails to comply with the requirements of subsection (1) is guilty of an offence.

52. (1) Where on a perusal of the information furnished Inspector may pursuant to section 51(1) it appears to the Inspector—

- request appraisement of
- (a) that the value placed by the company on any real $\begin{bmatrix} real property. \\ [15 of 2004]. \end{bmatrix}$ property owned by it in Trinidad and Tobago is too great; or
- (b) that the property is not adequate security for any loan secured by mortgage on such property and the interest thereon,

he may request the company to have the real property appraised by a valuator approved by him and failing compliance with such request he may cause an appraisement of the real property to be done at the expense of the company.

(2) Where the appraised value of the real property of a company is substantially less than the value disclosed in the information furnished pursuant to section 51(1) the Inspector may, in order to ascertain the ability of the company to meet its obligations, substitute the appraised value for the value disclosed.

(3) Where the appraised value of the real property of a company is not adequate security for a loan secured by mortgage on such property and the interest thereon the Inspector may write-off from the loan and the interest a sum sufficient to reduce them to such amount as may be fairly realisable from the sale of the real property; but the reduced sum shall in no case exceed the appraised value of such property.

(4) A person who is aggrieved by a decision of the Inspector in the exercise of his power under subsections (2) and (3) may appeal against that decision in the manner specified in section 205.

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Apportionment of receipts and payments between insurance business and other business. **53.** Where a company is carrying on insurance business and other business and an amount received or paid by the company is not received or paid wholly in respect of that other business the company shall, for the purposes of section 50, apportion the amount in an equitable manner between the insurance business and the other business.

Apportionment of receipts and payments between various classes of insurance business. **54.** Where a company is carrying on more than one class of insurance business and an amount received or paid by the company is not received or paid wholly in respect of any one class of insurance business the company shall, for the purposes of section 50, apportion the amount in an equitable manner between the several classes of insurance business to which the receipt or payment may be applicable.

Certificate as to apportionment.

Accounts and balance sheets. **55.** Where there is an apportionment under sections 53 and 54 the auditors shall state in their report whether they are satisfied that the apportionment was made in an equitable manner.

56. (1) Subject to this section, every company shall at the expiration of each financial year prepare—

- (*a*) a revenue account for the year in respect of each class of insurance business carried on by it;
- (b) a profit and loss account for that year; and
- (c) a balance sheet as at the end of the year.

(2) Where a company is carrying on long-term insurance business, every balance sheet which it is required to prepare under subsection (1) shall bear a certificate signed by its actuary or the consulting actuary stating whether or not, in his opinion, the aggregate amount of the liabilities of the company in relation to its long-term insurance business at the end of its financial year exceeded the aggregate amount of the liabilities shown in the balance sheet of the company.

(3) Every revenue account, profit and loss account or balance sheet shall be prepared in such form as may be prescribed.

Audit. [15 of 2004]. **57.** (1) The accounts of every company shall be audited annually by its auditors, and every revenue account and balance

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sheet required to be prepared by the company under section 56(1)shall be accompanied by a report of the auditors addressed to the Central Bank, stating whether in their opinion-

- (a) the accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of this Act;
- (b) the revenue account and the profit and loss account present fairly the results of the company's operations for the financial period to which they relate;
- (c) the balance sheet presents fairly the state of the company's affairs at the end of the financial period to which it relates;
- (d) adequate records of account have been maintained by the company and are reasonably up to date;
- (e) the reserves relating to unexpired policies have been calculated in accordance with the provisions of section 168; and
- (f) the provisions regarding the settlement of outstanding claims are adequate, having regard to the latest estimated cost of settlement of such claims.

(2) The provisions of subsection (1)(e) and (f) shall apply only to a company carrying on general insurance business in Trinidad and Tobago.

(3) Where the auditors, for the purpose of exercising the powers conferred on them by subsection (1)—

- (a) are unable to obtain all the information they require; or
- (b) are not completely satisfied with the information contained in the accounts on which they are reporting,

they shall in their report specify the matters in respect of which they were unable to obtain or are not completely satisfied with such information.

58. Where a company treats any asset as having appreciated Appreciation or depreciated in value the company shall for the purposes of and depreciation of

assets.

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sections 53, 54, 55 and 56 regard the amount of the appreciation or depreciation as an item of income or expenditure as the case may be.

Restriction on appointment of auditor. [15 of 2004].

59. (1) No person may be appointed auditor of a company unless—

- (*a*) he is a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Trinidad and Tobago or such other professional association as may be prescribed;
- (b) the company has served on the Central Bank written notice of its intention to make such appointment; and
- (c) the Central Bank has failed to serve on the company a written notice of objection to the appointment within one month of the date on which the company served notice of the appointment on the Bank.

(2) In this section "person" includes a firm or a partnership.

DOCUMENTS TO BE FURNISHED TO THE CENTRAL BANK

Annual returns.

60. (1) A company shall, at the expiration of its financial year, prepare separate returns in respect of each class of insurance business carried on by it.

(2) The returns referred to in subsection (1) shall be in such form as may be prescribed.

Accounts, balance sheets, etc., to be signed and submitted. [15 of 2004]. **61.** (1) Every account, balance sheet, abstract, statement and return which a company is required by this Act to prepare shall be printed and shall be signed by a director and the Secretary of the company.

(2) Every account, balance sheet, abstract, statement or return, signed in accordance with subsection (1) and at least five printed copies of each of these documents, shall be submitted to the Central Bank—

(*a*) in the case of accounts, balance sheets and returns required to be prepared under sections 56

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and 60, within six months after the expiration of the financial year in respect of which they are prepared; and

(b) in the case of the abstracts, statements or reports required to be prepared under sections 113 and 185, within nine months after the date on which the investigation was made.

(3) In addition to the documents required to be submitted under subsection (2) a company incorporated outside of Trinidad and Tobago which is carrying on insurance business in Trinidad and Tobago is required to submit to the Central Bank two audited copies of the statements or accounts submitted to the supervising authority in the country of incorporation.

(4) The statements or accounts referred to in subsection(3) shall be submitted within six months after the expiration of the financial year in respect of which they are prepared.

(5) Every account and balance sheet submitted to the Central Bank in accordance with the provisions of this section shall be accompanied by a copy of any report on the business of the company submitted to the shareholders or the policyholders of the company in respect of the financial year to which the account or balance sheet relates.

(6) Where it appears to the Inspector that any account, balance sheet, abstract, statement or return lodged with the Central Bank by a company in accordance with this section—

- (*a*) is in any particular unsatisfactory, incomplete, incorrect or misleading; or
- (b) does not comply with the requirements of this Act,

he may, by notice in writing served on the company, require such explanations as he considers necessary to be made by or on behalf of the company within such time, being not less than thirty days, as is specified in the notice.

(7) After considering any explanations made by or on behalf of the company or where no explanations were made

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within the time specified in the notice, the Central Bank may reject the account, balance sheet, abstract, statement or return and give such directions as it thinks necessary—

(a) for varying any of them within such time, being not less than thirty days, as he may specify; and

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(b) for varying any other account, balance sheet, abstract, statement or return affected by the variation,

and the company shall comply with any directions so given.

(8) A company which is aggrieved by a rejection of its account, balance sheet, abstract, statement or return or by any direction given to it by the Central Bank under subsection (7) may appeal against the decision in the manner specified in section 205.

(9) On an appeal the Court of Appeal or a Judge in Chambers may confirm, reverse or vary the decision of the Central Bank.

61A. Every insurer shall submit to the Central Bank quarterly returns in a form as specified by the Central Bank, within twenty working days after the end of each quarter.

62. A company which fails to submit any account, balance sheet, abstract, statement or return with the Central Bank within the time specified in section 61(2) is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars for each day on which there is non-compliance with the requirements of the section.

63. A printed copy of the latest account or balance sheet of a company lodged with the Central Bank in accordance with section 61 shall, on the application of a shareholder of the company, be forwarded to him by the company.

64. (1) The Inspector may require a company registered under this Act to carry on insurance business—

(a) to furnish him at such time and in such manner as he may determine, with such information in

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Quarterly returns. [3 of 2009].

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Offence for company not to lodge documents within the time specified. [15 of 2004].

Copies to be furnished. [15 of 2004].

Power of Inspector to request information. [15 of 2004]. Insurance

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connection with its insurance business as he

may specify;

- (b) to produce at such time and place as he may determine, such books or papers in connection with its insurance business as he may specify; or
- (c) to produce forthwith to any person authorised in writing by the Central Bank such books or papers as the person may specify.

(2) A person who is authorised by the Central Bank pursuant to subsection (1)(c) shall, where requested to do so, produce evidence of his authority to the company.

(3) The power conferred under subsection (1) on the Inspector or on a person authorised by the Central Bank may be exercised even where the books or papers are in the possession of another person, save that where the person who is in possession claims a lien on the books or papers the production thereof shall be without prejudice to the lien.

(4) The power conferred under subsection (1) on the Inspector or on a person authorised by the Central Bank includes a power—

- (a) to take copies of or extracts from the books or papers which have been produced; and
- (b) to require the company or the person in whose possession the books or papers were, or any other person who is or was a director, controller or auditor of the company or who is or was employed by the company to explain any of the contents thereof; or
- (c) where the books or papers have not been produced, to require the company which or the person who was requested to produce them to give reasons for failing to do so.
- (5) In this section—
- "books" or "papers" includes accounts, Deeds, writings and documents that are inscribed on a tangible medium that is stored in an electronic, paper-based or any other medium and is retrievable in text or readable form;

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"electronic" means, in relation to technology, having electrical, digital, magnetic, wireless, optical, electromagnetic or similar capabilities.

Compliance directions. [3 of 2009].

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65. (1) Notwithstanding any other action or remedy available under this Act, if the Inspector reasonably believes, a registrant, or any controller, officer, other employee or agent of a registrant, including the principal representative of a foreign insurer—

- (a) has committed, is committing, or is about to commit an act, or is pursuing or is about to pursue any course of conduct, that is an unsafe or unsound practice;
- (b) has committed, is committing, or is about to commit, an act, or is pursuing or is about to pursue a course of conduct, that may directly or indirectly be prejudicial to the interest of policyholders;
- *(c)* has violated or is about to violate any of the provisions of any law or Regulations made hereunder;
- (d) has breached any requirement or failed to comply with any measure imposed by the Central Bank in accordance with the Act or Regulations made hereunder;
- *(e)* is unlikely to meet the demands of policyholders of the insurer; or
- (f) is likely to continue in business that would result in a loss to the policyholders of the insurer,

the Inspector may direct the insurer, and any such controller, officer, other employee or agent, or principal representative to—

(i) cease or refrain from committing the act, pursuing the course of conduct, or committing a violation; or

UNOFFICIAL VERSION UPDATED TO DECEMBER 31ST 2014 (ii) perform such acts which in the opinion of the Inspector, after consultation with the Governor, are necessary to remedy the situation or minimise the prejudice.

(2) For the purposes of this section, the term "unsafe or unsound practices" shall include, without limitation, any action or omission that is contrary to generally accepted standards of prudent operation and conduct, the possible consequences of which, if continued, would be a risk of loss or damage to the registrant or policyholders.

(3) Subject to subsection (6), before a direction is issued, the person to whom the direction is to be issued shall be served with a notice, specifying—

- (a) the facts of the matter;
- (b) the directions that are intended to be issued; and
- (c) the time and place at which the person served with the notice may make representations to the Inspector.

(4) If the person served with the notice referred to in subsection (3) fails to attend at the time and place stipulated by the said notice, the Inspector may proceed to issue directions in his absence.

(5) Where after considering the representations made in response to the notice referred to in subsection (3), the Inspector determines that the matters specified in the notice are established, the Inspector may proceed to issue directions to the person served with the notice.

(6) Notwithstanding subsection (3), if after consultation with the Governor the Inspector is of the opinion that, the length of time required for representations to be made might be prejudicial to the interests of policyholders or to the stability of the financial system, the Inspector may make an interim direction with respect to the matters referred to in subsection (1) having effect for a period of not more than twenty working days.

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(7) A direction made under subsection (6), shall not be final until the period of twenty working days expires and -

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- (a) no representations are made to the Inspector; or
- (b) upon representations being made, the Inspector is not satisfied that there are sufficient grounds for revoking the direction.

(8) If a person fails to comply with a direction issued or made under subsection (5), (6) or (7) respectively, the Inspector may, in addition to any other action that may be taken under this Act, apply to the High Court for an Order requiring that person to comply with the direction, and any Order the Court deems fit.

(9) A person who fails to comply with a direction issued under subsection (5), (6) or (7) commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction—

- (a) in the case of a registrant, to a fine of five million dollars and, in the case of a continuing offence, to a fine of five hundred thousand dollars for each day that the offence continues; and
- (b) in the case of a controller or officer, other employee or agent, or principal representative of a registrant, to a fine of five million dollars and to imprisonment for five years.

66. Where the Central Bank reasonably believes that a person is in violation of the Act, or is engaged in any activity or course of conduct described under section 65(1)(a) to (e), the Central Bank may in addition to, or in lieu of other actions authorised under this Act—

- (a) seek a restraining order or other injunctive or equitable relief, to prohibit the continued violation or to prevent the activity or course of conduct in question or any other action; or
- (b) pursue any other remedy which may be provided by law.

67. (Deleted by Act No. 3 of 2009).

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Injunctive relief. [3 of 2009].

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SUSPENSION AND WINDING UP

[3 of 2009].

68. (1) Where the Inspector is satisfied after an on-site or Suspension. off-site examination of the affairs of an insurer that it is insolvent or unable to meet the minimum capital adequacy requirements or is unlikely to meet the demands of the policyholders, of the insurer or that its continuation in business is likely to involve a loss to the policyholders, of the insurer or to the creditors of the insurer, he shall advise the Board accordingly.

(2) The Board may, after receiving the advice of the Inspector and after considering all the relevant facts and circumstances including matters presented by the insurer, order the insurer to suspend business forthwith for a period of sixty days and may direct the Inspector to take charge of all the books, records, other documents, including electronically stored information, and assets of the insurer and to take all such measures as may be necessary to prevent the continuation in business by that insurer during the period of suspension and preserve the assets of the insurer and all costs incurred shall be a first charge on the assets of the insurer.

(3) An order made under subsection (2) shall cease to have effect-

- (a) if the Board makes a further order permitting the insurer to resume business either unconditionally or subject to such conditions as it may consider necessary in the public interest or in the interests of the policyholders and potential policyholders of the insurer and other creditors of the insurer; or
- (b) upon the expiration of the period of sixty days from the day on which it is made, unless-
 - (i) the Board extends the order for a period not exceeding a further sixty days;
 - (ii) in the case of an insurer, an application is made to the Court for the appointment of a receiver or manager on behalf of the policyholders; or

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(iii) in the case of a local insurer, a petition is made to the Court by the Inspector, on authorisation of the Board, for the winding up of the insurer on behalf of its policyholders.

(4) For the purposes of subsection (3)(b)(iii), the Court may order the winding up of an insurer in accordance with the Companies Act subject to the modification that a local insurer may be ordered to be wound up on the petition of the Inspector on behalf of its policyholders.

(5) Any person who directly or indirectly prevents the Inspector or any person authorised in writing by the Central Bank or a member of staff of the Central Bank from having access to a registrant, its books, records or other documents, including electronically stored information, or fails to make them available, commits an offence and is liable on summary conviction to a fine of five million dollars and to imprisonment for five years.

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69.
to (Deleted by Act No. 3 of 2009).
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Court may order winding up. [15 of 2004 3 of 2009]. Ch. 81:01.

Ch. 81:01.

76. (1) The Court may order the winding up of a company in accordance with the Companies Act but subject to this section and to the modification that the company may be ordered to be wound up-

- (*a*) on the petition of ten or more policyholders owning policies of an aggregate sum assured of not less than one hundred thousand dollars; or
- (b) on the petition of the Central Bank.

(2) A petition shall not be presented except by leave of the Court, and such leave shall not be granted unless—

- (*a*) a *prima facie* case has been established to the satisfaction of the Court; and
- (b) security for costs for such amounts as the Court may think reasonable has been given.

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(3) The Central Bank shall be a party to any proceedings under the Companies Act relating to the winding up of a company and the liquidator in such a winding up shall give the Bank such information about the affairs of the company as the Bank may from time to time require.

(4) A reference in this section to a company shall include a company which has ceased to be registered under this Act but remains under any liability in respect of Trinidad and Tobago policyholders.

77. (1) A company carrying on general insurance business Margin of shall be deemed for the purposes of the Companies Act to be general unable to pay its debts where the value of its admissible assets ^{business.} Ch. 81:01. does not exceed the amount of its liabilities by whichever is the greater of the following amounts:

solvency for

- (a) two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; or
- (b) twenty per cent of the general premium income of the company computed as at the end of its last financial year,

and the provisions of this Act relating to the winding up of a company shall apply to such a company.

- (2) For the purposes of this section—
 - (a) in computing the amount of the liabilities of a company, all contingent and prospective liabilities of the company in respect of policies shall be taken into account and shall be estimated in accordance with such rules as may be prescribed, but no account shall be taken of the liabilities of the company in respect of its share capital; and
 - (b) the general premium income of a company in any year shall be taken to be the net amount, after deducting any premiums paid by the company for reinsurance received by the company in that year in respect of all insurance business other than long-term insurance business.

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Procedure on winding up. [15 of 2004].

78. (1) An order of the Court for the winding up of a company shall be subject to the provisions of sections 79 to 82.

(2) On making an order for the winding up of a company, the Court shall appoint a liquidator.

(3) Subject to subsections (4) and (6) the liquidator shall act under the control of the Court and may apply to the Court at any time for instructions as to the manner in which he shall conduct the winding up or in relation to any matter arising in the course thereof.

(4) The liquidator may, in the case of a company which was carrying on long-term insurance business, continue to carry on the business with a view to its being transferred as a going concern to another insurance company, whether in existence or being formed for that purpose.

(5) For the purposes of exercising his functions under subsection (4), the liquidator may agree to the variation of any contracts of insurance in existence at the date of the order but he shall not effect any new contracts of insurance.

(6) Where the liquidator is satisfied that the interests of the creditors in respect of liabilities of the company attributable to its long-term insurance business require the appointment of a special manager, he may apply to the Court for such an appointment.

(7) The Court may on an application under subsection (6), appoint a special manager to act during such time and with such powers as the Court may direct.

(8) The Court shall give to the liquidator such directions as may appear necessary or desirable for the purposes of the winding up.

(9) The liquidator shall furnish the Central Bank with such information as the Bank may from time to time require and shall report to the Bank whenever he intends to apply to the Court for instructions; particulars of the application shall be furnished simultaneously with the report.

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(10) The Central Bank is entitled to be heard on an application under subsection (9) and may make an application to the Court to be heard on any matter relating to the conduct of the winding up.

(11) A liquidator or a special manager, or both, shall receive such remuneration as the Court directs and the Court may at any time cancel the appointment of a liquidator or a special manager and appoint some other person as such.

79. (1) The liquidator shall ascertain, in such manner and on Ascertainment such basis as the Court may approve, the value of the liability of ^{of value of} liability under the company to every person who, according to the books of the policies. company, is entitled to or is interested in a policy issued by the company and shall in such manner as he thinks proper give notice to every such person of the value so ascertained.

(2) A person to whom notice is given under subsection (1) shall be bound by the value ascertained by the liquidator unless he disputes the valuation in such manner and within such time as is prescribed by Rules of Court or as the Court, in any particular case, by order directs.

80. (1) The value of the liabilities and of the assets of the Application of statutory fund of a company shall, on the winding up of the company, be ascertained separately from the value of any other liabilities or from the value of any other assets of the company, and no assets of the statutory fund shall be applied to the discharge of any liabilities other than those in respect of that statutory fund except in so far as those assets exceed the liabilities of that statutory fund.

(2) Where, on the winding up of a company the liabilities and assets of a statutory fund of the company have been ascertained and there is a surplus of the assets over the liabilities, there shall be added to the liabilities of that statutory fund an amount equal to the proportion of the surplus equivalent to the proportion of the profits, if any, in the class of insurance business to which the statutory fund relates, which was allocated to shareholders and policyholders during the ten years immediately preceding the commencement of the winding up.

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(3) The assets of the statutory fund referred to in subsection (2) shall be deemed to exceed the liabilities of that statutory fund only in so far as the assets exceed the liabilities after the addition referred to in that subsection, but where it appears to the Court that by reason of special circumstances it would be inequitable for the amount specified to be added to the liabilities of a statutory fund, the amount to be added shall be such amount as the Court directs.

81. (1) Where in the course of the winding up of a company, the Court is satisfied that the amount of a statutory fund has been diminished by reason of any contravention of the provisions of this Act, every person who at the time of the contravention was a director, the principal representative or an officer of the company, shall be deemed in respect of the contravention to have been guilty of misfeasance unless he proves that the contravention occurred without his knowledge and that he used all due diligence to prevent the occurrence thereof.

(2) The Court may assess the sum by which the amount of the statutory fund has been diminished by reason of the misfeasance and may order any person found guilty of misfeasance to contribute to the statutory fund the whole or any part of that sum by way of compensation.

82. On the winding up of a company the Central Bank shall pay to the liquidator all moneys and securities held as a deposit in respect of that company and the liquidator shall, in accordance with the provisions of this Act, apply such moneys and securities towards discharging the liabilities of the company in respect of policies issued by it.

Winding up of part of business of company.

Application of deposits. [15 of 2004].

Liability of directors and

officers.

83. (1) Where the Court makes an order for the winding up of part of the business of a company a scheme for the purpose of the winding up shall be prepared and submitted for the confirmation of the Court—

(a) by the person who made the application, where an order is made after the hearing of an application under section 68; or

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MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS Insurance Chap. 84:01 61 (b) by the judicial manager appointed in respect of the company, where the order is made pursuant to section 71; (2) Any scheme prepared under this section shall provide— (a) for the allocation and distribution of the assets and liabilities of the company between any classes of business affected by the winding up (including the allocation of any surplus assets which may arise on the proposed winding up); (b) for any future rights of every class of policyholders in respect of their policies; and (c) for the manner in which any part of the business of the company may be wound up and may contain such provisions as are expedient for giving effect to the scheme. (3) The provisions of sections 78 to 82 shall apply, with such adaptations as are necessary, on a winding up in accordance with a scheme under this section. TRANSFER AND AMALGAMATION 84. (1) A company shall not transfer or amalgamate any Condition

class of its insurance business, either in whole or in part, to or transfer, or amalgamation with the insurance business of any other company except in with the insurance business of any other company, except in pursuance of a scheme-

of insurance business. [15 of 2004].

- (a) prepared in accordance with this section and with sections 85 to 87; and
- (b) confirmed by the Central Bank.

(2) An application for the confirmation of a scheme shall be made to the Central Bank by or on behalf of any company engaged in the transfer or amalgamation, and an application with respect to any matter connected with a scheme or a proposed scheme may be made at any time before it is confirmed, by any person who, in the opinion of the Bank, is likely to be affected by the scheme or the proposed scheme.

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^{*}Sections 69 to 75 were deleted by Act No. 3 of 2009.

(3) Where an application is made under subsection (2) the Central Bank shall set a date not less than two months from the date of the application for the hearing thereof.

(4) At the hearing of the application the company is entitled to appear and to be heard either through one of its officers or through an Attorney-at-law; the Central Bank may hear such other evidence as the Bank considers necessary and any person who, in the opinion of the Bank, is likely to be affected by the scheme is entitled to be heard.

(5) A company which is aggrieved by the refusal of the Bank to confirm a scheme may appeal against the decision in the manner specified in section 205.

(6) On an appeal the Court of Appeal or the Judge in Chambers may—

- (a) confirm or reverse the decision of the Bank, or
- (b) confirm the scheme subject to such directions and conditions as may be considered necessary.

(7) In the case of a foreign company the provisions of this section shall apply only to the transfer or amalgamation of insurance business relating to its policies in Trinidad and Tobago.

85. A scheme shall set out the terms of the agreement or Deed under which it is proposed to effect the transfer or amalgamation and shall contain such further provisions as are necessary to give effect thereto.

86. (1) Before a scheme for the transfer or amalgamation of any class of insurance business of a company is confirmed by the Central Bank—

- (a) certified copies of the assets and liabilities of the companies engaged in the transfer or amalgamation shall be submitted to the Bank;
- (b) a copy of the scheme together with copies of the actuarial and other reports, if any, upon which the scheme was founded, shall be submitted to the Bank;

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Scheme to set out terms of agreement or Deed.

Submission, confirmation and effect of schemes. [15 of 2004].

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- (c) copies of the scheme and of every report submitted to the Bank or summaries of the scheme and reports approved by the Bank shall, unless the Bank otherwise directs, be transmitted to every policyholder of any class of insurance business affected by the scheme by the companies engaged in the transfer or amalgamation, at least fifteen days before the application for confirmation of the scheme is to be heard:
- (d) notice of the intention to make the application (the notice to contain such particulars as may be prescribed) shall, not less than one month after the copy of the scheme is submitted to the Bank, be published in the *Gazette* and in such local newspapers as may be approved by the Bank;
- (e) the scheme shall be open for inspection by any policyholder or shareholder affected by it, for a period of fifteen days after the publication of the notice, at the office of each company engaged in the transfer or amalgamation;
- (f) the Bank may cause a report on the scheme to be made by an independent actuary and shall cause a copy of the report to be sent to each of the companies engaged in the transfer or amalgamation; and
- (g) the Bank may give directions concerning—
 - (i) the publication of advertisements of the scheme;
 - (ii) the giving of notices to shareholders, policyholders or creditors of the companies;
 - (iii) the holding of meetings of any company affected and such directions shall be complied with by the person to whom they are given.

(2) When confirmed by the Central Bank, the scheme shall be binding on all persons and shall have effect notwithstanding anything in the instruments constituting the company or in the Articles of Association or in any Rules of the company; the directors of any company affected by the scheme shall cause a copy of the scheme to be filed with the Registrar of Companies.

(3) All expenses incurred by the Central Bank in obtaining the report of any actuary on the scheme shall be defrayed by the companies engaged in the transfer or amalgamation, and any sum due in respect of those expenses may be recovered summarily as a civil debt by the Bank from the companies either jointly or severally.

Return to be made in case of transfer or amalgamation. [15 of 2004]. **87.** Where any class of insurance business carried on by a company is transferred to or amalgamated with the insurance business of another company, the company to which the insurance business is transferred or the company carrying on the amalgamated insurance business shall, within one month after the transfer or the amalgamation submit to the Central Bank—

- (*a*) a certified copy of the agreement or Deed under which the transfer or the amalgamation is effected; and
- (*b*) a statutory declaration made by the Chairman of the Board of Directors or by the principal representative of the company—
 - (i) specifying every payment made or to be made to any person in respect of the transfer or amalgamation; and
 - (ii) stating that to the best of his knowledge and belief no other payment, other than those specified has been or is to be made in money, policies, bonds, valuable securities, property of any description or any other valuable consideration, by or with the knowledge of any parties to the transfer or amalgamation.

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PART III

AGENTS, BROKERS, SALESMEN AND ADJUSTERS

88. (1) No person may, in respect of any class of insurance Registration of business, carry on business as broker, a salesman, an adjuster or ^{agents, brokers,} salesmen and adjusters. an agent of an insurance company unless he is registered under this Part.

(2) A person who contravenes the provisions of this section is liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars and to imprisonment for twelve months.

89. (1) An application for registration shall be made to the Application for Central Bank in the prescribed form and shall be accompanied by [15 of 2004]. evidence of payment of the prescribed fee and such documents as may be prescribed.

(2) On receipt of an application the Bank may request the applicant to furnish such additional information as the Bank may consider necessary.

(3) Where a person wishes to be registered as an agent of more than one insurance company a separate application shall be made in respect of each agency.

90. (1) No person may be registered under this Part to carry Restrictions on on business as a broker, salesman, an agent or an adjuster if he is-

- (a) under the age of eighteen years in the case of a salesman;
- (b) under the age of twenty-one years in the case of a broker or an agent;
- (c) an undischarged bankrupt, unless he has been granted leave to carry on such business by the Court by which he was adjudged bankrupt; or
- (d) mentally ill.

(2) No person may be registered to carry on business as a salesman in respect of any particular class of insurance business where the insurance company by which or the agent by whom he

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is employed or contracted at the time of his application for registration as a salesman—

- (a) is not registered under this Act; or
- (b) is carrying on the particular class of insurance business in contravention of this Act.

(3) No member, director or controller of a company carrying on brokerage business may be registered as a salesman or an agent.

(4) No director, officer or employee of an insurance company may apply for registration as a broker.

(5) No person registered to carry on business as a salesman or an agent may be registered to carry on business as a broker and no person registered to carry on business as a broker may be registered to carry on business as a salesman or an agent.

Central Bank to register person as salesman, agent, broker or adjuster. [15 of 2004].

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91. (1) Subject to this Part, the Central Bank may either unconditionally or subject to such conditions as the Bank considers necessary, register an applicant as a salesman or an agent of the company by which he was employed or contracted or as a broker or an adjuster in respect of such class of insurance business as may be specified.

(2) The Central Bank may subject to sections 89 and 90 register an applicant as a salesman, an agent, a broker or an adjuster where the Bank is satisfied—

(a) that the applicant is a person of good character;

- (b) that the applicant is competent to carry on business as a salesman, an agent, a broker or an adjuster in the particular class of insurance business in which he applied to be registered;
- (c) in the case of a person applying to carry on business as a broker, that he has such professional indemnity cover as may be prescribed;
- (d) in the case of an applicant who, before the commencement of this Part, was carrying on

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> (h) in the case of a body corporate applying for registration as a broker that the business will be carried on under the management of an executive director who is a registered insurance broker.

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(3) For the purpose of giving a true account of the state of his business the Central Bank shall require a broker to prepare and submit to the Bank at such intervals as may be prescribed, balance sheets and profit and loss accounts containing such information as may be prescribed.

(4) The Central Bank shall, where it refuses an application for registration under this Part, notify the applicant in writing of its refusal either generally or in respect of a particular class of insurance business and give reasons for its refusal.

Certificate of Registration. [15 of 2004].

92. (1) The Central Bank shall issue a Certificate of Registration (hereinafter referred to as "a Certificate") to every person registered under this Part.

(2) A Certificate shall be in the prescribed form and shall—

- (a) be valid for one year from the date of issue and shall be renewable annually on the anniversary date of its issue;
- (b) state the category and each class of insurance business in respect of which the person is registered; and
- (c) where the person is registered as an agent or a salesman specify the insurance company in respect of which the person is so registered.

(3) In the case of agents, brokers and adjusters the Certificate shall be prominently displayed at the principal place of business of the person to whom it was issued and a copy thereof shall be similarly displayed at each of the branches in Trinidad and Tobago of the business of such person.

(4) A Certificate shall be *prima facie* evidence that the person named therein has been registered in the capacity stated therein.

- (5) A person who—
 - (*a*) without reasonable excuse fails to comply with the provisions of subsection (3); or

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(b) displays a Certificate which is not valid, is liable on summary conviction to a fine of five hundred dollars and to a further fine of fifty dollars for each day on which the offence continues after conviction therefor.

93. (1) Every person registered under this Part shall produce Certificate to be his Certificate when requested to do so by-

- (a) the Central Bank or any other person authorised by the Bank in writing;
- (b) the insurance company or a person in respect of which or whom he is registered to carry on business as a broker, a salesman, an agent or an adjuster;
- (c) an actual or a prospective client.

(2) A person who fails to comply with the provisions of subsection (1) is guilty of an offence.

94. (1) The Central Bank may, by instrument in writing, notify Intention to a person who is registered under this Part that the Bank proposes to registration. cancel the registration of the person in respect of all or any of the [15 of 2004]. classes of insurance business he was registered to carry on.

(2) The power conferred on the Central Bank under subsection (1) shall be exercisable where the Bank is satisfied—

- (a) that registration was granted as a result of any misleading or false representation;
- (b) that the person has become an undischarged bankrupt;
- (c) that the person has become mentally ill;
- (d) in the case of a person who is registered to carry on business as an agent, a salesman or a broker, that the person is not carrying on such business in accordance with sound insurance principles and practice;
- (e) that the person has demonstrated that he cannot carry on efficiently the class of insurance business which he is registered to carry on, or in

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produced on request. [15 of 2004].

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		the case of a body, whether corporate or otherwise that all the persons managing or controlling the body or all the partners thereof have demonstrated that they cannot carry on efficiently the class of insurance business which they are registered to carry on;			
	(f)	that the person has been guilty of unreasonable or repeated delay in transmitting moneys received for the account of an insurer or a client to the person entitled thereto;			
	(g)	that one month has elapsed since the date by which such person was required under this Act to furnish information to the Bank and the person has without reasonable excuse failed to do so;			
	 (h) that the person is guilty of a fraudul dishonest practice or any other practice w generally regarded in the insurance busin being undesirable; 				
	(i)	 (i) in the case of a person who is registered to c on business as a broker, that he has entered an agreement relating to the preferential offer insurance business which is likely to impain impartiality in placing insurance business or been guilty of partiality or discrimination placing insurance business. 			
(3) The Central Bank shall, on notifying a person proposes to cancel his registration, inform that person of reason for taking the action contemplated by the Bank and a that person's right to appeal to the Tribunal in accordance section 98.					

(4) Where a person has exercised his right of appeal, the Central Bank may suspend the registration of that person pending the outcome of the appeal; notice of the suspension shall be brought to the knowledge of the person.

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(5) The Central Bank shall cancel the registration of a person-

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- (a) where the person fails to exercise his right of appeal within the time specified in section 98; or
- (b) where on an appeal the decision of the Central Bank to cancel the registration is upheld.

(6) Where the Central Bank suspends or cancels the registration of a person registered under this Part the person shall forthwith surrender to the Bank his Certificate and every copy thereof.

(7) A person who fails to comply with the provisions of subsection (6) is liable on summary conviction to a fine of five hundred dollars and to a further fine of fifty dollars for each day on which the offence continues after conviction therefor.

95. The Central Bank may at any time cancel the registration Cancellation of of a person registered under this Part-

registration. [15 of 2004].

- (a) where the Bank is satisfied that the person has not carried on business in Trinidad and Tobago as a broker, an adjuster, an agent or a salesman within a year of his being registered to carry on such business or has not carried on such business in Trinidad and Tobago for a period of more than one year;
- (b) in the case of a person registered as an agent or salesman, where the Bank is satisfied that the registration of the insurance company or the person in respect of which or whom the person was registered to carry on business as agent or a salesman has been cancelled or that the agency or the salesman's contract has been terminated; or
- (c) where the person requests that his registration be cancelled.

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Establishment and composition of Tribunal.

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96. (1) For the purposes of section 98 there is hereby established a Tribunal which shall consist of a Chairman who shall be a legally qualified person of not less than seven years' standing and two other members, one of whom shall be a representative of the insurance industry.

(2) The members of the Tribunal shall be appointed by the President and shall, subject to the provisions of subsections (4), (5) and (6), hold office for such period, not exceeding three years as may be specified in the instrument of appointment; but shall be eligible for re-appointment.

(3) A member of the Tribunal other than the Chairman may at any time resign his office by instrument in writing addressed to the Chairman who shall cause it to be transmitted to the President.

(4) The Chairman of the Tribunal may at any time resign his office by instrument in writing addressed to the President.

(5) The President may at any time revoke the appointment of the Chairman or any other member of the Tribunal.

(6) At any meeting of the Tribunal the Chairman and one other member shall constitute a quorum.

(7) The members of the Tribunal shall be paid such remuneration and allowances as may be prescribed.

(8) Subject to this section, the Tribunal may regulate its own procedure.

Appointment of temporary members to Tribunal. **97.** Where a member of the Tribunal is for any reason temporarily unable to perform his duties under this Part, the President may appoint some other person to act as a temporary member of the Tribunal during such inability; save that where the member is the Chairman the person appointed to act in his stead shall be a legally qualified person of not less than seven years' standing.

Right of appeal to Tribunal in certain cases. [15 of 2004]. **98.** A person who is aggrieved by the decision of the Central Bank to refuse to register him or to cancel his registration as an agent, a broker, a salesman or an adjuster may, within one month of the decision, appeal to the Tribunal established under section 96.

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99. (1) Where an agency in respect of which a person is Notice of termination of registered under this Part to carry on business as agent has been agency to be terminated, notice in writing in the prescribed form shall given. [15 of 2004]. forthwith be given to the Central Bank both by the person and by the insurance company or the person in respect of which or whom he was registered to carry on such business.

(2) Where the contract of a salesman registered under this Part is terminated, notice in writing in the prescribed form shall forthwith be given to the Central Bank by the salesman and by the insurance company by which he was contracted and where the salesman enters into any new contract with an insurance company registered under this Act, notice in writing in the prescribed form shall forthwith be given to the Central Bank by the insurance company.

(3) A person who fails to comply with the provisions of this section is guilty of an offence.

100. (1) The Central Bank may request in writing from any Central Bank person registered under this Part or from the person's employer information. or principal any information relating to the person's business as a broker, a salesman, an adjuster or an agent.

(2) A person who fails to comply with a request made of him under subsection (1) is guilty of an offence.

101. An agent or a salesman shall, for the purpose of receiving Agent or any premium for a contract of insurance, be deemed to be the deemed to be agent of the insurer notwithstanding any conditions or stipulations to the contrary.

102. An agent, a broker or a salesman is personally liable to the Liability for insured on all contracts of insurance unlawfully made by or unlawful contracts. through him directly or indirectly with any insurer not registered to carry on insurance business in Trinidad and Tobago in the same manner as if such agent, broker or salesman had been the insurer.

103. (1) No agent, salesman or broker may make any oral Misleading advertisements. statement or issue or permit to be issued any advertisement,

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salesman agent of insurer.

may request [15 of 2004]

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statement, circular, descriptive booklet or other document, or make or permit to be made a statement, by means of any broadcasting or other medium, which misleads or tends to mislead the public.

(2) A person who contravenes the provisions of subsection (1) is guilty of an offence.

Restriction on payment of compensation for placing or negotiating insurance. **104.** Where, at the date of placing or negotiating insurance a person is not registered as an agent, a broker or a salesman, no insurer and no officer, employee or agent of the insurer shall pay, agree to pay or allow to be paid to that person compensation or anything of value for placing, negotiating or attempting to place or negotiate insurance or for negotiating the continuance or renewal of insurance, other than reinsurance on lives, property or interests in Trinidad and Tobago.

105. (1) No insurer and no officer, employee or agent of an insurer and no broker or salesman shall directly or indirectly—

- (*a*) make or attempt to make an agreement as to the premium to be paid for a policy other than as specified in the policy; or
- (b) pay, allow or give or offer or agree to pay, allow or give a rebate of the whole or part of the premium stipulated by the policy or any other consideration or thing of value intended to be in the nature of a rebate of premium,

to any person who is insured or is applying for insurance in respect of life, person or property in Trinidad and Tobago.

(2) An insurer or any other person who contravenes the provisions of subsection (1) is guilty of an offence.

106. Nothing in sections 104 and 105 shall affect any payment by way of dividend, bonus, profit or savings, which is provided for by the policy or shall be construed so as to prevent an insurer from compensating a *bona fide* salaried employee of its head or branch office or the spouse or a child of such employee, in respect of insurance issued by the employing insurer upon the life or property of such person or so as to require such employee to be registered as an agent under this Part to effect such insurance.

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Rebating.

Exemption for payment of dividend to salaried employee.

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107. Every insurer shall make a return to the Central Bank in Insurer to make such form and at such times as the Bank requires, showing all Bank. persons, partnerships and companies-

- (a) registered as its agents or salesmen in Trinidad and Tobago;
- (b) to whom it has, within such period as may be specified in the form, paid or agreed to pay or allowed to be paid directly or indirectly, compensation for placing or negotiating insurance on lives, property or interests in Trinidad and Tobago or negotiating the continuance or renewal of such insurance or for attempting to do so.
- **108.** (1) No agent shall—
 - (a) be an agent for more than one insurer;
 - (b) act or purport to act on behalf of more than one insurer:
 - (c) represent himself to the public by advertisement or otherwise as the agent of more than one insurer.

(2) Where an agent is unable to negotiate insurance on behalf of an applicant for insurance with the insurer in respect of which he is registered to carry on business (in this section referred to as "the principal") the agent may procure the insurance from another insurer if that insurer obtains in each case the consent in writing of the principal and files a copy of such consent with the Central Bank within seven days of its receipt.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), an agent may with the approval of the Bank act on behalf of more than one insurer where he is acting on behalf of each insurer-

- (a) in respect of a different and separate class of insurance business: or
- (b) in respect of a different and separate type of insurance business within any one class of insurance business.

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Authority of agents. [15 of 2004].

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return to Central

[15 of 2004].

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(4) The Bank may refuse to grant or may revoke an approval granted under subsection (3) where it is satisfied that the granting or continuance of such approval is not in the public interest.

Minister to specify maximum rate of commission. [15 of 2004].

109. The Minister may on the recommendation of the Central Bank by Order specify the maximum rate of commission payable by an insurer to a person in respect of a particular class or risk.

110. An agent or a salesman is guilty of an offence where he—

- procure payment representations, etc.
- (a) knowingly procures by fraudulent representations payment or the obligation for payment of any premium on an insurance policy; or
- (b) without being satisfied on reasonable grounds that the discontinuance of a policy is to the benefit of an insured, causes the insured to discontinue that policy.

111. (1) An agent, a salesman or a broker is guilty of an offence where he receives money from an insurer for the account of an insured or from a client for the account of an insurer and fails to pay over the same less any commission and other deduction to which he may by agreement be entitled, to the person entitled thereto within thirty days from the date on which he receives such money.

(2) Where an insurer at the request of a broker provides temporary cover on credit for a period not exceeding forty-five days, the broker is liable to the insurer for the premium due in respect of such cover and such premium may be sued for and recovered from the broker as a civil debt.

PART IV

LONG-TERM INSURANCE BUSINESS

ACTUARIAL INVESTIGATIONS

112. (1) Every company carrying on long-term insurance business in Trinidad and Tobago shall appoint an actuary, as a member of its staff or as a consulting actuary.

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Company to appoint actuary. [15 of 2004].

Offence to of premium by fraudulent

Offence to

fail to pay

premium to insurer.

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(2) The company shall, within three months of the termination of the appointment of an actuary, appoint another actuary.

(3) Where the appointment of an actuary is terminated, the company shall within fourteen days of appointing another actuary notify the Central Bank in writing of the appointment.

(4) No person may carry out the functions of an actuary unless the Central Bank is satisfied that he is a fit and proper person and possesses the necessary qualifications to carry out such functions.

113. (1) Every company carrying on long-term insurance Actuarial business shall, as at the date of the expiration of its financial year ^{reports and} abstracts and expiring next after the date of the commencement of this Act or statements of long-term as at such later date as the Central Bank approves and thereafter insurance every three years or at such shorter intervals as the company [15 of 2004]. notifies the Bank to be the intervals adopted by it for the purposes of this section and sections 114 to 116-

- (a) cause its actuary to make an investigation into its financial condition, including a valuation of its liabilities in respect of every class of longterm insurance business and to furnish the Bank with a report of the result of the investigation;
- (b) cause an abstract of the report of the actuary to be prepared in accordance with such Regulations as may be prescribed; and
- (c) cause a statement of its long-term insurance business to be prepared in accordance with such Regulations as may be prescribed.

(2) Where a company causes an investigation to be made and the results of the investigation are made public, the company shall cause an abstract of the report of the actuary to be prepared in accordance with such Regulations as may be prescribed.

(3) The company shall cause a separate abstract and a separate statement or, in the case of an investigation referred to in subsection (2), a separate abstract, to be prepared in respect of each class of long-term insurance business carried on by it.

business

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(4) A valuation balance sheet shall be annexed to every abstract prepared under this section.

(5) The valuation balance sheet shall, in accordance with the method approved by the Bank, show the net liabilities in respect of policies on Registers in Trinidad and Tobago separately from the net liabilities of other policies.

114. (1) The provisions of subsections (2), (3) and (4) shall apply to valuations made in pursuance of sections 113, 115 and 116.

(2) The basis of valuation adopted shall be such as to place a proper value upon the liabilities, having regard to the average rate of interest from investments and to expenses of management, including commissions, and shall be such as to ensure that no policy shall be treated as an asset.

(3) The value placed on the aggregate liabilities of a statutory fund in respect of policies by reason of the adoption of any basis of valuation shall not be less than it would have been if it had been calculated on the Minimum Basis in accordance with such Regulations as may be prescribed.

(4) The actuary who makes the valuation shall certify whether, in his opinion, the value placed by the valuation on the aggregate liabilities of a statutory fund in respect of policies is not less than the value which would have been placed on those aggregate liabilities if it had been calculated on the Minimum Basis in accordance with such Regulations as may be prescribed.

115. A company shall not pay, apply, allocate or transfer any part of the assets of its statutory fund except with the approval of the Central Bank and on the certificate of its actuary.

116. (1) Where, as a result of the latest valuation in respect of a company which is either—

(a) a valuation made in pursuance of section 113(1); or

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Actuary to certify dealings with assets of statutory fund. [15 of 2004]. Distribution of surplus.

Provisions relating to valuations.

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- (b) a valuation, other than a valuation made in pursuance of section 113(1), made in the course of an investigation into the financial condition of the company, being a valuation—
 - (i) the results of which are made public; and
 - (ii) in respect of which the provisions of section 113(2), (3) and (5) and section 114 have been complied with,

the valuation balance sheet in respect of the class of long-term insurance business to which a statutory fund relates discloses that the balance of the revenue account or, where there is more than one revenue account in respect of that business, the sum of the balances of the revenue accounts, is greater than the amount of the net liabilities of the company in respect of that business, the company may, with the approval of its actuary and subject to subsection (2), pay, apply, allocate or transfer the surplus or a part of it in a manner consistent with the provisions of the instruments constituting the company and the Articles of Association or other Rules of the company.

(2) The sum of the amount paid or allocated to or for the benefit of the shareholders of the company and the amount transferred to another statutory fund under subsection (1) in respect of that part of the surplus which is derived from participating policies registered in Trinidad and Tobago shall not exceed one-quarter of the amount paid or allocated to or for the benefit of the holders of these policies.

(3) Where in the latest valuation referred to in subsection (1), there were included as liabilities bonuses which—

- (*a*) were attached to policies at the date of the commencement of this Act; or
- (b) become attached to policies as a result of an allocation of surplus made in pursuance of this section,

the company may, without regard to the conditions and limitations specified in subsections (1) and (2), pay or apply, in respect of

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those bonuses, money forming part of the assets of the statutory fund or a part of any statutory fund which relates to the business in which those policies are included.

ISSUE OF POLICIES

Rates of premium. [15 of 2004]. **117.** (1) A company shall not issue any policy unless the rate of premium chargeable under the policy is a rate which has been approved by its actuary as being suitable for the class of policy to which the policy belongs.

(2) The Central Bank may at any time require the company to obtain and to furnish the Bank with a report by its actuary as to the suitability of the rate of premium chargeable under any class of policy issued by the company and, where the actuary considers that the rate is not suitable, a report as to the rate of premium which the actuary approves as suitable in respect of that class of policy.

(3) Where a requirement is made under subsection (2), the company shall not issue any policy of that class until it has, in accordance with the requirement, obtained the approval of its actuary as to the rate of premium.

(4) When approving a rate of premium under this section in respect of any class of policy an actuary shall have regard to—

- (*a*) the maximum rate of commission proposed to be paid to any person; and
- (b) the maximum rate of reduction of premium to be allowed to any person,

in respect of that class of policy.

Restriction on commission to be paid or reduction of premium to be allowed. **118.** Where a rate of premium is approved by an actuary (in this section referred to as "the actuary") in respect of any class of policy the company shall not, except with the approval of its actuary pay or allow in respect of any policy of that class a commission or a reduction of premium at a rate greater than—

(*a*) the maximum rate of commission or reduction of premium to which the actuary had regard when approving the rate of premium; or

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(b) the maximum rate of commission or reduction of premium payable by the company, immediately prior to the commencement of this Act, in respect of policies of that class, if any, issued at the rate of premium so approved,

whichever is greater.

119. (1) A company shall not issue or accept any form of Form of proposal or policy unless the standard form has been approved by approved by the the Central Bank.

(2) The Bank shall not approve a standard form unless it complies with the provisions of this Act or it is not likely to mislead a proponent or a policyholder.

(3) A form of proposal shall be framed so as to require a person making a proposal for a life policy to specify the place and date of birth of the person whose life is proposed to be insured and the person making the proposal shall supply those particulars to the best of his knowledge and belief.

120. Where a company issues a life policy which provides Company may that proof of age of the life of the insured is a condition precedent give notice requiring proof to the payment of the sum insured, the company shall unless the age of the life insured has already been admitted by it, issue on or with the policy a printed notice stating that proof of age of the life insured may be required prior to the payment of the sum insured.

121. (1) Where a company declines to accept the proof of Procedure age tendered in respect of a policy, whether issued before or declines to after the commencement of this Act, the policyholder or his accept proof of age tendered. legal personal representative may apply to a Judge in Chambers, by summons, for an order directing the company to accept the proof tendered.

(2) On an application made under subsection (1), the Judge in Chambers may make such order as he thinks just and such order shall be binding on the company.

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proposal to be Central Bank. [15 of 2004].

of age.

where company

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Policy not to be avoided by reason only of mis-statement of age of the life insured or other incorrect statement.

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122. (1) A policy is not avoided by reason only of a mis-statement of the age of the life insured.

(2) Where there is proof of the true age of the life insured and such age is greater than the age on which the policy is based, the company may vary the sum insured by and the bonuses, if any, allotted to the policy so that, as varied, they bear the same proportion to the sum insured by, and the bonuses, if any, allotted to the policy before variation as the amount of the premiums which have become payable under the policy as issued bears to the amount of the premiums which would have become payable if the policy had been based on the true age.

(3) Where there is proof of the true age of the life insured and such age is less than the age on which the policy is based, the company shall either—

- (a) vary the sum insured by, and the bonuses, if any, allotted to the policy so that, as varied, they bear the same proportion to the sum insured by, and the bonuses, if any, allotted to the policy before variation as the amount of the premiums which have become payable under the policy as issued bears to the amount of the premiums which would have become payable if the policy had been based on the true age; or
- (b) reduce, as from the date of issue of the policy, the premium payable to the amount which would have been payable if the policy had been based on the true age and repay the policyholder the amount of over-payments of premium less any amount paid as the cash value of bonuses in excess of the cash value which would have become payable if the policy had been based on the true age.

(4) A policy issued after the 10th day of December, 1966 shall not be avoided by reason only of any incorrect statement (other than a statement as to the age of the life insured) made in any proposal or other document on the faith of which the policy was issued or reinstated by the company unless the statement—

(a) was fraudulently untrue; or

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(b) is material in relation to the risk of the company under the policy and was made within the period of three years immediately preceding the date on which the policy is sought to be avoided or the date of the death of the life insured. whichever is the earlier.

123. (1) A minor who has attained the age of ten years but has Minors may not attained the age of sixteen years may, with the written consent or take of his parent or of a person standing *in loco parentis* to the minor—

- (a) effect a policy upon his own life or upon another life in which he has an insurable interest; or
- (b) take an assignment of a policy.
- (2) A minor who has attained the age of sixteen years—
 - (a) may effect a policy upon his own life or upon another life in which he has an insurable interest: or
 - (b) may take an assignment of a policy; and
 - (c) subject to subsection (3), is as competent in all respects to have and exercise the powers and privileges of a policyholder in relation to a policy of which he is the holder as he would, had he been of full age.

(3) A minor who has attained the age of sixteen years may assign or mortgage a policy with the prior consent in writing of his parent or of a person standing in loco parentis to the minor.

- (4) This section does not—
 - (a) impose on a minor any liability to which, but for this section, he would not be subject;
 - (b) confer on a minor any power or capacity which, but for this section, he would not have;
 - (c) validate a receipt, a discharge or a surrender of, or security over a policy given by a minor, if, but for this section, that receipt, discharge, surrender or security would not be valid; or

effect policies assignments of policies.

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	(a	<i>t</i>) validate any assignment of a policy which, but for this section, would not be valid.
Persons who are deemed to have insurable interests.		 n insurable interest shall be deemed to be had by— a parent of a child under eighteen years of age or a person <i>in loco parentis</i> to such a child, in the life of the child;
) a husband, in the life of his wife;
		 a wife, in the life of her husband; any person, in the life of another upon whom he is wholly or in part dependent for support or education;
	(e) a company or other person, in the life of an officer or employee thereof; and
	()	<i>f</i>) a person who has a pecuniary interest in the duration of the life of another person, in the life of that person.
	way limiting o	othing in this section shall be construed as in any or restricting the meaning of insurable interest as the commencement of this Act.

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ASSIGNMENTS AND MORTGAGES OF POLICIES

125. (1) Subject to section 128 every assignment of a policy shall be by Deed or by other instrument, if by other instrument, such instrument shall be in accordance with or substantially in accordance with the form set out as Form A or B in the Third Schedule, as the case may require.

(2) An assignment is not binding on the company liable under the policy until written notice of the date and purport of the assignment is received by the company at its principal office in Trinidad and Tobago.

(3) Every company shall register in the Register of Policies required to be kept by section 161 (hereinafter referred to as "the Register"), the date and purport of every assignment of which it receives notice and the date on which the notice is received.

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Assignment of policies. [15 of 2004].

Form A and B. Third Schedule.

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(4) A copy of an entry made in accordance with subsection (3), and certified in accordance with section 484(3) of the Companies Act shall-

- (a) as regards the registration and the date of registration of the assignment, be conclusive evidence thereof; and
- (b) as regards the date on which the notice was received, be prima facie evidence thereof.

(5) Priority of claims under any assignment shall be determined according to the order in which notice is received by the company, except that a subsequent assignee does not, by giving notice first, obtain priority over a previous assignment of which he had notice when taking the assignment.

(6) An assignee under a duly registered assignment shall have all the powers and be subject to all the liabilities of the assignor under the policy, and may sue in his name on the policy, but nothing in this section shall be construed so as to admit the assignee to membership of a company or to deprive the assignor of his membership in respect of a policy, except as provided in the instruments constituting the company or in its Articles of Association or other Rules.

(7) The receipt of the assignee shall be a discharge to the company for all moneys paid by the company under the policy.

(8) The company shall be notified in writing of every trust, right, equity or interest created in respect of a policy.

[15 of 2004].

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126. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 125, Effect of notice. a company shall not be entitled to any protection under that section or to rely upon any of the provisions of that section where the company-

- (a) has not acted in good faith; or
- (b) has received express notice in writing of any trust, right, equity or interest of any person.

(2) Where a company receives express notice of any trust, right, equity or interest of any person, the company may, if it thinks

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fit pay to the Central Bank any money payable under the policy, and the receipt of the Bank for the money shall be a valid discharge to the company for the money so paid.

(3) Money paid to the Bank pursuant to subsection (2), shall be paid by the Bank to such person or persons as the Court orders.

Assignment of policy to company not to extinguish rights and liabilities. [15 of 2004].

Policies held

by trustees.

127. (1) The rights and liabilities arising under a policy shall not be deemed, either at law or in equity, to be merged or extinguished by reason only of an assignment of the policy, whether at law or in equity, to the company which issued the policy.

(2) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section 125, 126 or 128, but subject to subsection (3), no assignment of an industrial policy shall be valid without the consent of the company liable under such policy.

(3) Where the company refuses its consent to the assignment of an industrial policy the policyholder may appeal to the Central Bank whose decision shall be final.

128. Where a company is satisfied that a policy has been issued or transferred to or the ownership of a policy is otherwise vested in persons as trustees and those persons are no longer the trustees for the purposes of the trust the company may, if it sees fit, at the request in writing of the persons claiming to be trustees for the time being for the purposes of the trust and on the evidence of a Statutory Declaration by one of those persons verifying the claim, record the names of those persons as the holders of the policy, and thereupon those persons shall become the holders of the policy.

Memorandum of discharge and

Form C. Third Schedule.

129. (1) Upon the payment or discharge of any money or Deed of Release. other obligation secured by an assignment of a policy, the assignee shall give to the assignor a memorandum of discharge in the form set out as Form C in the Third Schedule and shall, where the assignment was by Deed, also execute a Deed of Release in favour of the assignor.

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(2) Upon the presentation of the memorandum of discharge to the company, the company shall register the discharge in the Register.

130. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of regulation 3 of the Existing Insurance (Assignments and Mortgages of Policies) Regulations, (in assignment this section referred to as "the Regulations") the Regulations shall be continue to have deemed to have had effect only in respect of policies assigned after GN No. 103 the date on which the Regulations came into operation.

(2) Every assignment of a policy made prior to the coming into operation of the Regulations or made under the Regulations and subsisting at the date of the revocation thereof and every notice of an assignment or of a trust, right, equity or interest of any person, if valid when made or given shall, without prejudice to anything contained therein, have effect for all purposes, as if made or given under this Act.

(3) Every assignment registered in a Register in accordance with the Regulations and subsisting at the date of revocation thereof shall be deemed to have been registered in the Register and such registration shall have effect for all purposes as a registration under this Act.

PROTECTION OF POLICIES

131. (1) The property and interest of any person in a policy Interest of effected before or after the commencement of this Act upon his own protected in life shall not be liable to be applied or made available in payment of certain cases. his debts by any judgment, order or process of any Court.

(2) Where a person who has effected a policy on his life dies after the commencement of this Act, the moneys payable upon his death under or in respect of such policy shall not be applied or made available in payment of his debts by any judgment, order or process of any Court, or by retainer by an executor or administrator, or in any other manner, except by virtue of a contract or a charge made by the person whose life is insured, or by virtue of an express direction contained in his Will or other testamentary instrument executed by him that the moneys arising from the policy shall be so applied.

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(3) A direction to pay debts or a charge of debts upon the whole or any part of the testator's estate or a trust for the payment of debts, shall not be deemed to be an express direction for the purposes of subsection (2).

(4) Nothing in this section shall affect the provisions of the Bankruptcy Act or of the Married Persons Act.

PAID-UP POLICIES, SURRENDER VALUES AND NON-FORFEITURE

of policy. [15 of 2004].

- **132.** (1) Sections 133 to 138 shall not apply to—
 - (a) an instrument securing the grant of an annuity for a term dependent upon human life, not being a deferred annuity, during the period of deferment; or
 - (b) a policy which provides insurance against contingencies none of which may happen, not being a policy which provides for the payment of a sum of money if the life insured by the policy survives a specified period.

(2) The Minister, may on the recommendation of the Central Bank declare by Regulations that the provisions of this section and of sections 133 to 138 shall apply in respect of any policy or class of policies with such modifications as may be prescribed by the Regulations and where such a declaration is made the provisions of this section and of sections 133 to 138 shall apply in respect of that policy or class of policies accordingly.

Paid-up policies. 133. (1) A policyholder who desires to discontinue further premium payments on a policy on which not less than three years' premiums have been paid in cash shall where the policy has a cash surrender value, be entitled on application to the company to receive in lieu of that policy a paid-up policy.

> (2) Where a paid-up policy is issued pursuant to subsection (1) and the contingency occurs which would have rendered the company liable under the original policy, the company shall thereupon be liable under the paid-up policy.

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Application to class

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134. The owner of a policy which has been in force for at least Surrender of policies. three years, shall, on application to the company, be entitled to surrender the policy and to receive not less than the cash surrender value of the policy less the amount of any debt owing to the company under or secured by the policy.

135. The Central Bank may on an application by a company, Central Bank suspend or vary for such period and subject to such conditions vary obligation as the Bank thinks fit the obligation of the company to pay surrender values pursuant to section 134 where in the Bank's value. [15 of 2004]. opinion the payment of cash of those surrender values would be prejudicial to the financial stability of the company or to the interests of its policyholders.

136. (1) An ordinary policy shall not be forfeited by Non-forfeiture reason only of non-payment of any premiums (in this section policies in referred to as "the overdue premiums") where-

- (a) not less than three years' premiums have been premiums. paid in cash on the policy; and
- (b) the surrender value of the policy (calculated as at the day immediately preceding that on which the overdue falls due) exceeds the sum of the amount of the debts owing to the company under, or secured by, the policy and the amount of the overdue premium.

(2) The company may until payment of the overdue premium, charge compound interest on it, on terms not less favourable to the policyholder than such terms, if any, as may be specified in the policy.

(3) The overdue premium and any interest charged on it under this section which remains unpaid shall for the purposes of this Act be deemed to be a debt owing to the company under the policy.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), an ordinary policy on which not less than three years' premiums have been paid in cash shall not be forfeited by reason only of the

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may suspend or of company to pay surrender

of ordinary certain cases of non-payment of

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non-payment of a premium unless, on or after the day on which the premium fell due—

- (*a*) the company liable under the policy serves a notice on the policyholder stating—
 - (i) the amount due or payable to the company at the date of the notice;
 - (ii) that the policy will be forfeited at the expiration of twenty-eight days after the date of the notice if a sufficient sum is not paid to the company within that period; and
- (b) a period of at least thirty days has elapsed after the service of the notice.

(5) For the purposes of subsection (4) a notice posted to the last known address of the policyholder shall be deemed to be a service of the notice on the policyholder.

Non-forfeiture of industrial policy in certain cases of nonpayment of premiums.

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137. (1) An industrial policy on which less than one year's premiums have been paid shall not be forfeited by reason only of the non-payment of any premium, unless the premium has remained unpaid for not less than four weeks after it became due.

(2) An industrial policy on which not less than one year's but less than two years' premiums have been paid shall not be forfeited by reason only of the non-payment of any premium, unless the premium has remained unpaid for not less than eight weeks after it became due.

(3) An industrial policy on which not less than two years' premiums have been paid shall not be forfeited by reason only of the non-payment of any premium, unless the premium has remained unpaid for not less than twelve weeks after it became due.

(4) Where an industrial policy on which not less than three years' premiums have been paid has been forfeited by reason of the non-payment of any premium, the company shall, without requiring any application from the policyholder, issue a paid-up policy for an amount not less than that specified in the table included in the policy.

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(5) Where a paid-up policy is issued pursuant to subsection (4) and the contingency occurs which would have rendered the company liable under the original policy the company shall thereupon be liable under the paid-up policy.

(6) The company shall notify the policyholder in writing of the fact that the paid-up policy has been granted and shall specify the amount of the policy and the contingency upon which the policy is payable.

(7) An industrial policy shall not be forfeited by reason only of the non-payment of any premium where the non-payment is as a result of non-collection by the company.

138. Where in pursuance of any provision of this Part a Treatment policyholder is entitled to receive or a company is required to on issue of issue a paid-up policy and there is any debt owing to the company paid-up policies. under, or secured by, the policy the company may elect-

- (a) to treat the debt as a debt secured by the paid-up policy and thereupon the paid-up policy shall be a security for the debt owing to the company; or
- (b) in ascertaining the amount of the paid-up policy, to reduce the amount by taking into account, on a basis approved by the Inspector, the debt owing to the company and thereupon the debt shall cease to be owing to the company.

PAYMENT OF POLICY MONEYS

to beneficiary.

139. (1) Notwithstanding any rule of law to the contrary Money payable where a policy of insurance is effected by a person on his own life and is expressed to be for the benefit of a named beneficiary, the money payable under such a policy shall not, on the death of the policyholder form part of his estate, but shall be paid to the person named as the beneficiary.

(2) The provisions of subsection (1) shall apply to a policy effected before or after the commencement of this Act.

of debts

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Payment of policy moneys without production of grant of probate or letters of administration in certain cases. **140.** (1) Where under a policy money is payable by a company to the legal personal representative of a deceased person the company may, without requiring the production of any grant of probate or letters of administration, pay the money together with any bonuses, which have been added to the policy, to a person who satisfies the company that he is entitled—

- (*a*) under the Will or on the intestacy of the deceased person, to the property of such person; or
- (b) to obtain probate of the will of the deceased person or to take out letters of administration of his estate, but the company shall not in the aggregate pay to such person more than five thousand dollars and shall retain an amount equal to ten per cent of the total sum due under the policy for payment to the Commissioner of Inland Revenue for the purposes of the Estate Duty and where applicable the Succession Duty due on the estate of the deceased.

(2) Every person to whom money is paid pursuant to this section shall apply the money in administering the estate of the deceased and, if the company thinks fit, it may require those persons to give sufficient security by bond or otherwise that the money paid will be so applied.

(3) Nothing in this section shall affect the provisions of the Married Persons Act.

141. Where a company makes a payment pursuant to section 140, the company shall be discharged from all further liability with respect to—

- (a) the money paid to the Commissioner of Inland Revenue; and
- (b) the application of the money paid under any policy issued by it.

142. (1) Subject to this section, where the holder of a policy, not being the person whose life is insured by the policy, pre-deceases the person whose life is so insured and a person

Declaration that certain requirements have been satisfied may be endorsed on policy in certain cases.

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Company discharged from further liability in certain cases.

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satisfies the company which issued the policy that he is entitled—

- (*a*) under the Will or on the intestacy of the deceased holder, to the benefit of the policy; or
- (b) to obtain probate of the Will or to take out letters of administration of the estate of the deceased holder;

the company may, without requiring the production of any grant of probate or of letters of administration, endorse on the policy a declaration that the requirements of paragraph (a) or (b) have been satisfied and that the person is the holder of the policy and thereupon that person becomes, subject to subsection (2), the holder of the policy.

(2) Subsection (1) does not confer on a person declared to be the holder of a policy any beneficial interest in the policy which he would not otherwise have had.

(3) This section applies to a policy referred to in subsection (1) whether the deceased policyholder dies before or after the commencement of this section.

- (4) This section does not apply to—
 - (*a*) a policy the surrender value of which at the date of the death of the deceased policyholder, exceeds two thousand dollars; or
 - (b) a policy which is one of two or more policies held by the deceased policyholder and issued by the same company if the aggregate of the surrender values of those policies at the date of the death of the deceased holder, exceeds two thousand dollars.

(5) For the purposes of subsection (4), the surrender value of a policy is the amount (including any amount in respect of bonus additions) which would be paid by the company issuing the policy upon its surrender.

(6) Nothing in this section shall affect the provisions of the Married Persons Act.

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Company may pay money to the Central Bank. [15 of 2004].

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143. (1) A company may pay to the Central Bank any money payable by it in respect of a policy for which, in the opinion of the company, no sufficient discharge can otherwise be obtained.

(2) The receipt of the Bank for any money paid under subsection (1) shall be a good and valid discharge to the company for the money so paid, and the money shall be dealt with according to an order made by the Court.

Unclaimed money. [15 of 2004]. **144.** (1) A company shall, within sixty days of its financial year, deliver—

- (a) to the Central Bank a statement of all unclaimed moneys as at that date; and
- (b) to the Comptroller a copy of the statement referred to in paragraph (a).

(2) The statement shall specify, in respect of each policy to which it refers—

- (a) the name and last known address of the person whose life is insured;
- (*b*) the name of the policyholder (if known) and his last known address; and
- (c) the amount due and the date on which it became due.

(3) The company shall at the time of delivery of the statement—

- (a) pay into the Central Bank for credit to the Consolidated Fund, the total amount of the unclaimed moneys shown on the statement, less any amount paid by the company to the person to whom the amount was due, between its financial year and the date on which the statement is delivered; and
- (b) furnish the Central Bank with written particulars of the amount paid to the person to whom the amount was due.

(4) Where unclaimed money is paid into the Central Bank under this section and the Bank is satisfied that, but for this

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section, a person would have been paid the unclaimed money by the company which made the payment or where that company is no longer carrying on that class of insurance business, by the company to which it sold or disposed of such business, the Bank shall pay the unclaimed money to that company and specify the person to whom that company is to pay the money, and that company shall thereupon pay the money to the person specified.

(5) Where in pursuance of this section a company has paid into the Central Bank an amount in respect of a policy and the company satisfies the Bank that the amount paid exceeds the amount which would have been payable under the policy to the policyholder, the Bank shall refund to the company the amount of the excess.

(6) On payment into the Central Bank of unclaimed money in accordance with this section, a company is, subject to subsection (4), discharged from further liability in respect of the amount paid.

(7) There shall be paid from the Consolidated Fund such sums as are necessary to give effect to this section.

(8) A company which fails to comply with any provision of this section is guilty of an offence.

(9) In this section—

"unclaimed moneys" means all sums of money which, after the commencement of this Act, become legally payable by a company in respect of policies but in respect of which the time within which proceedings may be taken for their recovery has expired, and includes sums of money payable on the maturity, after the commencement of this Act, of an endowment policy or an endowment insurance policy which are not claimed within seven years after the maturity date of the policy.

PROVISIONS RELATING TO INDUSTRIAL LIFE INSURANCE BUSINESS

145. (1) Where within twenty-eight days of the delivery of an Objection to policies.

(a) to the policyholder; or

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(b) at the place of abode of the policyholder, to some other person residing at that place and apparently not less than sixteen years of age and by whom any premium in respect of the policy is paid on behalf of the policyholder,

the policyholder returns the policy to the company with an objection in writing to any term or condition of the policy, the company shall forthwith refund any premium paid in respect of the policy which shall thereupon be cancelled.

(2) Where an industrial policy is sent by post by a company to the person to whom it is issued, it shall, unless the contrary is proved, be deemed to have been delivered to him at the time at which it would reach him in the ordinary course of post.

(3) For the purposes of this section, a policy shall be deemed to have been returned to a company with an objection if the policy and the written objection are posted for transmission to the company by registered letter.

Return of industrial policy and premiumreceipt book after inspection.

146. Where a company which carries on industrial life insurance business, or any person authorised by such company takes possession of an industrial policy or a premium-receipt book or any other document issued in connection with the policy, a receipt for the policy, book or document shall be given to the person from whom it was received, and the policy, book or document shall be returned to that person on demand at any time after the expiration of twenty-eight days from the receipt thereof, unless—

- (*a*) it is required for the purposes of evidence in legal proceedings;
- (b) the policy has been terminated by reason of the satisfaction of all claims arising under it; or
- (c) in the case of a policy, the company is entitled to retain the policy as security for money owing to the company by the policyholder.

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147. A person who wilfully makes or orders or allows to be Falsification. made any entry or erasure in or omits any entry or orders or allows any entry to be omitted from a collecting book or a premium-receipt book, with intent to falsify the book or to evade any of the provisions of this Act, is guilty of an offence.

148. (1) Where an agent or a servant of a company writes or Avoidance of fills in or has before the commencement of this Act, written or of particulars in filled in any particulars in a proposal for an industrial policy proposal filled in by agent or with the company, then, notwithstanding any agreement to the servant of a contrary between the proponent and the company, a policy issued in pursuance of the proposal shall not be avoided by reason only of an incorrect or untrue statement contained in such particulars unless the incorrect or untrue statement was in fact made by the proponent to the agent or servant for the purposes of the proposal.

(2) The burden of proving that an incorrect or untrue statement was made by the proponent lies on the company.

(3) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to allow the avoidance of any policy for any reason or in any circumstances for or in which the policy could not have been avoided apart from the provisions of this section.

149. Every industrial policy issued by a company shall contain— Particulars to

- (a) an endorsement or a statement in distinctive in policies. type specifying whether the policy is or is not a participating policy; and
- (b) a short statement in a form approved by the Central Bank setting out-
 - (i) the right of the policyholder to be granted a paid-up policy;
 - (ii) the right of the policyholder to surrender his policy and to receive in cash the surrender value of the policy; and
 - (iii) the conditions under which the policy may be forfeited.

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company.

be specified [15 of 2004].

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Issue of premiumreceipt book.

150. (1) A company shall, in respect of each industrial policy issued by it, issue to the policyholder a premium-receipt book.

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(2) A company shall not issue or permit to be used one premium-receipt book in respect of two or more policies held by different policyholders who are not members of the same household.

(3) Every premium-receipt book issued by a company shall contain in respect of each policy to which it relates-

- (a) an endorsement or a statement in distinctive type of the particulars referred to in section 149;
- (b) an entry made by the company of the following matters:
 - surname and initials of (i) the the policyholder and, where the policy is issued in respect of the life of a person other than the policyholder, the surname and initials of that person;
 - (ii) the date and number of the policy;
 - (iii) the amount of the weekly or other periodical premium; and
- (c) a notice stating that proof of age may be required before payment of the sum insured.

Premiumreceipt book to show date to which premiums have been paid.

151. (1) Every payment in respect of premiums under an industrial policy made to an agent or a servant of the company shall be recorded by the agent or servant in the premium-receipt book so as to clearly indicate the date to which premiums have been paid in respect of the policy or policies to which the premium-receipt book relates, and the record shall-

- (a) where it is the first entry on a page of the premium-receipt book, be signed by the agent or servant with his usual signature; and
- (b) where it is not such an entry, be signed by the agent or servant with his usual signature or be initialled by him.

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(2) Where a premium-receipt book relates to more than one policy and any payment for premiums on the policies is made which is less than the aggregate of the weekly or other periodical premiums in respect of all those policies, the person making the payment shall be required by the agent or servant of the company to state the policy or policies in respect of which no payment or an insufficient payment is made, and the agent or the servant shall clearly record the fact stated in the premium-receipt book (hereinafter referred to as "the original premium-receipt book").

(3) The company shall, unless the amount of the deficiency referred to in subsection (2) is paid before any further premiums are paid—

- (a) cause a separate premium-receipt book to be issued in accordance with section 150 in respect of any policy in relation to which the deficiency exists; and
- (b) cause to be cancelled the particulars and entry relating to any such policy in the original premium-receipt book.

152. Any provision in an agreement, whether made before or Guarantor not after the commencement of this Act, whereby the guarantor of an commission agent of any company is or may be required to pay to the onlapsed company the amount of any commissions repayable by the agent on account of lapsed industrial policies shall be void.

liable to refund policies.

153. Any provision in an agreement whereby the production in Certificate as to agent's or any legal proceedings of a certificate signed by an officer or a guarantor's indebtedness servant of a company may be deemed to be conclusive evidence of not conclusive the indebtedness or the amount of the indebtedness to the company evidence thereof. of any agent or of any guarantor of an agent shall be void.

MUTUALISATION

154. (1) Notwithstanding anything in its Memorandum or Conversion into mutual other instruments of incorporation or in its Articles or other Rules, or in this Act, a company may, with the approval of the ^[15 of 2004] Central Bank, establish and implement a plan in accordance with the provisions of this Part.

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(2) In this section and in sections 156 to 160—

"company" means a company incorporated in Trinidad and Tobago which has a share capital and is registered under this Act to transact long-term insurance business, whether alone or in combination with any other class of insurance business;

"plan" means a plan for the conversion of a company into a mutual company by the purchase of shares of the company or the conversion of the shares into debentures.

Application to establish a plan. [15 of 2004].

155. Every application for approval to establish and implement a plan shall be made in writing to the Central Bank.

Appointment of independent actuary. [15 of 2004]. **156.** (1) Where the Central Bank receives an application made in accordance with section 155 the Bank shall appoint an independent actuary to investigate the financial position of the company.

(2) The actuary appointed under subsection (1), shall, on the completion of his investigation, furnish the Bank with a report of his findings.

(3) In addition to the findings of the actuary the report shall state—

- (*a*) the price which should be offered for the shares of the company;
- (*b*) the terms and conditions of the security which should be offered in exchange for the shares; and
- (c) such other information as the Bank may require.

Approval of application. [15 of 2004].

157. Where after considering the report of the actuary appointed under section 156 the Central Bank is satisfied that the paid-up capital of the company has ceased to be an important factor in safe-guarding the interests of the policyholders of the company, having regard to—

- (*a*) the quality and amount of the assets of the company;
- (b) the surplus of the company relative to its liabilities;

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- (c) the nature of the business carried on by the company; and
- (d) any other considerations which the Bank may consider relevant,

the Bank may approve the application referred to in section 155.

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158. Where an application is approved by the Central Bank, Detailed plan to the Board of Directors of the company shall prepare and submit to the Bank a detailed plan which shall include-

- (a) particulars relating to the financial state of the company;
- (b) a statement of any actual or contingent liability as determined by the actuary;
- (c) any changes which are proposed to be made Memorandum and Articles in its of Association: and
- (d) such other information as the Bank may require.
- **159.** (1) When a plan is approved by the Central Bank—
 - (a) it shall be laid as a special resolution before the shareholders of the company at a special general meeting of the company duly called for considering the resolution, and there shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting the number of votes cast in favour of or against confirmation of the resolution:
 - (b) the Board of Directors shall send by post to each policyholder of the company at his last known address-
 - (i) a ballot-paper, and
 - (ii) a circular approved by the Bank, inviting the policyholders to vote by post on the resolution referred to in paragraph (a)within the time specified in the circular.

Acceptance of plan by shareholders and policy holders. [15 of 2004].

be submitted to Central Bank. [15 of 2004].

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(2) The resolution shall only be effective where it is approved by not less than fifty per cent of the votes cast by the shareholders at the special general meeting and by not less than fifty per cent of the votes cast by the policyholders in accordance with the circular referred to in subsection (1)(b)(ii).

(3) Where the resolution is effective the shareholders shall sell their shares to the company at such price as may be approved by the Bank.

160. All expenses incurred by the Central Bank in connection with an application for approval to establish and implement a plan shall be defrayed by the company, and any sum due in respect of those expenses may be recovered from the company by the Bank summarily as a civil debt.

MISCELLANEOUS

161. (1) A company shall keep in accordance with section 162 at its principal office in Trinidad and Tobago (hereinafter referred to as "the registry") a register of policies.

(2) A company shall have a representative in charge of the registry.

(3) The Central Bank shall be notified in writing of the situation of the registry and of the name of the representative in charge thereof and of any change in the situation of the registry or in the identity of the representative in charge thereof.

Registration of policies.

162. (1) Every policy in Trinidad and Tobago existing at the date of the commencement of this Act shall as at that date be registered by the company in the register required to be kept under section 161(1).

(2) A company shall specify its principal office in Trinidad and Tobago on every policy issued by it.

(3) Every policy in Trinidad and Tobago issued by a company after the commencement of this Act shall immediately after issue be registered by the company in the register.

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Register to be kept. [15 of 2004].

Recovery of expenses. [15 of 2004].

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(4) All moneys payable in respect of a policy shall, unless the company and the policyholder otherwise agree, be payable at the registry at which the policy is for the time being registered.

(5) A policy may, at the written request of the policyholder and with the consent of the company, be transferred from a register outside of Trinidad and Tobago to a register in Trinidad and Tobago, or from a register in Trinidad and Tobago to a register outside of Trinidad and Tobago.

(6) All expenses incurred in connection with the transfer of a policy pursuant to subsection (5) shall be borne by the policyholder.

163. (1) Where-

- (a) the holder of a policy; or
- (b) a person claiming the benefit of the provisions of section 140 or 142 in respect of a policy,

alleges that the policy (in this section referred to as "the original policy") is lost or has been destroyed, the company liable under the original policy may, subject to this section, on written application by the holder of the original policy or by the person referred to in paragraph (b) and upon such evidence as to the loss or destruction of the original policy as the company considers sufficient, issue to the applicant a special policy in substitution for the original policy.

(2) Where an application under subsection (1) is made by a person referred to in paragraph (b) of that subsection, the company shall not issue a special policy to such a person unless it is satisfied that the provisions of section 140 or 142 should be applied in favour of the applicant.

(3) A special policy shall—

- (a) be a copy, as nearly as can be ascertained, of the original policy in substitution for which it is issued;
- (b) contain copies of every endorsement on the original policy registered by the company; and
- (c) state the reason for the issue of such a policy.

Lost policy. [15 of 2004].

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(4) Where the amount insured exclusive of bonus additions, exceeds five thousand dollars the company shall, before issuing a special policy give at least one month's notice of its intention to do so in the *Gazette* and in a newspaper published in Trinidad and Tobago and approved by the Central Bank.

(5) The costs of the advertisement and all other costs incurred in the issue of a special policy shall be paid by the applicant at the time when the application is made.

(6) The fact that a special policy has been issued and the reason for its issue shall be recorded by the company in the appropriate register.

(7) Where a company fails to issue a special policy within six months after the receipt of a written application under subsection (1) the Court may, on an application by summons and upon such evidence as to the loss or destruction of the original policy as it deems sufficient, order the company, upon such terms and within such time as the Court thinks fit, to issue a special policy to the applicant.

(8) Where the holder of a special policy or a person claiming the benefit of the provisions of section 140 or 142 in respect of a special policy, claims that the special policy is lost or has been destroyed the provisions of this section shall apply as if the special policy were an original policy issued by the company.

Effect of capital punishment or suicide on policy.

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164. A policy shall not be avoided merely on the ground that the person whose life is insured suffered capital punishment or died by his own hand or act, whether or not at the time of his death he was mentally ill, where, upon the true construction of the policy, the company thereby agreed to pay the sum insured on the happening of either of those events.

Condition as to war risk void. **165.** Any term or condition of a policy which limits, to an amount less than the sum insured, the amount payable under the policy, in the event of the death of the life insured occurring as a result of war, shall not have any force or effect unless the person who effected the policy agreed in writing to the insertion in the policy of that term or condition.

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166. Failure on the part of a company to comply with any Policy not invalidated provision of this Act shall not in any way invalidate a policy in certain cases. issued by the company.

PART V

GENERAL INSURANCE

CONDITIONS

167. This section and sections 168 to 172 shall apply to all Application of companies registered under this Act to carry on insurance business in respect of any class of such business other than longterm insurance business.

168. Every company shall, in respect of its outstanding unexpired Computation of reserves policies, include in its liabilities in its annual statement deposited with liability. [15 of 2004] the Central Bank reserves computed on such basis as the Minister on the recommendation of the Central Bank may prescribe.

169. No dividend may be paid by any local company—

- (a) while its assets are less than the amount required for solvency by section 77; or
- (b) where the dividend would reduce its assets below the amount referred to in paragraph (a) or would impair its capital.

170. (1) Where it appears to the Central Bank that the assets Contravention. of any company fall below the amount required for solvency by section 77 the Bank, after giving the company a reasonable time to be heard by the Bank, shall—

- (a) forthwith withdraw the company's certificate of registration;
- (b) on such terms and conditions as the Bank considers necessary, specify a time within which the company shall make good the deficiency; or
- (c) where the admissible assets of the company are less than its total liabilities, including the reserves calculated in accordance with section 168 or

Dividend not to impair capital.

[15 of 2004].

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where the company has contravened the requirements of section 169, withdraw its certificate of registration.

(2) The certificate of registration of a company shall not be withdrawn during the time given the company to make good any deficiency referred to in subsection (1)(b).

(3) Where a company fails to make good a deficiency within the time specified by the Bank pursuant to subsection (1)(b), the Bank shall withdraw the certificate of registration of the company.

Appropriation of profits towards surplus.

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171. (1) A local company shall at the end of each year appropriate towards surplus at least twenty-five per cent of its profits for the preceding year until the surplus of the company equates with or exceeds the liability of the company in respect of outstanding unexpired policies required to be included in the annual statement in accordance with section 168.

(2) In this section "surplus" means the excess of assets over all the liabilities of the company, including its liability in respect of outstanding unexpired policies required to be included in the annual statement in accordance with section 168.

Additional reserves. [15 of 2004]. **172.** (1) Every company shall, in addition to the reserves required to be included pursuant to section 168, provide reserves for meeting outstanding claims.

(2) Every company shall furnish to the Central Bank details of the methods used in calculating the reserves to be provided under subsection (1).

(3) The Central Bank may disallow any method used in calculating the reserves referred to in subsection (2) where it is satisfied that the method does not result in the provision of adequate reserves.

Rates of premium to be prescribed. [15 of 2004]. **173.** The Minister may on the recommendation of the Central Bank from time to time prescribe minimum rates of premium in respect of various categories of motor vehicle insurance business.

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PART VI

PENSION FUND PLANS

174. (1) No person may establish or operate a pension Plan to be registered. fund plan (hereinafter referred to as "a plan") in Trinidad and Tobago unless the plan is registered under this Part.

(2) The provisions of subsection (1) shall not apply to a plan which was registered under the Insurance Act, 1966.

175. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Part, where a plan Qualifications for registration establishes a fund under trusts which are subject to the laws of of plan. [15 of 2004]. Trinidad and Tobago, in connection with an undertaking or a combination of undertakings carried on wholly or partly in Trinidad and Tobago, and the main purpose of that fund is-

- (a) the provision of superannuation allowances on retirement to persons employed in the undertaking or in the combination of undertakings in connection with which the fund is established;
- (b) the provision of pensions to the spouses of persons who are or have been so employed and of periodical allowances to or in respect of the children of such persons; or
- (c) the assurance of capital sums on the death of persons who were so employed,

such a plan shall be qualified for registration under this Part if the Rules of the plan comply with the requirements set out in Part I of the Fourth Schedule.

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(2) Where a plan establishing a fund for any of the purposes set out in subsection (1)(a), (b) or (c) is in operation before the commencement of this Act that plan shall, subject to such directions as to the amendment of its Rules as the Central Bank may give, be treated as qualified for registration under this Part although—

> (a) the fund created under the plan is not established under trusts or under trusts which are subject to the laws of Trinidad and Tobago; or

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Fourth Schedule.	(b) the plan does not comply with the requirements set out in Part I of the Fourth Schedule.
Registration. [15 of 2004].		n application for the registration of a plan under be addressed to the Central Bank and shall—
	(a) be in the form prescribed;
	<i>(b</i>) be signed by the trustees of the plan;
	(c) specify the address at which communications concerning the plan will be received (hereinafter referred to as "the address of the plan");
	(d) be accompanied by—
		(i) two copies of the Trust Deed and of the Rules of the plan;
		(ii) a copy of the actuarial report on which the plan is based;
		(iii) a list of the names and addresses of the trustees of the plan;
		(iv) in the case of an insured plan a copy of the policy of insurance related to benefits provided by the plan; and
		(v) such other documents or further information as may be prescribed.
	provisions of the register the pla	here an application is made in accordance with the his Part for the registration of a plan the Bank shall n and the Rules thereof where it is satisfied that the fied for registration.
		he Bank shall on registering a plan under this Part gister the address of the plan and the names and he trustees.
	(4) W	here —
	(a	 the Trust Deed or the Rules, or both, of a plan registered under this Part (hereinafter referred to as a "registered plan") are amended; or there is any change in the address of the plan or

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(b) there is any change in the address of the plan or in the names or addresses of the trustees thereof,

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the trustees shall, within twenty-one days of the amendment or the change, apply for the registration of the amendment or for the correction of the register in respect of the change.

An application for an amendment or for the (5) correction of the register in respect of a change shall be addressed to the Bank and shall-

- (a) be in the form prescribed;
- (b) be signed by one of the trustees of the plan; and
- (c) be accompanied—
 - (i) in the case of an amendment, by two copies thereof signed by one of the trustees; or
 - (ii) in the case of a change, by such particulars as may be necessary for the correction of the register.

177. (1) An amendment to Trust Deed or Rules, or both, of a Amendment not registered plan shall not be valid unless the amendment is registered.

(2) Where an application for the registration of an amendment is made in accordance with section 176(5), the Central Bank shall register the amendment, where it is satisfied-

- (a) that the Trust Deed or the Rules, or both, as amended would not have disqualified the plan from registration under this Part; or
- (b) in the case of a plan which should be harmonised with the system of national insurance established under the National Ch. 32:01. Insurance Act, that the plan otherwise complies with the requirements of any Regulations made under that Act for the purpose of harmonisation.

178. (1) The Central Bank shall on registering any plan or Certificate of any amendment to the Trust Deed or the Rules, or both, of a [15 of 2004]. registered plan under this Part, issue to the applicant a Certificate of Registration (hereinafter referred to as "a Certificate").

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valid until registered. [15 of 2004].

Registration.

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(2) Any document purporting to be a Certificate issued by the Central Bank under subsection (1), shall be received in evidence and be deemed to be so issued without further proof unless the contrary is shown, and shall be conclusive evidence of the fact certified.

Cancellation of registration. [15 of 2004]. **179.** (1) The registration of a registered plan shall not be cancelled unless the plan has been wound up.

(2) The trustees of a registered plan shall, within fourteen days of the completion of the winding up of the plan, notify the Central Bank in writing that the winding up has been completed.

(3) On receiving notice in writing that a registered plan has been wound up, the Bank shall cancel the registration of the plan where it is satisfied that—

- (a) the plan has been wound up; and
- (b) the assets of the plan have been applied in accordance with the Rules of the plan.

Fees to be prescribed.

- **180.** (1) The fees payable in respect of -
 - (*a*) the registration of a plan;
 - (*b*) the registration of any amendment to the Trust Deed or the Rules, or both of the registered plan;
 - (c) the correction of the register occasioned by a change in the name or address of a trustee or a change in the address of a registered plan,

shall be such as may be prescribed.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) no fees shall be payable in respect of the registration of any amendment to the Rules of a registered plan where the amendment is solely for the purpose of complying with the requirements of any Regulations made under the National Insurance Act, for the purpose of harmonisation.

Power to delete provisions for avoiding the rule against perpetuities. [15 of 2004].

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181. (1) Where an application is made under this Part for the registration of a plan the Rules of which were made before the commencement of this Act, and the Central Bank is satisfied that

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the Rules of the plan contain provisions which were embodied only for the purpose of avoiding the application to the trusts of the plan of the rule of law relating to perpetuities the Bank may, at the request of the trustees who made the application-

- (a) amend the Rules by deleting those provisions; and
- (b) make any further amendments which are in the opinion of the Bank necessary as a result of the deletion.

(2) Where the Rules of a plan are amended by the Bank pursuant to subsection (1), the Rules shall, when registered, have effect subject to the amendments.

182. (1) The Central Bank may require any person who is an Supplementary employer, an insurer, a trustee or an officer of a plan for the powers of registration of which application has been made under this Part, [15 of 2004]. or of any registered plan to furnish either by statutory declaration or otherwise, any information or explanation which may be necessary for the proper exercise and performance of the powers and duties of the Bank under this Part.

(2) Where the trustees of a registered plan commit a breach of trust by making an unauthorised investment or by violating any rule of the plan, where the rule is necessary for registration under this Part, the Central Bank shall have the same remedies in all respects for the breach of trust as if it were a person beneficially interested in the plan.

(3) The Central Bank or any person authorised by the Bank in writing may at any reasonable time inspect or examine any books, records or other documents relating to a registered plan or any plan in respect of which an application for registration is made under this Part, or any securities or obligations in which pension fund moneys of any such plan are invested.

183. (1) Every trustee and the secretary of a registered plan Penalties for are guilty of an offence where in respect of that plan, there is default. [15 of 2004].

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default in complying with any of the requirements of this Part relating to—

(a) accounts and reports;

- (b) the making of applications for the registration of any amendment to the Trust Deed or to the Rules, or both, of the plan or, the correction of the register in respect of a change in the address of the plan or in the names and addresses of the trustees thereof; or
- (c) the giving of notice to the Central Bank or the winding up of the plan.

(2) It is a defence to any proceedings instituted under subsection (1) against the trustees and the secretary of a registered plan to prove that the default occurred without their consent or connivance and was not facilitated by any neglect on their part.

(3) A person who is lawfully required under this Part by the Central Bank to furnish any information or explanation which could with reasonable diligence be furnished by him makes default in complying with any such requirement within fourteen days after written notice thereof has been delivered to him, is guilty of an offence.

(4) A person who is guilty of an offence under this Part is liable on summary conviction to a fine of five thousand dollars and in the case of a continuing offence to a further fine of one hundred dollars for every day during which the offence is committed after conviction therefor.

Annual accounts and balance sheet to be submitted. [15 of 2004]. **184.** (1) The trustees of each plan registered under this Part shall—

(*a*) submit annually to the Central Bank a balance sheet and statement of accounts for each accounting year within six months of the expiration of that accounting year;

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(b) file with the Central Bank	annually or at such	
(b) the with the Central Bank periods and in such form a	2	

any information or return relating to such plan.

(2) The balance sheet and statement of accounts referred to in subsection (1) shall—

- (a) before they are submitted to the Central Bank, be audited by an auditor approved by the Bank; and
- (b) be prepared in accordance with the forms set out as Forms A and B respectively of Part II of the Forms A and B Fourth Schedule.

185. (1) The trustees of each registered plan shall appoint an Actuarial actuary or a consulting actuary to make an investigation into the Investigation. [15 of 2004]. financial condition of the plan and to report on his findings.

(2) An investigation under subsection (1) shall be made every three years or at such shorter intervals as the Central Bank may specify.

(3) A copy of the report prepared in accordance with Part III of the Fourth Schedule and signed by the actuary shall be Part III furnished to the Bank.

(4) The provisions of subsections (1) and (3) shall not apply to a plan insured with an insurer, but the trustees of such a plan shall obtain from the insurer a certificate to the effect that the plan has been valued by an actuary.

(5) The certificate required by subsection (4) together with the Tables set out in Part III of the Fourth Schedule shall be deposited by the trustees with the Bank.

186. (1) The trustees of a registered plan shall not invest the Investment. [15 of 2004 22 of 2007]. assets of the plan except-

- (a) in such securities as a company may by section 46 invest the assets of its statutory fund; and
- (b) in any other manner as specified in the Second Second Schedule. Schedule.

(2) No trustee may invest the assets of a pension fund in the equity, debentures or other evidence of indebtedness of the employer or any subsidiary or associate of the employer or of any company of which the employer is a subsidiary or an associate.

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> (3) The Minister may on the recommendation of the Central Bank prescribe the percentage which a plan's assets originating in Trinidad and Tobago shall bear to the total of its assets.

Rule of law against perpetuities not to apply.

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187. The rule of law relating to perpetuities shall not apply and shall be deemed never to have applied to the trusts of a registered plan.

PART VII

ASSOCIATIONS OF UNDERWRITERS

Registration of associations [15 of 2004].

188. (1) No association of underwriters may carry on of underwriters. insurance business in Trinidad and Tobago—

- (a) unless it is registered under this Part; and
- (b) except in accordance with the provisions of this Part.

(2) An application for registration of an association shall be accompanied by-

- (a) a copy of its statute or Deed of Association;
- (b) a certificate stating, in the case of an association established outside of Trinidad and Tobago-
 - (i) that the association has been established for at least five years;
 - (ii) that the law of the country in which it was established provides for the regulating of associations of underwriters; and
 - (iii) that the association is operating in accordance with that law;
- (c) a list of the names and addresses of persons appointed as its agents or brokers in Trinidad and Tobago; and
- (d) any further information the Central Bank may require.

(3) The Central Bank may register an association of underwriters as an insurer where it is satisfied that the association complies with the provisions of this Part.

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(4) Where an association of underwriters is registered under this Part no member of that association may carry on insurance business, other than long-term insurance business, in Trinidad and Tobago until the President by Order declares the date from which such business may be carried on.

189. (1) An association of underwriters may not be Deposit by registered under this Part to carry on, or carry on, any class of underwriters. insurance business unless it has deposited with the Central Bank an amount equal to three hundred and fifty thousand dollars or to forty per cent of the premium income of its members, whichever amount is the greater, with respect to Trinidad and Tobago insurance business during the financial year last preceding the date of the deposit.

(2) Where an association of underwriters has made a deposit as required by subsection (1), it shall at the end of each financial year where necessary, deposit or be refunded an amount equal to the difference between the last preceding deposit and forty per cent of the relevant premium income during such financial year, except that an association of underwriters shall not have as a deposit with the Bank an amount less than three hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

(3) A deposit made in pursuance of this section may be either in the form of cash or in the form of approved securities or partly in the form of cash and partly in the form of approved securities.

(4) The provisions of sections 30 to 34 shall apply to a deposit made in pursuance of this section except that the words "association of underwriters" shall be substituted for the word "company".

190. (1) An applicant who applies for registration as an Applicant to be insurer shall be notified in writing by the Central Bank whether Central Bank's it is proposed to register him or to reject his application.

informed of decision with respect to

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(2) Where the Bank proposes to reject the application, it ^[15 of 2004] shall state in writing its reasons therefor.

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association of [15 of 2004].

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(3) An association which is aggrieved by the decision of the Bank to reject its application may appeal against the decision in the manner specified in section 205.

Documents and information relating to insurance business to be furnished to Central Bank. [15 of 2004].

191. An association of underwriters registered under this Part, shall within six months of the end of each financial year furnish to the Central Bank, in the case of an association established in Trinidad and Tobago such documents and information as the Bank may require and in the case of an association established outside of Trinidad and Tobago—

- (a) a certified copy of such returns relating to the insurance business of its members during the preceding year as are required to be made to the responsible Minister or other public authority in the country in which the association is established;
- (b) a certificate, signed by the Chairman or other presiding officer of the association and by or on behalf of the responsible Minister or other public authority stating whether the association has complied with the requirements of the law governing the regulating of associations of underwriters in the country in which it is established;
- (c) the latest annual list of the names of its members and the names of the members of its Committee or other governing body; and
- (d) a statement of receipt and expenditure by its members in Trinidad and Tobago during the preceding year.

Registered association may be prohibited from writing business. [15 of 2004]. **192.** (1) The Central Bank may prohibit a registered association from writing new policies in any class of insurance business where it is satisfied that it is in the interest of the policyholders or prospective policyholders to do so.

(2) Where the Central Bank exercises its power under subsection (1), it shall notify the registered association of its decision and state its reasons therefor.

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(3) A registered association which is aggrieved by the decision of the Central Bank may appeal against the decision in the manner specified in section 205.

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193. (1) The Central Bank may cancel the registration of Cancellation of registration. [15 of 2004]. an association-

- (a) where the Bank is not satisfied that the insurance business of its members is being conducted in accordance with sound insurance principles;
- (b) where the association fails to comply with any requirements imposed upon it under this Part;
- (c) where the Bank is satisfied that the members of the association have not commenced business within one year of registration or have ceased to carry on business in Trinidad and Tobago; or
- (d) at the request of the association.

(2) Where the Bank cancels the registration of an association, it shall state in writing its reasons therefor.

(3) An association which is aggrieved by the decision of the Bank to cancel its registration may appeal against the decision in the manner specified in section 205.

(4) On an appeal the Court of Appeal or the Judge in Chambers may confirm or reverse the decision of the Bank.

194. An association of underwriters, the application for Policies issued registration of which has been rejected or the registration of which has of application or been cancelled, shall continue to carry on business relating to policies issued by it before the date on which it was notified of the rejection ^[15 of 2004]. or cancellation unless the Central Bank is satisfied that it has made suitable arrangements for its obligations under such policies.

before rejection cancellation of registration.

PART VIII

MISCELLANEOUS

195. (1) Where a policy is issued after October 5, 1966 but Jurisdiction of before January 1, 1999 and the premiums in respect of that policy local Courts. are payable or paid in Trinidad and Tobago-

(a) such premiums shall be payable or paid; and

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(b) any sums payable or paid upon the maturity of such policy shall be payable or paid,

in Trinidad and Tobago currency.

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(1A) Where a policy is issued on or after January 1, 1999 and the premiums in respect of that policy are payable or paid in Trinidad and Tobago—

- (a) such premiums shall be payable or paid in any currency; and
- (b) any sums payable or paid upon the maturity of such policy shall be payable or paid in the currency in which the premiums had been paid.

(2) Every policy issued in Trinidad and Tobago through a person or an office in Trinidad and Tobago shall, notwithstanding any agreement to the contrary, be governed by the laws of Trinidad and Tobago and shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Courts of Trinidad and Tobago.

196. (1) A person shall not publish in respect of a company or in respect of a company proposed to be formed after the commencement of this Act a prospectus, notice, circular, advertisement or other invitation offering to the public for subscription any shares in the company or proposed company unless the prospectus, notice, circular, advertisement or other invitation is first submitted to and approved by the Central Bank.

(2) A person who is acting as the promoter of any such proposed company shall not accept any office of profit in the company or any payment or pecuniary advantage other than as provided in the prospectus, notice, circular, advertisement or other invitation.

Voting by post.

197. (1) A company which does not have shareholders shall, notwithstanding anything contained in the instruments constituting the company or in the Articles of Association or other Rules of the company, within one year of its registration under this Act make arrangements for—

(a) the establishment of a postal voters' roll in relation to voting in contested elections of directors of the

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Issue of capital by company. [15 of 2004].

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company or on questions pertaining to the alterations of the instruments constituting the company or of the Articles of Association or other Rules of the company;

- (b) the enrolment on the postal voters' roll of any member of the company entitled to vote in such elections or on such questions, who applies to be enrolled;
- (c) the voting by post in any such election or on any such question by every member enrolled; and
- (d) the inspection of the postal voters' roll and the taking of copies of or extracts from the roll on and after the close of nominations and before the close of the voting in any such election, by any person nominated for election as a director of the company.

(2) All regular votes of members given in pursuance of the arrangements referred to in subsection (1) shall be valid and effectual for all purposes.

(3) Where a member who is enrolled on the postal voters' roll of a company fails to exercise his right to vote by post on three consecutive occasions on which he is entitled to do so, the company may remove his name from the roll, but the member is eligible for re-enrolment.

(4) The provisions of this section do not apply to a company which is incorporated outside of Trinidad and Tobago.

198. Any person may, upon payment of such fee as may be Inspection of prescribed, inspect at the Central Bank any document submitted documents. [15 of 2004]. to the Bank pursuant to section 61(2) and make a copy of or extract from that document.

199. Every document purporting to be—

be received in (a) certified by the Central Bank to be a document evidence. submitted to the Bank under the provisions of this Act: or

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Documents to

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(b) certified by the Central Bank to be a copy of such a document,

shall be deemed to be such a document or copy thereof and shall be received in evidence as if it were the original document unless some variation between it and the original document is proved.

Publication of authorised subscribed and paid-up capital.

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200. Where any notice, advertisement or other official publication of a company contains a statement of the authorised capital of the company, the publication shall also contain a statement of the amount of the capital which has been subscribed and the amount which has been paid-up.

Power to collect statistics. [15 of 2004].

201. (1) The Central Bank shall collect at such times as may be prescribed such statistics in relation to insurance business as may be prescribed.

(2) Every company shall, for the purpose of enabling the Central Bank to collect statistics under this section, furnish the Central Bank in accordance with the prescribed form and at such times as may be prescribed such particulars as may be specified in that form.

(3) A person shall not publish any particulars furnished by a company to the Central Bank under this section in such form as to disclose the details of those particulars, and a person shall not publish the number of returns received where such number is less than five.

Serving of notice. [15 of 2004]. **202.** (1) Where a notice is required or permitted by this Act to be given to or served upon a person, the notice shall be in writing and may be given or served—

- (a) where the notice is addressed to a person other than a company, by serving it upon him personally or by sending it by registered post addressed to him at his usual or last known place of abode or business; and
- (*b*) where the notice is addressed to a company, by serving it personally upon the person last known

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to the Central Bank as being a director or the principal representative or an officer of the company or by sending it by registered post addressed to such person at his address last known to the Bank.

(2) Where a notice is sent by registered post, it shall be deemed to have been given or served on the date on which it would have been delivered in the ordinary course of post.

(3) In this section "company" includes a body corporate which has ceased carrying on insurance business in Trinidad and Tobago.

203. Any document required by or under this Act to be signed Authority by a director or the principal representative of a company may be documents. signed by any other officer of the company where-

- (a) the officer is authorised to do so by the Board of Directors: and
- (b) the Board of Directors has notified the Central Bank in writing of the authorisation.

204. Where a document is by this Act required to be printed, the Printing of Central Bank may permit it to be typewritten or lithographed or to [15 of 2004]. be reproduced by such mechanical means as the Bank may approve.

205. (1) Except where otherwise provided by this Act or the Appeals. Regulations, an appeal shall lie to a Judge in Chambers from any decision, direction, refusal, ruling or order of the Central Bank given or made under this Act.

(2) An appellant may, within fifteen days of the receipt of the notification of the decision, direction, refusal, ruling or order of the Central Bank, file with the Registrar of the Supreme Court, an appeal against such decision, direction, refusal, ruling or order, setting forth the ground of appeal.

(2A) Notwithstanding that an appeal lies under this Act or under the Regulations from any decision, direction, refusal,

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to sign [15 of 2004].

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ruling or order of the Central Bank, such decision, direction, refusal, ruling or order shall be binding upon the appellant unless, on an application made to a Judge in Chambers for the grant of an injunction before the determination of the appeal, the Judge is satisfied that circumstances exist that warrant the stay of any further action by the Bank and grants an injunction to the appellant on such terms and conditions as the Judge may direct.

(3) Where a Judge grants an injunction under subsection (2A)-

- (a) no further action may be taken by the Central Bank in respect of any decision, direction, refusal, ruling or order to which the injunction relates; and
- (b) the injunction shall have effect—
 - (i) unless otherwise revoked, varied or suspended by the Court, before any proceedings to which the appeal relates, are concluded; or
 - (ii) until the Court determines the appeal, whichever is earlier.

(4) On an appeal the appellant and the Central Bank as respondent may appear personally or be represented by an Attorney-at-law or by any other person.

(5) An appeal from the determination by a Judge in Chambers shall be to the Court of Appeal the decision of which shall be final.

(6) On an appeal a Judge in Chambers or the Court of Appeal, as the case may be, may confirm, reverse or vary any decision, direction, refusal, ruling or order made or given by the Central Bank.

(7) The Rules Committee established under the Supreme Court of Judicature Act, may make Rules prescribing the conduct of appeals filed under subsection (1) and the time within which notice of appeal to the Court of Appeal shall be given.

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206. (1) A p	erson who contravenes—		Offences. [15 of 2004].
<i>(a)</i>	any provision of this Act of	•	[13 01 2004].
	regulation made thereunder	with which he was	
	required to comply;		
<i>(b)</i>	any direction, Order or rec	0	
	made by the Central Bank, th	e Inspector or other	
	person authorised by the Bar	nk,	

is guilty of an offence unless he proves that he did not knowingly commit such contravention.

(2) Where the offence committed is as a result of a default in complying with any provision of this Act or of any Order or regulation made thereunder or with any direction, Order or requirement referred to in subsection (1)(b), the offence shall be deemed to be continued so long as the default continues.

(3) In this section "person" includes a company.

207. A person is guilty of an offence who signs any document, Offence to sign required by or under this Act to be signed by him, which contains any false particulars known to him to be false.

208. (1) A company which fails to comply with any direction Consequence of given to it by the Central Bank under section 42 within the time with s. 42. specified in that section may be ordered by the Central Bank to cease issuing new policies.

(2) A company which continues to issue new policies after it has been ordered by the Central Bank to cease doing so is guilty of an offence.

209. A person who—

- (a) by knowingly making a false, misleading or enter into deceptive statement;
- (b) by recklessly making (dishonestly or otherwise) means of false statement. any statement which is false, misleading or deceptive; or
- (c) by dishonestly concealing material facts,

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Offence to induce person to insurance contract by

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false document.

non-compliance [15 of 2004].

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induces or attempts to induce another person to enter into or offer to enter into any contract of insurance is guilty of an offence.

Restriction on issuing insurance advertisement. [15 of 2004].

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210. (1) No person may after such date as may be fixed by the Minister on the recommendation of the Central Bank by notice published in the *Gazette*, issue an insurance advertisement except in accordance with Regulations made under this Act.

(2) A person who contravenes the provisions of subsection (1) is guilty of an offence.

Person who issues insurance advertisement on behalf of another is guilty of offence unless contents not devised by him. **211.** (1) A person who in the ordinary course of his business issues an insurance advertisement on behalf of or to the order of another person, the issue of which by that other person would constitute an offence under section 210(1) is guilty of an offence unless he proves that the matters contained in the insurance advertisement were not (wholly or in part) devised or selected by him or by any person under his direction or control.

(2) For the purposes of subsection (1) an insurance advertisement issued by any person on behalf of or to the order of another person shall be treated as an advertisement issued by that other person.

(3) For the purposes of any proceedings instituted under subsection (1) an insurance advertisement inviting persons to enter into or to offer to enter into insurance contracts with a person specified in the advertisement shall be deemed, unless the contrary is proved, to have been issued by that person.

(4) In this section and in section 210-

"advertisement" includes every form of advertising whether in the form of a publication or by the display of notices or by means of circulars or other documents or by an exhibition of photographs or cinematograph films or by way of sound broadcasting.

Director, etc., deemed to be guilty of offence. **212.** Where an offence against this Act is committed by a company and the offence is proved to have been committed with the consent or connivance of, or to have been facilitated by any

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neglect on the part of any director, principal representative or any other officer or any actuary or auditor of the company, that person as well as the company is guilty of the offence.

213. All offences against this Act for which no other penalty Penalties. is specified is punishable, in the case of a company, by a fine not exceeding five thousand dollars and in the case of an individual by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or to imprisonment for six months.

214. (1) The Minister may, on the recommendation of the Regulations. Central Bank, make Regulations for the purpose of giving effect to this Act and in particular may make Regulations-

[15 of 2004].

- (a) prescribing anything which is required or authorised to be prescribed by this Act;
- (b) governing reinsurance business;
- (c) governing the holding and conduct of examinations for persons applying to be registered as brokers, salesmen or agents and the exemption of persons from such examinations;
- (d) determining the remuneration or allowances payable to persons who have been appointed examiners for the purposes of paragraph (c);
- (e) governing the solvency of brokers and agents;
- (f) relating to the provision of identification cards for persons who are registered under this Act as brokers, salesmen, agents or adjusters;
- (g) controlling, restricting or prohibiting the making of linked long-term insurance contracts by a company which is registered in Trinidad and Tobago to carry on insurance business in that country;
- (h) specifying what registers are to be kept for the purposes of this Act;
- (*i*) governing the form and contents of insurance advertisements;

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First Schedule.	(k)	relating to contracts of the class specified in paragraph 1 of the First Schedule; governing the valuation of assets; relating to provisions for the writing-off of preliminary expenses and the deferring of acquisition costs in respect of new insurance business.
	subsection (1) n	gulations made under paragraphs (a) to (g) of hay authorise the Central Bank— to exempt from the provisions of this Act any class of insurance business where the Bank considers such exemption necessary having regard to the class of insurance business and to
	(b)	the provisions of this Act; or to approve, in relation to any company, the use of any prescribed form with such modifications as the Bank thinks fit, where the Bank is satisfied that the modification would not substantially affect the purpose of the form.
		gulations made under subsection $(1)(g)$ shall be ontracts specified in that paragraph which—
	(a)	are entered into by insurance companies to which Part II of this Act applies or by members of Lloyds or of any other association of underwriters approved by the Central Bank for the purposes of Part VII of this Act; and
	(b)	are contracts under which the benefits payable to the policyholder are wholly or partly to be determined by reference to the value of or the income from property of any description, or by reference to fluctuations in or in an index of the value of property of any description, whether or not specified in the contract.
	-	gulations made under subsection $(1)(g)$ may make ons in relation to different cases or circumstances,

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and the Minister may, on the application of any insurer alter the provisions of any such Regulations so as to adapt those provisions to the special circumstances of an insurer or to any particular kind of contract entered into or proposed to be entered into by that insurer.

(5) Regulations made under subsection (1)(g) may make provision—

- (a) restricting the descriptions of property or the indices of the value of property by reference to which benefits under the contracts may be determined;
- (b) regulating the manner in which and the frequency with which property of any description is to be valued for the purpose of determining the benefits referred to in paragraph (a);
- (c) requiring insurers under contract to appoint valuers to carry out valuations of property of any description in order to determine the benefits referred to in paragraph (a);
- (*d*) prescribing the qualifications of a valuer and his relationship with the insurer;
- (e) requiring insurers under the contract to furnish in such manner and at such times as may be specified in the Regulations, such information relating to the value of the benefits under the contracts as may be specified in the Regulations;
- (f) requiring insurers under the contracts to furnish to the Central Bank in such manner and at such times as may be specified in the Regulations, such information as may be specified therein relating to the contracts or with any class or description of the contracts;
- (g) enabling the Central Bank to publish the information referred to in paragraph (f) in such ways as the Bank thinks fit.

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(6) Regulations made under subsection (1)(i) may make different provisions in relation to insurance advertisements of different classes of descriptions.

(7) Regulations requiring insurers to furnish information as required by subsection (5)(e) may, in relation to notices which are required to be sent to policyholders impose requirements which would ensure that the notices are easily legible.

Section 2.

FIRST SCHEDULE

CLASSES OF INSURANCE BUSINESS

1. "Ordinary long-term insurance business" means business of any of the following classes:

- (a) the effecting and carrying out of contracts of insurance on human life or contracts to pay annuities on human life;
- (b) the effecting and carrying out of contracts of insurance against the risks—
 - (i) of death or personal injury of the persons insured resulting from an accident or from an accident of a specified class;
 - (ii) of the persons insured becoming incapacitated as a result of disease or of a disease of a specified class,

if, in the absence of special circumstances specifically provided for in such contracts, they cannot be terminated before the expiration of five years from the date on which they were entered into;

(c) the effecting and carrying out of contracts of insurance other than contracts referred to in paragraph (b), whether effected by the issue of policies, bonds or endowment certificates or otherwise, under which in return for one or more premiums paid to the insurer, a sum or a series of sums becomes payable to the insured at a future date.

2. Where the principal object of a contract of insurance is to insure a person against risks of such kinds that the business of effecting and carrying out contracts

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of insurance against such risks constitutes marine, aviation and transport insurance business, motor vehicle insurance business or property insurance business, a company shall not for the purposes of this Act be treated as carrying on ordinary long-term insurance business by reason only of the incidental inclusion in such a contract of a provision whereby the company assumes liability against the happening of personal accidents, whether fatal or not.

3. "Industrial Life Insurance Business" means the business of effecting and carrying out insurance upon human life, premiums in respect of which are contracted to be paid at intervals of less than two months and which are received by means of collectors.

4. "Liability insurance business" means the business of effecting and carrying out contracts of insurance, against risks of the persons insured incurring liabilities to third parties, not being risks arising out of, or in connection with the use of motor vehicles or out of, or in connection with the use of vessels or aircraft or risks incidental to the construction, repair or docking of vessels or aircraft.

5. Where the principal object of a contract of insurance is to insure a person against risks of such kinds that the business of effecting and carrying out contracts of insurance against such risks constitutes property insurance business, a company shall not for the purposes of this Act be treated as carrying on liability insurance business by reason only of the incidental inclusion in such a contract of a provision whereby the company assumes liability against the risk of the person insured incurring liabilities to third parties.

6. "Marine, aviation and transport business" means the business of effecting and carrying out contracts of insurance—

- (*a*) upon vessels or aircraft, or upon the machinery, tackle, furniture or equipment of vessels or aircraft;
- (b) upon goods, merchandise or property of any description whatever on board of vessels or aircraft;
- (c) upon the freight of, or any other interest in or relating to vessels or aircraft;
- (d) against damage arising out of, or in connection with, the use of vessels or aircraft, including third-party risks;
- (e) against risks incidental to the construction, repair or docking of vessels including third-party risks;
- (f) against transit risks (whether the transit is by sea, inland water, land or air, or partly one and partly another), including risks incidental to the transit insured from the commencement of the transit to the ultimate destination covered by the insurance; or

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(g) against any other risks insurance against which is customarily undertaken in conjunction with, or as falls within this definition by virtue of any of the foregoing paragraphs.

7. Where the principal object of a contract of insurance is to insure a person against risks of such kinds that the business of effecting and carrying out contracts of insurance against such risks constitutes insurance business of some other class, a company shall not for the purposes of this Act be treated as carrying on marine, aviation and transport insurance business by reason only of the incidental inclusion in such a contract of a provision whereby the company assumes liability of a kind which by itself would constitute liability against any of the risks specified in paragraph 6(a) to (g).

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8. "Motor vehicle insurance business" means the business of effecting and carrying out contracts of insurance against loss of, or damage to, or loss or damage arising out of or in connection with the use of, motor vehicles, inclusive of third-party risk but exclusive of transit risks.

9. For the purposes of this Act a company shall not be treated as carrying on motor vehicle insurance business by reason only of the fact that goods, merchandise or property upon which a contract of insurance is effected by it (being goods, merchandise or property on board of a vessel or an aircraft) consist of, or include motor vehicles.

10. "Pecuniary loss insurance business" means the business of effecting and carrying out contracts of insurance against any of the following risks:

- (a) of loss to the persons insured arising from the insolvency of their debtors or from the failure (otherwise than through insolvency) of their debtors to pay their debts when due;
- (b) of loss to the persons insured arising from their having to perform contracts of guarantee entered into by them;
- (c) of loss to the persons insured attributable to interruptions of the carrying on of business carried on by them or to reduction of the scope of business so carried on;
- (d) of loss to the persons insured attributable to their incurring unforeseen expenses; and
- (e) neither falling within any of the foregoing paragraphs nor being a kind such that the carrying on of the business of effecting and carrying out contracts of insurance against them constitutes the carrying on of insurance business of some other class.

11. Where the principal object of a contract of insurance is to insure a person against risks of such kinds that the business of effecting and carrying

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out contracts of insurance against such risks constitutes marine, aviation and transport insurance business, motor vehicle insurance business or property insurance business, a company shall not for the purposes of this Act be treated as carrying on pecuniary loss insurance business by reason only of the incidental inclusion in such a contract of a provision whereby the company assumes liability against the risks specified in paragraph 10(c) and (d).

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12. "Personal accident insurance business" means the business of effecting and carrying out contracts of insurance against the risks of the persons insured—

- (a) dying or sustaining injury as the result of an accident or of an accident of a specified class; or
- (b) becoming incapacitated as the result of a disease or a disease of a specified class,

where such contracts do not fall within the classes of contracts specified in paragraph (b) of the definition of Ordinary Long-term insurance business.

13. Where the principal object of a contract of insurance is to insure a person against risks of such kinds that the business of effecting and carrying out contracts of insurance against such risks constitutes marine, aviation and transport insurance business, motor vehicle insurance business or property insurance business, a company shall not for the purposes of this Act be treated as carrying on personal accident insurance business by reason only of the incidental inclusion in such a contract of a provision whereby the company assumes liability against the happening of personal accidents, whether fatal or not.

14. "Property insurance business" means the business of effecting and carrying out contracts of insurance against risks of loss of or damage to property, not being risks of such kinds that the business of effecting and carrying out contracts of insurance against them constitutes marine, aviation and transport insurance business or motor vehicle insurance business.

SECOND SCHEDULE

ASSETS IN WHICH THE STATUTORY FUNDS MAY BE INVESTED

Section 46. [180/1983 41/1987 13/1992 93/1992 9 of 1997 110/1998 281/2000 15 of 2004

A company may invest its statutory funds in assets of the 110/1998 281/2000 15 of 200

1. (a) the bonds, debentures, stocks, or other evidence of ^{32/2006} indebtedness of or guaranteed by the Government of—

(i) Trinidad and Tobago;

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		(ii) any Commonwealth country or dependency or th Republic of Ireland;
		(iia) any member country of the Organisation of Economic Co-operation and Development;
		(iii) the United States of America or a State thereor approved by the Supervisor of Insurance;
		(iv) the country in which the head office of the company situated or a province or State thereof; or
		(v) any country approved by the Central Bank;
	(b)	the bonds, debentures or other evidence of indebtedness of corporation incorporated in Trinidad and Tobago which as fully secured by a statutory charge upon real estate or upor the plant or equipment or other tangible assets of the corporation used in the transaction of its business;
	(c)	the bonds, debentures or other evidence of indebtedness issue by an authority or other body without share capital established and empowered pursuant to a statute of Trinidad and Tobag to administer, regulate the administration of, provide of operate port, harbour, airport, bridge, highway, tunned transportation, communication, sanitation, water, electricity, of gas services or facilities and for any of these purposes to lev impose or make taxes, rates, fees or other charges which ma be used only in carrying out the objects of the authority of other body and are sufficient to meet its operation maintenance and debt service charges;
	(d)	the bonds, debentures or other securities of, or the guaranteed by the International Bank of Reconstruction ar Development established by the Agreement for a International Bank for Reconstruction and Development any other international financial institution approved by th Central Bank;
	(<i>e</i>)	guaranteed investment certificates issued by a trust comparincorporated in any country listed in subparagraph (a) which at the date of vesting thereof in trust, complied with the requirements set out in subparagraph (f) in respect of the payment of dividends;

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- (f) the fully paid ordinary shares, preferred shares, bonds, debentures or other evidence of indebtedness of a company incorporated in any country listed in subparagraph (a) which during a period of five years ending less than one year before the date of purchase thereof has either paid a dividend in each such year upon its ordinary shares or had earnings in each such year available for the payment of a dividend upon such shares, of at least four per cent of the average value at which the shares were carried in the capital stock account of the company during the year in which the dividend was paid or in which the company had earnings available for the payment of dividends, as the case may be;
- (g) ordinary shares, preferred shares, bonds or debentures of a company incorporated in Trinidad and Tobago and approved by the Central Bank;
- (h) the units, certificates or other evidence of participation in a scheme for indebtedness of the Unit Trust Corporation of Trinidad and Tobago;
- (i) unit certificates, shares or evidence of participation in financial assets not exceeding ten per cent of the Statutory Fund Requirement and whose portfolio is regulated either by authorities in Trinidad and Tobago or in any—
 - (i) member country of the Organisation of Economic Co-operation and Development;
 - (ii) Commonwealth country;
 - (iii) other country,

that the Minister may by Order declare an approved country.

(*j*) the shares of a venture capital company registered under the Venture Capital Act.

Ch. 81:08.

- 2. Mortgages and other titles for repayment of loan secured by-
 - (a) real estate or leaseholds for a term of years or other estate or interest in real estate in Trinidad and Tobago where the amount of the loan together with the amount of indebtedness under any mortgage or other charge on the real estate or interest therein ranking equally with or superior to the loan does not exceed eighty per cent of the value of the real estate or interest therein, subject to the exception that a company—
 - (i) may upon the sale of real estate in which its funds are invested, accept a mortgage or other title for repayment on such real estate, as part payment and secured thereon for more than eighty per cent of the sale price of such real estate; or

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	 (ii) may invest in a mortgage or other title for repayment on real estate where the amount of indebtedness under any mortgage or other charge on such real estate or interest therein ranking equally with or superior to the loan does not exceed ninety per cent of the value of the real estate as long as that portion of the indebtedness in excess of eighty per cent of the value of the real estate is guaranteed by the National Housing Authority or by a company registered under this Act to carry on that class of insurance business; real estate or leaseholds in Trinidad and Tobago notwithstanding that the loan exceeded the amount which the company may otherwise invest in, if the excess is guaranteed or insured by the Government or through an agency of the Government of Trinidad and Tobago; ground rents, mortgages or hypothecs on real estate or
	ground rents, morgages or hypothecs on real estate or leaseholds in Trinidad and Tobago or in the country in which the head office of the company is situated, where the amount of the mortgage or hypothec together with the amount of indebtedness under any mortgage or hypothec on the real estate or leasehold ranking equally with or superior to the mortgage or hypothec which is invested in does not exceed eighty per cent of the value of the real estate or leasehold covered thereby.
3. Real es	state or leaseholds—
(a)	real estate or leaseholds in Trinidad and Tobago for the production of income either alone or jointly with any other company transacting insurance business in Trinidad and Tobago or with any other company incorporated in Trinidad and Tobago where—
	 (i) a lease of the real estate or leasehold is made to or guaranteed by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago or an agency of the Government or a municipality in Trinidad and Tobago and the lease provides for a net revenue sufficient to yield a reasonable interest return during the period of the lease and to repay at least eighty-five per cent of the amount invested in the real estate or leasehold within the period of the lease but not exceeding thirty years from the date of investment;
	(ii) the real estate or leasehold has produced in each of the three years immediately preceding the date of investing therein net revenue in an amount which if received in each year following the date of investment, would be sufficient to yield a reasonable interest return on the amount invested in the real estate or leasehold and to repay at least eighty-five per cent of that amount
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within the portion of the economic lifetime of the improvements to the real estate or leasehold which remain at the date of investment but not exceeding forty years from that date;

- (b) real estate in Trinidad and Tobago required by the company for its actual use or occupation or reasonably required by it for the natural expansion of its business or acquired by it for the natural expansion of its business or acquire by foreclosure of a mortgage on real estate where the mortgage is an investment under this Act, save that the total amount of investment in real estate either for the production of income or for the use and natural expansion of the business of the company shall not exceed—
 - (i) in the case of a company carrying on long-term insurance business, twenty per cent of the total value of assets required to satisfy the statutory fund requirement; or
 - (ii) in the case of a company carrying on general insurance business, such amount as may be approved by the Central Bank not exceeding the amount referred to in subparagraph (i).
- 4. Cash balances deposited with-
 - (*a*) any bank or other financial institution licensed under the Financial Institutions Act;

Ch.79:09.

(b) any building society which may be approved by the Central Bank.

5. (1) The total accepted value of the statutory fund assets of any company invested in ordinary shares shall not at any time exceed fifty per cent of the accepted value of the total of such assets in Trinidad and Tobago of the company.

(2) Notwithstanding paragraph 5(1) and subject to any requirements as specified by the Central Bank by notice published in the *Gazette*, a registered pension fund plan which has a total accepted value of assets in excess of one hundred and fifty per cent of its total liabilities may invest in ordinary shares up to a limit of—

- (*a*) fifty per cent in respect of that portion of the total accepted value of assets equivalent to one hundred and fifty per cent of the total liabilities; and
- (b) one hundred per cent in respect of that portion of the total accepted value of assets in excess of one hundred and fifty per cent of the total liabilities in such manner that the aggregate value of the investment under this subparagraph and subparagraph (a) shall not exceed seventy per cent of the total accepted value of the assets of the plan.

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(3) For the purpose of paragraph 5(2), total liabilities shall be determined based on the assumptions used in the latest actuarial investigation conducted pursuant to section 185 of the Act and the details of the plan's membership used for the purpose of determining these liabilities shall comply with such requirements as specified by the Central Bank.

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6. The total accepted value of the real estate or leaseholds invested in accordance with this Schedule shall not exceed—

- (a) in respect of a company carrying on long-term insurance business twenty per cent of the total value or assets required to satisfy the statutory fund requirement;
- (b) in respect of a company carrying on other than long-term insurance business such amount as may be approved by the Central Bank.

7. No single mortgage included as an asset in the statutory fund of a company may exceed ten per cent of the total assets of the company.

8. A company shall not invest in trust bonds, debentures or other evidence of indebtedness on which payment of principal or interest is in default.

9. A company shall not purchase more than thirty per cent of the ordinary shares of any corporation.

10. A company registered to carry on life insurance business shall not, in respect of that business, purchase the shares of a company, incorporated in Trinidad and Tobago and carrying on such business.

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	Insurance	Chap. 84:01	137
TH	IRD SCHEDULE FORM A		Section 125(1).
	-		
ABSOI	LUTE ASSIGNME	CNT	
Policy Number	on the life of		
Policy Owner (if not the above	e)		
Assignee: (Name)			
(Address)			
In consideration of			
the undersigned, hereby assig and to the above-mentioned p			
above-named assignee, his assigns including the right and to receive any dividends receipt or acquittance for all a claims thereunder.	executors, administ to surrender the same and other amounts pa	strators, successors and e for the surrender value ayable thereunder, whose	
Dated at t	his day of		
Signed in the presence of:			
Witness		Policy Owner	
Note: Additional lines are provided for	or signature of persons with	beneficial interests.	

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Section 125(1).		FORM B							
	ASS	SIGNMENT AS SEC	CURITY						
	Policy Number	Policy Number on the life of							
	Policy Owner (if not the	e above)							
	Assignee: (Name)								
	(Address)								
	In consideration of								
	the undersigned, hereby assigns and transfers as security all rights, title, and interest in and to the above-mentioned policy, issued by								
	above-named assignee, whose receipt or acqui	his executors, administra	ators, successors and assigns ayable under the said policy						
	Dated at this day of 20								
	Signed in the presence	of:							
	Witness		Policy Owner						

Note: Additional lines are provided for signature of persons with beneficial interests.

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	Insurance	Chap. 84:01	139
	FORM C		Section 129.
MEMORA	ANDUM OF DIS	SCHARGE	
Policy Number	Life Assure	ed	
Policy Owner (if not the abo	ove)		
In consideration of			
		-mentioned policy assigned to	
as security	for securing .		
are hereby relinquished and	the policy discharge	ed.	
Dated at	this day of		
Witness		Signature of Assignee	

FOURTH SCHEDULE

Section 175(1).

PART I

REQUIREMENTS AS TO THE TRUST DEED AND RULES OF REGISTERED PENSION FUND PLANS

1. The Trust Deed and Rules of a plan qualified for registration under this Act shall make provision for the following matters:

- (a) the whole of the objects for which the plan is established;
- (b) the appointment and removal of trustees;
- (c) the vesting in the trustees of all property belonging to the plan;
- (d) the investment in the names of the trustees of all capital moneys belonging to the plan and for authorising the investments, if any, in addition to those authorised by law, in which the trustees may invest such moneys; but the Rules of a plan may provide for the deposit of such moneys with a bank;
- (e) the making of contributions to the plan by the employers of persons employed in the undertaking or combination of undertakings in connection with which the plan is established;
- (*f*) the contributions payable to and the rates of benefits payable from the fund or the method of calculating benefits so payable;

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(g) the conditions on which persons may become and may cease to be contributors to and entitled to benefits from the fund;
(h) the protection of the vested rights of contributors to the plan;
(i)	the preparation of all statements of accounts, balance sheets and reports required by this Act to be prepared;
(j <i>)</i>	the supply (on demand) to every person having any rights in the plan, being a person who is or has been employed in the undertaking in connection with which the plan is established, of copy of the Rules of the plan and of all amendments thereof, and of the latest statements of accounts, balance sheet and report prepared in accordance with the requirements of this Act;
(k) the circumstances in which the plan may be wound up and in the event of winding up the use of the plan to purchase immediate annuities for contingent pensioners;
(1)	the method by which the Rules may be amended.
2. T	ne second part of the report shall contain the following information:
) general observations regarding mortality, withdrawal and retirement from service and progression of salary during intervaluation period and general observations on any other factor entering into the valuation;
(b) a description of the mortality and all other rates used (specime rates to be shown in an appendix to the report);
(с) average rates of interest realised by the assets of the fund whethe invested or not during each year in the intervaluation period;
(d) the rate of interest assumed in the calculations for purpose of the valuation;
(e) a statement indicating—
	(i) whether and how it has been secured that the estimated ne liability in respect of any employer is not negative;
	(ii) the amount of and the reason for any special reserves which have been set up.
of the v recomme	the final part of the report shall contain information about the result reluation, an analysis of the surplus or deficiency shown and endation as to how much of the surplus can be regarded as disposable eficiency, the manner in which the deficiency can be liquidated.

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wish to offer on the valuation.

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PART II—FORMS FORM A

Section 184.

Revenue Account for the period to

Revenue	\$ Expenditure	\$
1. Amount of the Fund at the beginning of the period*	1. Superannuation Benefits— (a) pension to retired employees	
2. Contributions by employees	(b) widows' pensions (c) orphans' pensions	
3. Contributions by employer	(d) retirement gratuities	
4. Any additional contribution by employer to meet	2. Death grants	
deficiency or back service liabilities	3. Return of contribution on withdrawal	
5. Interest dividend and rents	4. Other expenditure (to be specified)	
6. Other income (to be specified)	5. Amount of the Fund at the end of the period*	

PENSION FUND PLAN

*May be omitted for an insured pension fund plan.

FORM B

(Not to be completed for an insured pension fund plan)

Balance Sheet as at 20 for

Pension Fund Plan

Liabilities	\$ Assets	\$
Amount of fund as at	Mortgage	
	Stock Exchange Securities	
Pensions due but not yet paid	Other assets (to be specified)	
Other benefits (to be specified) due but not yet paid		

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Name of borrower	Nature of security	Original amount of loan	Date	Method of repayment	Amount outstanding on the valuation date	Date or outstanding period of repayment

DETAILS OF MORTGAGES

DETAILS OF STOCK EXCHANGE SECURITIES

Security	Date of redemption	Nominal amount	Rate of interest or dividend	Market value as at the valuation date	Book value	Value used in valuation

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PART III Section 185(3) and (5).		 The first part of the report shall contain statistics as at the valuation date in respect of the following: (a) Changes in the membership of the fund during the intervaluation period as well as the membership of the fund on the valuation date as follows: 	Number of	members at the end of the period										
			date as follows: Number of Number of NUMBER OF CESSATIONS OF MEMBERSHIP	Retirement										
	ACTUARIAL VALUATION			Death										
				Withdrawal										
				Transfer or on deferred pensions										
				Number of new entrants										
				members at beginning of period										
		he rel in the tion d			÷	÷	÷	:	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	:
		st part of the r Changes in the the valuation		duor	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷
		he fir: (a)		Age Group	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	TOTAL
		1. T			Under 25	25 - 30	30 - 35	35-40	40-45	4550	50-55	55-60	60-65	TO

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Cha	ap. 84:01				Insu	rance	2		vv vv vv	
	r of rs at rriod	Age								
	Number of pensioners at end of period	III-Health								
:SMO	of easing ension uuses	Age								
eriod as foll	Number of pensioners ceasing to recieve pension for other causes	III-Health								
uation p	of ers ing	Age								
the interval	Number of pensioners died during	III-Health								
d during	of t at ring	Age								
the number of pensioners of the fund during the intervaluation period as follows:	Number of pensioners at pension during	III-Health								
pensione	of s at period	Age								
number of	Number of pensioners at beginning of period	III-Health	<u></u>							
n the			÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	÷	
(b) Changes in	ge Group		÷	:	:	÷	:	÷	:	
(q)	Number Age Group		Under 35	35—45	45-55	55—65	65-75	75 and over	TOTAL	

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SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION

INSURANCE (PENSION FUND PLAN INVESTMENTS) REGULATIONS

185/1976. [15 of 2004].

made under section 149(2) of Act No. 24 of 1966

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Insurance Citation. (Pension Fund Plan Investments) Regulations.

2. For the purposes of investment by the Trustees of a Percentage. registered plan in such securities as are set out in the Second Second Schedule. Schedule to the Act, the percentage which the registered plan's assets originating in Trinidad and Tobago shall bear to the total of the plan's assets shall be not less than eighty per cent.

3. Where a registered plan is an insured plan or a Deposit Certificate to Administration Plan, the insurance company shall submit to the Central Bank a certificate to the satisfaction of the Bank certifying that in respect of each such insured plan or Deposit Administration Plan, the percentage of the funds of the plan that the company has invested in assets originating in Trinidad and Tobago meets the investment requirements of regulation 2.

Central Bank.

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		LAWS (OF	TRINIDAD AND	TOBAGO
MINISTRY C	F LEGAL AFFAIRS				www.legalaffairs.gov.tt
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INSURANCE (PENSION FUND PLANS REGISTRATION FEES) REGULATIONS

ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS

REGULATION

- 1. Citation
- 2. Interpretation.
- 3. Fee for registration of plan.
- 4. Fee for registration of amendments, etc.
- 5. Fees payable to Central Bank.

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INSURANCE (PENSION FUND PLANS REGISTRATION 184/1970. [15 of 2004]. FEES) REGULATIONS

made under sections 171 (1) and 143(7) of Act No. 24 of 1966

LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Insurance Citation. (Pension Fund Plans Registration Fees) Regulations.

2. In these Regulations—

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"the Act" means the Insurance Act, 1966;

"Pension Fund Plan", "Plan" and "Registered Plan" have the same meaning as in Part VI of the Act.

3. There shall be payable for the registration of any Plan a Fee for registration of fee of fifty dollars. plan.

4. (1) Subject to regulation 3, there shall be payable for the Fee for registration of any amendment of the Rules of a registered plan registration of amendments, or for any correction of the register occasioned by a change in the etc. address of such plan or in the names or addresses of the trustees thereof, a fee of ten dollars.

(2) No fee shall be payable for the registration of any amendment or correction required, either expressly or by necessary implication, by any written law.

5. All fees prescribed by these Regulations shall be paid to Fees payable to Central Bank. the Central Bank.

Interpretation.

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INSURANCE (FORMS) REGULATIONS

LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS

REGULATION

- 1. Citation.
- 2. Interpretation.
- 3. Forms to be used for accounts and balance sheets.
- 4. Form of abstracts of actuarial investigations.
- 5. Form of statement of long-term insurance business.

FIRST SCHEDULE. SECOND SCHEDULE. THIRD SCHEDULE.

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		[Subsidiary]

INSURANCE (FORMS) REGULATIONS

25/1967. [15 of 2004].

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made under section 171 of Act No. 24 of 1966

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Insurance Citation. (Forms) Regulations.

2. In these Regulations "the Act" means the Insurance Act. Interpretation. Ch. 84:01.

3. (1) A revenue account for each financial year of a Forms to be company required by section 45(1)(a) of the Act in respect of accounts and long-term insurance business carried on by the company shall be balance sheets. prepared in accordance with the appropriate Forms A1 to A5, Forms E1 and E2, Form F and Form G in the First Schedule.

(2) A revenue account for each financial year of a company required by section 45(1)(b) of the Act in respect of any insurance business, other than long-term insurance business carried on by the company shall be prepared in accordance with Form B1 or B2 in the First Sehedule.

(3) A profit and loss account for each financial year of a company required by section 45(1)(c) of the Act in respect of a company carrying on more than one class of insurance business shall be prepared in accordance with Form C in the First Schedule.

(4) A balance sheet for each financial year of a company required by section 45(1)(d) of the Act shall be prepared in accordance with Form D1 or D2 in the First Schedule.

4. (1) Where a company causes an actuary to make an Form of abstract investigation into its financial conditions under section 113(1)(a) of actuarial investigations.

of the Act, an abstract of such report required by section 113(1)(b)of the Act shall be prepared in accordance with the provisions set Second Schedule.

(2) Where a company causes an actuary to make an investigation into its financial conditions at any time under section 113(2) of the Act and the results of the investigation are made public, an abstract of such report shall be prepared in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Second Schedule.

forth in the Second Schedule.

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First Schedule.

LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

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LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

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[Subsidiary]		Insurance (Forms) Regulations

5. Where a company causes a statement of its long-term insurance business to be made, as required by section 113(1)(c)of the Act such statement shall be prepared in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Third Schedule. Third Schedule.

Section 45.

[15 of 2004].

Form of

statement of

long-term insurance

business.

FIRST SCHEDULE

1. Form A is to be used for long-term insurance business only.

2. A set of Form A must be completed for each class of long-term insurance business listed in the First Schedule.

3. Items in this Form are to be net amounts after deduction of the amounts paid and received in respect of re-assurance of the company's risks.

4. If any sum has been deducted from the expenses of management account and taken credit for in the Balance Sheet as an asset, the sum so deducted to be separately shown in this Form.

5. The columns headed "Business outside Trinidad and Tobago" in the case of companies incorporated in Trinidad and Tobago are to relate only to business secured through Branch Offices or agencies outside of Trinidad and Tobago. In the case of companies incorporated outside of Trinidad and Tobago instead of completing this column they may submit the consolidated return deposited with the Supervising Authority in the country in which their Head Office is situated.

6. A summary of the Item "Appreciation of Assets" must be given in Form A2.

7. A summary of the Items "Salaries, Expenses of Management" must be given in Form A3.

8. Form B1 is to be used for Motor Vehicle Insurance Business only.

9. Form B2 is to be used for all other classes of General Insurance business.

10. A separate Form B2 must be completed for each class of General Insurance business undertaken.

11. The information given in Form B2 must be in respect of business done in Trinidad and Tobago only.

12. Form D1 is to be completed in respect of assets and liabilities held on behalf of the Trinidad and Tobago policyholders only.

13. Forms E, F and G are in respect of long-term insurance business undertaken in Trinidad and Tobago.

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	RY OF LEC	JAL AFFAIRS	In	surance	2		Chap			airs.gov.t 151
		Insura	nce (I	Forms) R	egulations				[S	ubsidiary]
		Total (2)								
	ENDED	Business outside of Trinidad and Tobago (1)								
SSINES	BUSINESS THE YEAR F (CE)	Business in Trinidad and Tobago								
FORM APPLICABLE TO LONG-TERM INSURANCE BUSINESS UE ACCOUNT OF THE (NAME OF COMPANY) FOR THE YEAR ENDED (DATE) IN RESPECT OF (CLASS OF INSURANCE)	Particulars	Expenditure	Amount paid or outstanding under policies	Claims Death Maturities Others	surrende	Annuities	TOTAL POLICY PAYMENTS	Other Expenses – Commissions	Salaries	
FORM AI	LOT OF	Total								
BLE TO]	THE (N/ RESPEC	Business outside of Trinidad and Tobago (1)								
APPLICA		Business in Trinidad and Tobago (1)								
FORM	REVENUE ACCOUNT (DATE)	Particulars	Revenue	Fund at the beginning of the year	Premiums – Single Others	Consideration for annuities— Single Others		TOTAL PREMIUMS	Interest, Dividends and Rents less Rates and Taxes thereon	NET INTEREST

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[Subs	sidia	ry]			Insurance (Forms) Regulations
			Total (2)		ed copy
		ENDED	Business outside of Trinidad and Tobago (1)		y deposit a certify
	: BUSINESS THE YEAR I NCE)	Business in Trinidad and Tobago		ago provided the	
FORM A1-Continued	FORM APPLICABLE TO LONG-TERM INSURANCE BUSINESS	REVENUE ACCOUNT OF THE (NAME OF COMPANY) FOR THE YEAR ENDED (DATE) IN RESPECT OF (CLASS OF INSURANCE)	Particulars	Expenditure	reciation of Assets its from sale of Assets its from sale of Assets its from sale of Assets its from sale of Assets its from to be specified) its from to be specified) its from to be specified) its from to be specified) its from to be specified and Tobago provided they deposit a certified copy
M A1-	ONG	NE C OF (Total		ies incor
FOR	BLE TO I	THE (NA RESPECT	Business outside of Trinidad and Tobago (1)		spect to compar
	APPLICA	COUNT OF (DATE) IN	Business in Trinidad and Tobago (1)		e completed in re
	FORM	REVENUE ACC	Particulars	Revenue	Appreciation of Assets Profits from sale of Assets Transfers from Reserves (to be specified) Other Income (to be specified) (1) These columns need not be

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ліnis	TRY O	LAWS (F legal aff/	AIRS	KINID	AD AN	D TOBA	GO	W	ww.legala	ffairs.gov.tt
				Insur	rance		С	hap. 84:		153
		Iı	isuran	ce (For	ms) Regul	ations			[Subsidiary]
		Net gain (+) or Losses (-)	\$							
	LOSSES	Deficiency of sale price or maturity value over book value	÷							
	TOS	Writing down of book value	\$							
FUNN A2		Excess of sale price or maturity value over book value	\$							
	GAINS	Recoveries	÷							
		Writing up of book value	\$ \$							
		Type of Securities		Gilt edged	Shares	Mortgage Loans	Real Estate	Collateral Loan	Others (to be specified)	TOTAL

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Insurance

[Subsidiary]

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Insurance (Forms) Regulations

FORM A3

GENERAL AND INVESTMENT EXPENSES

Name of Company

Year of Statement

		RED DURING YEAR	AMOUNT INCURRED CHARGED AS INVESTMENT EXPENSES			
	Total	In respect of Trinidad and Tobago business	Total	In respect of Trinidad and Tobago business		
Rent	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Head Office Rents Branch Office Rents						
TOTAL RENT						
Salaries, Wages and Allowances Head Office employees salaries and wages Branch Office employees, managers and agents salaries and wages Expense allowances and advances to agents	1					
TOTAL SALARIES, WAGES AND ALLOWANCES						
Employees and Agents Welfare						
Contributions to pension and insurance plans for agents and employees Other Welfare Items						
TOTAL EMPLOYEES AND AGENTS WELFARE						
Professional and Service Fees and Expenses						
Legal Fees and Expenses Medical Examination Fees Inspection Report Fees Auditors' Fees Investigation and settlement of claims						
TOTAL PROFESSIONAL AND SERVICE FEES AND EXPENSES						

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[Subsidiary]

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FORM A3-Continued

GENERAL AND INVESTMENT EXPENSES—Continued

		ED DURING YEAR	AMOUNT INCURRED, CHARGED AS INVESTMENT EXPENSES			
	Total	In respect of Trinidad and Tobago business	Total	In respect of Trinidad and Tobago business		
	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Miscellaneous Expenses						
Advertising						
Books, Periodicals, Bureau and Association Dues						
Collection and Bank Charges						
Insurance, except on Real Estate						
Office furniture and stationery, including postage, etc						
Commissions on mortgages, custody of securities						
Travelling Expenses						
Sundry General Expenses						
TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES						
Real Estate Expenses, excluding Taxes						
Salaries and Wages						
Other Items						
TOTAL REAL ESTATE EXPENSES, EXCLUDING TAXES						
GRAND TOTALS						
Less Investment Expenses						
TOTAL GENERAL EXPENSES (i.e. excluding Investment Expenses)						

Companies incorporated outside of Trinidad and Tobago should complete this form in respect to business done in Trinidad and Tobago only.

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156	C	hap	. 84	:01						ance						
[Subsidiary]						In	Insurance (Forms) Regulations									
			Pension	Participating Participating	÷											
FORM A4 ANALYSIS OF PREMIUMS AND CONSIDERATION FOR ANNUITIES (In respect to business done in Trinidad and Tobago only)		THES	Approved Pension	Participating	÷											
		ANNULLES	Ordinary	Non- Participating	\$											
	,			Participating	\$											
DERATIC	Non-	Cancellable	Sickness and Accident		÷											
FORM A4 VD CONSI done in Trim		Industrial	Life		\$											
F0) IS AND iness don		ron- Cancellable	Group Life		\$											
REMIUN ect to busi				Non- Participating	Ś											
II OF PI		Ordinary Life		Participating	÷											
ANALYS						1. Net of reinsurance ceded:	(a) Single	(b) First year	(c) Renewals	TOTAL	2. Reinsurance ceded:	(a) Single	(b) First year	(c) Renewals	TOTAL	

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		JF LE	GAL AFFAIRS		Insurance			(Chap. 84:01	0	airs.gov.t 157
			Insur	ance	(Forms) Regu	lation	5			[Su	bsidiary
			Total (1)	÷							
	PECT OF		Business outside of Trinidad and Tobago (1)	\$							
REVENUE OF THEFOR INVESTMENT BUSINESS BOND INVESTMENT BUSINESS BOND INVESTMENT BUSINESS	Business in Trinidad and Tobago	÷									
	Particulars		Claims under Bonds and Certificates paid and outstanding	Commission	Expenses of Management	Other payments (accounts to be specified)	Amount of Bond Investment and Endowment Certificate Fund at the end of the year as per Third Schedule	Additional reserves (if any)			
QNO	E YEAI	ESTM	Total (1)	÷							
LE TO B	FOR TH	VNI QNO	Business outside of Trinidad and Tobago (1)	÷							
APPLICAB		H	Business in Trinidad and Tobago	÷							
ł	REVENUE OF THE		Particulars		Amount of Bond Investment and Endowment— Certificate Fund at the beginning of the year	Additional reserves (if any)	Premiums	Interests, Dividends and Rents	Less Income Tax thereon	Other Receipts (account to be specified)	(1) Similar to Table A1

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15	8		0	Chap. 84:01			Insur	ance		ianairs.gov.i
[Su	bsidia	ary]				Insur	ance (Forn	ns) Regul	ations	
		~		Total (3)	÷					ks. ducted to
		IN RESPECT OF MOTOR		Business outside of Trinidad and Tobago (3)	÷					e Company's ris et, the sum so de
	URANCE	IN RESPECT		Business in Trinidad and Tobago	÷					insurances of th Sheet as an ass
I B1	APPLICABLE TO MOTOR VEHICLE ACCIDENT INSURANCE		VEHICLE ACCIDENT INSURANCE BUSINESS	Particulars		Payment of claims including legal and medical expenses	Expenses of management Other payments (to be specified)	Amount of fund at end of year— Reserved for unexpired risk	Estimated liability in respect to outstanding claims Additional reserves	 Items in this Account to be the net amounts after deduction of the amounts paid and received in respect of re-insurances of the Company's risks. If any sum has been deducted from the Expenses of management account, and taken credit for in the Balance Sheet as an asset, the sum so deducted to solve the above Account. Scimilar to (1) in Table A1
FORM B1	VEH	(EAR E	ENT I	Total (3)	÷					the amour ant accoun
	O MOTOR	FOR THE YEAR ENDED.	E ACCIDI	Business outside of Trinidad and Tobago (3)	÷					er deduction of a es of manageme
	CABLE T		VEHICL	Business in Trinidad and Tobago	÷					net amounts aft from the Expens ount.
	APPLI	ACCOUNT OF THE		Particulars		Amount of Fund at beginning of year- Reserve for unexpired risk: Estimated liability in	respect to outstanding claims Additional reserves	Premiums	Less Income Tax Net Interest Other Receipts	 Items in this Account to be the net If any sum has been deducted from be separately shown in the above Account Stimilar to(1) in Table A1

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		Incurance	Insur			tions		Cha	ap. 84:0	01	159
	11	Insuranc	e (Fori	ns) Ke	egulai	tions					[Subsidiary
SS insurance	Business in Trinidad and Tobago	\$									pany's risks. sum so deducted
FORM APPLICABLE TO ALL OTHER CLASSES OF INSURANCE BUSINESS DF ACCOUNTFOR THE YEAR ENDEDIN RESPECT OF(CLASS OF INSURANCE)	Particulars	Claims under policies paid and outstanding	Commission	Expenses of Management	Contribution to Fire Brigades	Other payments (accounts to be specified)	(i) Transferred to Profit and Loss	Amount of insurance fund at the end of the year as per Third Schedule—	Reserves for unexpired risks being per cent of premium income for the year	Additional reserves (if any)	 Items in this Account to be the net amounts after deduction of the amounts paid and received in respect of re-insurance of the Company's risks. If any sum has been deducted from the Expenses of management account, and taken credit for in the Balance Sheet as an asset, the sum so deducted to
LL OTHER EAR ENDED	Business in Trinidad and Tobago	÷									duction of the amo
FORM APPLICABLE TO ALL OTHER REVENUE OF ACCOUNTFOR THE YEAR ENDED	Particulars	Amount of Insurance Fund at the beginning of the year—	Reserved for unexpired risks	Additional reserve (if any)	Premiums	Interest. Dividends and Rents		to be specified)			1. Items in this Account to be the net amounts after dee 2. If any sum has been deducted from the Expenses of

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[Subsidiary]			Insuranc	e (Forms	s) Regu	lations	
	Total (2)	÷					
	Business outside of Trinidad and Tobago (2)	↔					
20	Business in Trinidad and Tobago	\$					
FORM C OF THE	Particulars	Dividends and bonuses to shareholders	Expenses not charged to other accounts	Loss realised (accounts to be specified)	Other payments (accounts to be specified)	per Form D1 Schedule	isurance business.
LOK	Total (2)	\$					lass of Ir
	Business outside of Trinidad and Tobago (2)	÷					ore than one c
DF THE	Business in Trinidad and Tobago	÷					carried on m
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT (Particulars	Balance of last year's account	Interest and dividends not carried to other accounts		Profit realised (accounts to be specified)	Other receipts (accounts to be specified)	1. To be completed where a Company carried on more than one class of Insurance business. 2. Similar to (1) of Table A1.

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		Ì	Insurand	ce				Ch	ap. 8	84:01			16
	Insur	ance	(Forms)	Regula	itions							[Subs	idiar
Total		÷											
All other Classes of	Insurance Business	÷											
Motor Vehicle Insurance	Business	\$											
Long- Term Vehicle Insurance Insurance	Business	\$											
Assets			Fixed Assets— Freehold Properties and Leasehold Properties	Office Furniture and Fittings	icles, etc.	TOTAL FIXED ASSETS		Loans— On Mortgage	On Debentures or Shares	On Policies of the Company	Interest a	:	
Total		÷											
All other Classes of	Insurance Business	÷											
	Business	Ş											
Long- Term Insurance	Business	÷											
Liabilities			Share Capital —Authorised	Less unissued	Subscribed Capital	Paid in Money	Otherwise than in Money	Long-Term Funds-	Ordinary Lile and General Annuity	Industrial	Pension Annuity	Non-cancellable	Sickness and Accident

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FORM D1

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[Subsidiary]				Insure	ance (Forms) Regulations
	Total	\$				
	All other Classes of Insurance Business	↔				
	Motor Vehicle Insurance Business	\$				
20	Long- Term Insurance Business	\$				
FORM D1—Continued AS AT	Assets		On Personal Security	Other Loans (to be specified)	TOTAL LOANS	Investments – Government Securities: Trinidad and Tobago Other West Indies Governments United Kingdom Canadian Other Commonwealth
DI DI	Total	÷				
FU AS AT .	All other Classes of Insurance Business	Ş				
	Motor Vehicle Insurance Business	S				
	Long- Term Insurance Business	S				
BALANCE SHEET OF	Liabilities		Bond Investment	Other classes— Motor Vehicle	Property	Employers Liabilities, etc. Profit and Loss Account Balance Reserves (to be specified)

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		Insurance	Chap. 84:01	163
	Insu	rance (Forms) Regulations		[Subsidiary]
	r of Total e	∽		s done by the f the Balance
	All other Classes of Insurance Business	\$		al busines t a copy o
	Motor Vehicle Insurance Business	\$		t to the Tot ead deposi
	Long- Term Insurance Business	\$		l in respect k, may inst
AS AT	Assets	Company Securities – Debentures Secured and unsecured notes Preference shares Ordinary shares Life interest and reversions purchased Cash on Deposit Cash on Current Account and in hand	Other Assets – Outstanding Premiums Interest, dividends and rents accruing but not due Interest, dividends and rent outstanding Sundry debtors Other investments (to be	Note 1—One Form D1 must be completed in respect to Trinidad and Tobago Business only and another Form D1 in respect to the Total business done by the company; however, foreign companies whose head office are in countries approved by the Central Bank, may instead deposit a copy of the Balance Sheet deposited with the Supervising Authority.
	Total	\$		d Tobago are in cou
AS AT .	All other Classes of Insurance Business	\$		Trinidad an head office y.
	Motor Vehicle Insurance Business	\$		 mpleted in respect to ' gn companies whose h Supervising Authority.
	Long- Term Insurance Business	Ś		completed i sign compa e Supervisi
BALANCE SHEET OF	Liabilities	Claims admitted or intimated but not paid (to be specified) Annuities due and unpaid Bank Overdraft Deposits Other liabilities (to be	specified)	I Note 1—One Form D1 must be cc company; however, forei Sheet deposited with the

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FORM D1-Continued

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	bsidiar	y]	- 114	r		Insura	ice (Forms) R		
				q					
	OND		INTEREST	e Accrued	\$			Accrued Dividend on Shares quoted Ex-dividend	÷
	RY FI			Due					
	NTUTO		Market	Value	\$			t Market Value	~~~
	N THE STA		Rate used to	Market Value	\$			Rate used to obtain Market Value	<i>∽</i>
	HELD IN			Value	\$			Book Value	Ś
FORM D2	SSETS		Par	-	\$			Number of Shares	
FORN	OF A		INTEREST	Due Dates					
	PECT	:S:	INTE	Rates	\$			Par Value of Shares	\$
	D IN RES	nd Debenture	Year of	Maturity			ny:	Rate of Dividend	Ś
	TO BE COMPLETED IN RESPECT OF ASSETS HELD IN THE STATUTORY FUND	1. Government Securities and Debentures:		Description			2. Shares owned by Company:	Description	

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Insurance Chap. 84:01 165 [Subsidiary] Insurance (Forms) Regulations TO BE COMPLETED IN RESPECT OF ASSETS HELD IN THE STATUTORY FUND-Continued Income OPERATION OF YEAR OF ACCOUNT Net Ś Amount on which Interest was overdue Regular depreannual ciation $\overset{\circ}{\sim}$ for one year or more expenditure Expended for taxes and other recurring repairs \$ Ś Income Gross \mathfrak{S} on Capital Expended Account \sim Balance outstanding at end of year encumbrance FORM D2-Continued Value less Market \sim Ś encumbrance Value Book \mathfrak{S} Actual Cost $\overset{\circ}{\sim}$ Encum-brance 4. Real Estate owned by Company: \sim Date Acquired Location of Property 3. Mortgage Loans: Location of Property Description and

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[Subsidiary]			Insurance (Forms) Regulations	
	RY FUND-Continued	Net Overdraft	\$ \$	
	THE STATUTO	Net Cash Balance	Ś	
	FORM D2–Continued F ASSETS HELD IN	Bank	↔	
	FORM D2-Continued TO BE COMPLETED IN RESPECT OF ASSETS HELD IN THE STATUTORY FUND-Continued 5. Cash and Overdrafts:	Description		

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[Subsidiary]

FORM E1

Class of Long-Term Insurance Business

Name of Company

New Insurance issued during the year ended

POLICIES ON REGISTER IN TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

Type of Policy	Number of Policies	Sum Insured	Single Premiums	Annual Premiums	Total Commission Paid
		\$	\$	\$	\$

Note-Items in this return shall be shown after deduction of amounts in respect of reinsurance.

FORM E2

ANNUITY BUSINESS

	POLICIES REGISTERED IN TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO					
Type of Contract	Number of Policies	Annuity per annum	Consideration Paid			
		\$	\$			
General Annuities— Immediate Deferred Approved Pension Annuities Approved Deferred Annuities						

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FORM F

Class of Long-Term Insurance Business

Name of Company

Insurance and Premium discontinued or redeemed during the year ended

Type of Policy and cause of	POLICIES REGISTERED IN TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO					
discontinuance	Number of Policies	Sum Insured	Annual Premium			
		\$	\$			
e.g. Whole Life—						
Death						
Surrender						
Forfeiture, etc						
Lapsed (i.e., Policies with no surrender value)						

FORM G

(IN RESPECT TO TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO BUSINESS ONLY)

Class of Long-Term Insurance Business

Name of Company

Insurance existing on

Type of Policy	Number of Policies	Sum Assured	Annual Premium
		\$	\$

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SECOND SCHEDULE

PART I

Section 113 (1)(*b*) and 113(2). [15 of 2004].

PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE PREPARATION OF ABSTRACTS OF ACTUARY'S REPORTS

1. Abstracts shall be so arranged that the numbers and letters of the items correspond with those of the items of Part II of the Schedule.

2. Where any table of mortality or sickness used in a valuation is not a published table, then for the purpose of complying with item (3) of Part II of this Schedule, specimen policy values shall be given at the rate of interest employed in the valuation in respect of whole life insurance policies effected at the respective ages of 20, 30, 40 and 50, and having been in force respectively for five years, ten years and upwards at intervals of ten years; and similar specimen policy values shall be given in respect of endowment insurance policies effected at the respective ages of 20, 30 and 40 for endowment terms of twenty and thirty years, and in the case of policies involving continuous disability benefits, specimens of the valuation factors must be given.

Provided that, where the specimen policy values or valuation factors required by this Schedule to be given are the same as those given in any abstract prepared under Part II of this Schedule previously submitted by the company to the Central Bank, it shall be sufficient in any abstract subsequently submitted to refer to the specimens so given in such manner as to enable the Bank to ascertain the required information.

3. In showing the proportion which that part of the annual premiums reserved as a provision for future expenses and profits bears to the total of the annual premiums, in accordance with the requirements of item (4) of Part II of this Schedule, no credit is to be taken for any adjustments made in order to secure that no policy is treated as an asset.

4. (1) The average rate of interest earned in any year by the assets constituting a statutory fund shall, for the purposes of item (5) of Part II of this Schedule, be calculated by dividing the interest of the year by the mean fund of the year; and for the purposes of any such calculation the interest of the year shall be taken to be the whole of the interest, dividends and rents credited to the statutory fund during the year after deduction of rates and taxes (any refund of rates or taxes made during the year being taken into account), and the mean fund of the year shall be ascertained by adding a sum equal to one-half of the aggregate of the balance or balances of the revenue account or accounts and the balance or balances of any reserve accounts in respect of the life insurance

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business to which the statutory fund relates at the beginning of the year to a sum equal to one-half of the aggregate of the balances of those accounts at the end of the year, and deducting from the aggregate of those two sums an amount equal to one-half of the interest of the year.

(2) It must be stated in what manner the sums invested in reversions and the income and profits derived from those reversions have been treated in calculating the average rate of interest.

5. Every abstract prepared in accordance with the requirements of Part II of this Schedule shall be signed by an actuary and shall contain a certificate by him as to the accuracy of the valuation made for the purposes of the abstract and of the valuation data:

> Provided that, if the actuary who signs the abstract is not a permanent officer of the company, the certificate as to the accuracy of the valuation data shall be given and signed by the principal officer of the company and the actuary shall insert in the abstract a statement signed by him showing what precautions he has taken to ensure the accuracy of the data.

6. The valuation should be done in respect to policies registered in Trinidad and Tobago only and for all policies separately.

7. For the purposes of this Schedule-

- "extra premium" means a charge for any risk not provided for in the minimum contract premium;
- "inter-valuation period" means, in relation to any valuation in respect of any class of business, the period to the valuation date of that valuation from the valuation date of the last preceding valuation under this Act (if any) or, if there is no preceding valuation under this Act, from the valuation date of the last preceding valuation made in respect of that class of business or, in a case where no preceding valuation has been made in respect of that class of business, from the date on which the company began to carry on that class of business;
- "maturity date" means the fixed date on which any benefit will become payable either absolutely or contingently;
- "net premiums" means, in relation to any valuation, the premiums for which credit is taken in the valuation;
- "premium term" means the period during which premiums are payable;
- "valuation date" means in relation to any valuation, the date as at which the valuation is made.

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PART II

REQUIREMENTS AS TO ABSTRACTS

1. The following statements shall be annexed to every abstract prepared in accordance with the requirements of this Part:

- (*a*) a Summary and Valuation, in accordance with Form I of this Schedule, of the policies included, at the valuation date, in the class of business to which the abstract relates; and
- (b) a Valuation Balance Sheet, in accordance with Form II of this Schedule.
- 2. Every such abstract shall show:
 - (a) the Valuation date;
 - (b) the general principles and full details of the methods adopted in the valuation of each of the various classes of insurance and annuities shown in Form I of this Schedule, including statements on the following matters:
 - (i) whether the principles were determined by the instruments constituting the company or by its articles of association or other rules, or, if not, how the principles were determined;
 - (ii) the method by which the net premiums have been arrived at and how the ages at entry, premium terms and maturity dates, have been treated for the purpose of the valuation;
 - (iii) the methods by which the valuation age, period from the valuation date to the maturity date, and the future premium terms, have been treated for the purpose of the valuation;
 - (iv) the rate of bonus taken into account where, by the method of valuation definite provision is made for the maintenance of a specific rate of bonus;
 - (v) the method of allowing for-

the incidence of the premium income; and the premiums payable otherwise than annually;

(vi) the methods by which provision has been made for the following matters:

the immediate payment of claims;

the future expenses and profits in the case of limited payment policies and paid-up policies;

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		the reserve in respect of lapsed policies, not included in the valuation, but under which a liability exists or may arise; and payment of benefits or waiver of premiums during
		disability—
		(A1) in operation at the valuation date; and(B1) not in operation at that date, and whether any reserves have been made for those matters;
		(vii) whether under the valuation method adopted any policy would be treated as an asset, and what steps have been taken to eliminate any such asset from the valuation;
		(viii) a statement of the manner in which policies on under- average lives and policies subject to premiums which include a charge for climate, military or other extra risks have been dealt with; and
		 (ix) the currency in which the valuation is made, and the basis of conversion into that currency of the value of liabilities in other currencies;
	(c)	the tables of mortality, sickness and accident used, and the rate of interest assumed, in the valuation;
	(d)	the proportion which that part of the annual premiums reserved as a provision for future expenses and profits bears to the total of the annual premiums, separately specified in respect of insurances with immediate profits, with deferred profits, and without profits;
	(e)	the average rates of interest earned by the assets constituting the relevant statutory fund for each of the five years preceding the valuation date;
	(f)	the basis adopted in the distribution of surplus as between the company and policyholders, and whether that basis was determined by the instruments constituting the company, on by its articles of association or other rules, or, if not, how the basis was determined;
	(g)	the general principles adopted in the distribution of surplus among policyholders, including statements on the following matters:
		 (i) whether the principles were determined by the instruments constituting the company, or by its articles of association or other rules, or, if not, how the principles were determined;
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		i) the number of years' premiun elapse, and other conditions t bonus is allotted;	(ii)
	ct of each completed	i) whether the bonus is allotted in premiums paid, or in respected calendar year or year of insur- bonus is allotted; and	(iii)
	-	v) whether the bonus vests immeriate if not, the conditions of vesting	(iv)
	and sums transferred to ng that period, and the seeding valuation (to be	total amount of surplus arising du od including surplus paid away a erve funds or other accounts duri punt brought forward from the pre- ed separately) and the allocation of	perio reser amou
		i) to interim bonus paid;	(i)
	cies which participated	among policyholders with in giving the number of the poli and the sums insured under bonuses);	(ii)
	ich participated and the	 among policyholders with defer the number of the policies wh sums insured under the policies 	(iii)
	e accounts during the	 among shareholders or to shar such sums passed through th inter-valuation period to be set 	(iv)
	e accounts during the parately stated); and	 v) to every reserve fund, or othe such sums passed through the inter-valuation period to be sep 	
		i) as carried forward unappropria	
		cimens of bonuses allotted as a cies for every one thousand dolla	-
	having been in force	 i) for the whole term of life eff ages of 20, 30 and 40, and respectively for five years, ter intervals of ten years; 	(i)
	iums are payable for a cimen bonuses shall be mium terms of ten and	(where different rates of policies under which the prem limited term only, similar spec shown for policies having pre twenty years respectively); and	

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		(ii) for endowment insurances effected at the respective ages of 20, 30 and 40, for endowment terms of fifteen, twenty and thirty years and effected at age 20 for an endowment term of forty years and having been in force respectively for five years, ten years and upwards at intervals of ten years;
	<i>(j)</i>	where bonuses are allotted as reversionary additions to the sums insured under policies, a statement of the basis and conditions under which those bonuses may be surrendered for cash; and
	(k)	a statement of the value allowed for surrender of policies for every one thousand dollars of the sum assured—
		(i) for the whole term of life effected at the respective ages of 20, 30 and 40 and having been respectively in force for five years, ten years and upwards at intervals of ten years; and
		(ii) for endowment insurances effected at the respective ages of 20, 30 and 40 for endowment terms of fifteen, twenty and thirty years and effected at age 20 for an endowment term of forty years, and having been in force respectively for five years, ten years and upwards at intervals of ten years.

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nd Valua		POLICIE	Part	Number of Policies												
Summary and Valuation of the Policies of the	Long-Term		Description of	Transactions		Total Insurance Deduct reinsurances Net Insurances	TOTAL NET INSURANCES WITH PROFITS	Group 3—Without participation in profits For whole term of life Other classes (to be specified separately) Extra Premiums Total Insurances Deduct reinsurances TOTAL NET INSURANCES WITHOUT PROFITS								

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	(Name of Company)			Par	Number of Policies					
ontinued	$(N_c$	at	DBAGO		Net Liability					
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	l Valuati		POLICIES	Part	Number of Policies					
	Summary and Valuation of the Policies of the	Long-Te		Description of	Transactions	Other Policies	Group 4 – Endowments Endowments on lives Other classes (to be specified separately) Total Endowments Deduct reinsurances	TOTAL NET ENDOWMENTS	Group 5-Annuities Immediate annuities on lives Deferred Annuities Annoved Paneion	Approved deferred

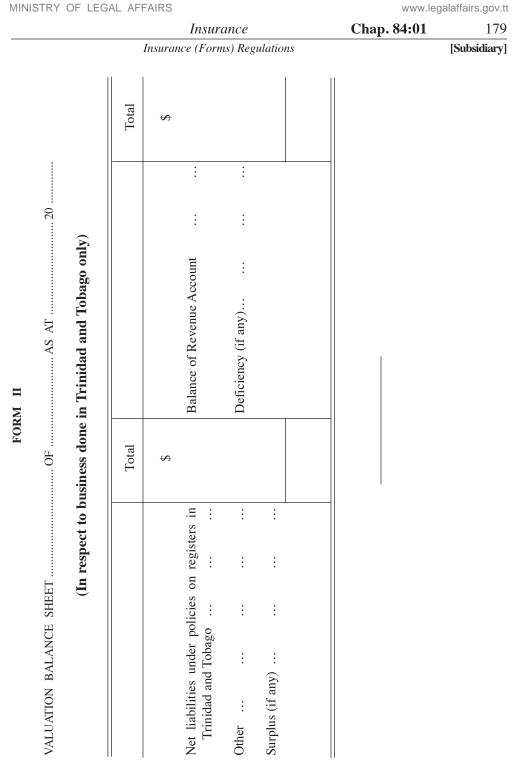
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FORM I-Continued he Policies of the	[OBAGO	TOBAGO	TOBAGO		Net Liability		I	1		De shown sep t shall be spe nts made by isor, may, in	
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oulou b	id valua erm	POLICIES	Parti	Number of Policies					ary may be s tricipation in ents have be niums and th ies whose he		
Cummony on	Summary and valuation of the Folicies of the Long -Term		Description of	Transactions	Others (to be specified) Total annuities Deduct reinsurances	TOTAL NET ANNUITIES	Group 6—Other Long-Term Insurance business Classes (to be specified)	TOTAL OF THE RESULTS AFTER DEDUCTIONS OF REINSURANCES	NOTE 1 – Items in this Summary may be stated to the nearest dollar. NOTE 2 – Policies without participation in profits but with a guaranteed rate of bonus shall be shown separately in Group 3. NOTE 3 – Where any adjustments have been made in the valuation, details of the adjustment shall be specified separately, in respect of each group, in this form. NOTE 4 – Office and net premiums and the values of the latter shall be shown after abatements made by the application of bonus. NOTE 5 – For foreign companies whose head office are in countries approved by the Supervisor, may, instead of completing this section of the table deposit a copy of the returns		

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(Regulation 5). [15 of 2004].

THIRD SCHEDULE

PROVISIONS RELATING TO THE PREPARATION OF STATEMENTS OF LIFE INSURANCE BUSINESS

PART I

Regulations

1. Statements prepared under this Schedule shall be prepared, so far as practicable, in tabular form and shall be identified by numbers and letters corresponding with those of the items of Part II of this Schedule.

2. Except with respect to rates of premium or contributions, items in statements prepared under this Schedule shall be shown to the nearest dollar.

3. Extra premiums where shown separately in Form I prepared under the Third Schedule shall not be included in statements prepared under this Schedule.

4. Every statement prepared under this Schedule shall be signed by the actuary making the investigation in connection with which it is prepared.

- 5. For the purposes of this Schedule—
- "extra premiums" means a charge of any risk not provided for in the minimum contract premium;
- "net premiums" means the premiums for which credit is taken in the valuation in connection with which any statement is prepared;
- "valuation date" means in relation to any valuation, the date as at which the valuation is made.

6. Statements shall be prepared under this Schedule both for the total business before deduction in respect of reinsurances of the risks of the company, and for those reinsurances.

7. Where the rates of office premiums required to be shown in any statement prepared under this Schedule are the same as the rates shown in any statement previously so prepared and submitted to the Central Bank, it shall be sufficient to refer to the rates so shown in such manner as to enable the Bank to ascertain the required information.

PART II

REQUIREMENTS AS TO STATEMENTS

The Statements required to be prepared under this Part are as follows: (1) Statements as to policies issued in Trinidad and Tobago,

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separately prepared in respect of policies with and without participation in profits, showing –

- (*a*) in relation to policies for the whole term of life, the rates of office premiums charged, in accordance with the published tables in use, for new policies giving the rates for decennial ages at entry from 20 to 70 inclusive;
- (b) in relation to endowment insurance policies, the rates of office premiums charged, in accordance with the published tables in use, for new policies with original terms of ten, fifteen, twenty, thirty and forty years, giving the rates for ages at entry 20, 30 and 40, but excluding policies under which the age at maturity exceeds 60;
- (c) in relation to policies specified in the preceding provisions of this item under which a continuous disability benefit is granted, the office premiums for that benefit under new policies, and the conditions which must be fulfilled before a continuous disability benefit—
 - (i) is allowed;
 - (ii) ceases to be allowed; and
- (d) in relation to sinking fund policies the rates of office premiums charged in accordance with the published tables in use for new policies with original terms of 10, 15, 20 and 30 years:

Provided that, in the case of industrial policies, there shall be shown, in lieu of the rates of office premiums charged as specified in the foregoing items, the sums insured by new policies, in accordance with the published tables in use, in return for fixed weekly and monthly office premiums and in addition the sums insured for ages at entry 1, 5, 10 and 15;

- (2) Statements separately prepared in respect of policies with immediate profits, with deferred profits, and without profits, showing in quinquennial groups—
 - (a) in relation to policies on single lives for the whole term of life—
 - (i) the total amount insured (specifying sums insured and reversionary bonuses separately) grouped according to ages attained;
 - (ii) the amount per annum, after deducting abatements made by application of bonus, of office premiums payable throughout life, and of the corresponding net premiums, grouped according to ages attained; and

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		 (iii) the amount per annum, after deducting abatements made by application of bonus, of office premiums payable for a limited number of years, and, of the corresponding net premiums grouped in accordance with the grouping adopted for the purposes of the valuation;
	(1) in relation to endowment insurance policies on single lives —
		(i) the total amount insured (specifying sums insured and reversionary bonuses separately) grouped in accordance with the grouping adopted for the purposes of the valuation; and
		 (ii) the amount per annum (after deducting abatements made by application of bonus, of office premiums payable and of the corresponding net premiums) grouped in accordance with the grouping adopted for the purposes of the valuation;
	(0) in relation to policies specified in the preceding provisions of this item, under which a continuous disability benefit is granted—
		(i) the total amount of continuous disability benefit insured under the policies, grouped in accordance with the grouping adopted for the purposes of the valuation; and
		 (ii) the amount per annum, after deducting abatements made by application of bonus, of office premiums payable (including premiums of which payment is, at the valuation date, suspended owing to disability arising from sickness or accident) and the corresponding net premiums, grouped according to the grouping adopted for the purposes of the valuation; and
	(6	<i>t</i>) in relation to sinking fund policies (other than annuity policies)—
		 (i) the total amount insured (specifying sums insured and reversionary bonuses separately) grouped according to the number of complete years from the valuation date to the date of maturity of the policies; and
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 (ii) the amount per annum, after deducting abatements made by application of bonus, of office premiums payable, and of the corresponding net premiums, grouped according to the number of years' payments remaining to be made;

Provided that-

- (a) in relation to endowment insurance policies or sinking fund policies which will reach maturity in less than five years, and which are grouped for the purposes of the valuation according to the years in which the policies will mature for payment, the information required by sub-items (b)(i), (c)(i) and (d)(i) of this item shall be given for each year instead of in quinquennial groups; and
- (b) where the net premiums in respect of policies for the whole term of life with premiums payable for a limited number of years, or the net premiums in respect of endowment insurance policies, are grouped for the purposes of the valuation otherwise than according to the number of years' payments remaining to be made, or, where the sums insured under endowment insurance policies are grouped for the purposes of the valuation otherwise than according to the years in which the policies will mature for payment or in which they are assumed to mature if earlier than the true year, then, in any such case, the valuation constants and an explanation of the method by which they are calculated shall be given for each group, and, in the case of sums insured under endowment insurance policies, a statement shall also be given of the amount insured maturing for payment in each of the two years following the valuation date;
- (3) Statements in relation to immediate annuities (separate for those payable under an approved scheme and others) on single lives for the whole term of life and annuities which were originally deferred but which have been entered upon before or on the valuation date, separately prepared in respect of annuities on male and female lives, showing in quinquennial age groups the total amount of those annuities, grouped according to ages attained at the valuation date;

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	(4)	Statements in relation to deferred annuities (separate for those payable under an approved scheme and others) which have not been entered upon before or on the valuation date separately prepared in respect of annuities on male and female lives, showing in quinquennial groups—
		 (a) the total amount of those annuities, grouped according to the number of years from the valuation date to the date the annuity is to be entered upon, and either—
		 (i) the average age obtained by weighing according to the amount of the annuity attained at the valuation date by the prospective annuitants; or
		(ii) the valuation constants and an explanation o the method by which they are calculated; and(b) the amount per annum of office premiums payable and
		of the corresponding net premiums, grouped according to the number of years' payments remaining to be made
	(5)	Statements in relation to sinking fund policies, being immediate annuity policies, showing in quinquennial group the total amount of those annuities, grouped according to the number of years from the valuation date to the date the annuities cease to be payable;
	(6)	Statements showing in quinquennial groups the amount pe annum of continuous disability benefits payable at the valuation date in respect of disability of more than one year' duration, grouped according to ages attained; and
	(7)	Statements showing the total amount of continuous disability benefit paid and premiums waived in each of the five year immediately preceding the valuation date.

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INSURANCE COMPANIES (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS

LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

152/1980. [15 of 2004].

made under section 214(1)

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Insurance Citation. Companies (Registration) Regulations.

2. Every application for registration under Part II of the Act Application Form. Schedule.

SCHEDULE

FORM I

No.

Date Received

(Coat of Arms)

CENTRAL BANK OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION BY AN INSURANCE COMPANY

(*The Insurance Act, Chap.* 84:01, section 14)

TO THE CENTRAL BANK OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO:

1. I hereby apply on behalf of the company named below for registration to carry on in Trinidad and Tobago the following class or classes of insurance business:

[See Note (ii) of Directions]

Signatures..... Office: Director/Principal Representative

Date:

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[Subsidiary]		Insurance Companies (Registration) Regulations
	2 Name of	f Company:
	2. Manie 0.	Company.
	3. Address	of the registered office of the company in Trinidad and Tobago:
	Telepho	ne No.:
		DIRECTIONS TO APPLICANTS
	(i)	Where the information required cannot be supplied on the application form it should be typed as an appendix on separate sheets of paper using the same numbering and sub- lettering contained in the application.
	(ii)	If the company intends to limit its activities to insuring only some of the risks of the class or classes of insurance business for which registration is being sought, this should be indicated.
	(iii)	A separate sheet should be used for each person about whom information is to be supplied under items (18) and (19).
	(iv)	The certificate at the end of the last page of the application must be signed by two Directors and by the Chief Executive or Secretary.
	(v)	A company need not supply the information required at items 2, 19 and 20 if at the time of making this application it already renders returns to the Central Bank.
	(vi)	All amounts shown in the application must be in Trinidad and Tobago currency and where these amounts have been converted from other currencies the rate of conversion must be stated.
	(vii)	The term "Classes of Insurance Business" means the classes of business set out in the First Schedule to the Insurance Act.
	(viii)	Any actuarial certificate required must be supplied by the actuary appointed under section 112(1) of the Insurance Act.
	(ix)	A company on first application must attach to the application three (3) copies of all the audited accounts of the Company prepared during the last three (3) years.
	(x)	The Central Bank must be notified at once of any change in the information supplied on the application form after the

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LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO		
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date of its submission. If after registration	n there is any	

change in the particulars specified in the application or other information supplied the company must notify the Bank in writing within thirty (30) days of the change. Where, however, the change relates to the Chief Executive Officer or a controller written notification must be given within fourteen (14) days.

- (xi) The Central Bank may upon receipt of an application request the applicant to furnish such additional information as the Bank may consider to be relevant to the application.
- (xii) A person is guilty of an offence who signs any document required by or under the Insurance Act, to be signed by him which contains any false particulars known to him to be false. (Section 207).

PARTICULARS OF APPLICATION

- A-Particulars of Company.
 - 1. The name and address of the person resident in Trinidad and Tobago appointed to be the Company's principal representative.
 - 2. (a) Date of incorporation;
 - (b) Place of incorporation;
 - (c) Summary of main objects: [See Note (i) of Directions]
 - (d) The amount of -
 - (i) Authorised Capital;
 - (ii) Subscribed/Paid-up Capital;
 - (iii) Capital paid-up in cash; or
 - (iv) Uncommitted reserves (if a mutual company);
 - (e) The amount by which the assets of the company exceed liabilities, (including all contingent or prospective liabilities, but not liabilities in respect of share capital) at present.

B-Particulars of Business.

- 3. State the class or classes of insurance business which the company carries on at present—
 - (a) In Trinidad and Tobago;
 - (b) Elsewhere (specify countries).

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[Subsidiary]	Inst	urance Companies (Registration) Re	egulations
	-	ulars of any business other than y carries on or proposes to carry	
	<i>(a)</i> In ⁷	Trinidad and Tobago;	
	(b) Els	sewhere.	
	1	any has been refused permission nsurance business in any other c	• •
	to hold bene	er or not any of the company's eficial ownership in any insurated Tobago; give details.	
	7. State the d business if r	late on which it is proposed t registered.	to commence transacting
	C-Business Plan.		
	three years	ted amount of premium income in respect of each class of insu ill carry on, in the following for	rance business which the

9. The amount (if any) by which it is intended to increase the paid-up capital of the company in cash in each of the next three years.

GROSS

Year 2

\$

Year 3

\$

Year 1

\$

Year 1

\$

...

accepted

...

(a) Direct Insurance in Trinidad and Tobago ...

(b) Direct Insurance elsewhere

(c) Reinsurance accepted in Trinidad and Tobago ...

(d) Reinsurance

elsewhere ...

(e) Total (a) to (d)

NET OF

REINSURANCE

Year 2

\$

Year 3

\$

Year 1 Year 2 Year 3

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LAWS OF IK	ANIDAD AN	D IUBAGU		
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	Insurance		Chap. 84:01	189
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10. The sum expected to	be spent in e	each of the ne	ext three years	

on new premises, office equipment, motor vehicles, etc. [See Note (i) of Directions].

LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOPACO

Year 1	:
Year 2	2:
Year 3	3:

- 11. The sum expected to be spent during each of the next three years on advertising and other methods of promoting business—
 - Year 1:
 - Year 2:
 - Year 3:
- 12. For each class of insurance business to be carried on by the company in Trinidad and Tobago during the next three years state—
 - (a) The method or methods by which the policies will be marketed (e.g., by the company's own organisation, by brokers, salesmen, agents or by all methods);
 - (b) If more than one method is to be used, the expected proportions to be marketed by each;
 - (c) The rates of commission which will be paid to brokers, salesmen and agents; and
 - (*d*) The extent to which and the conditions under which any broker or agent will have binding authority to commit the company.

[See Note (i) of Directions].

13. Indicate the way in which claims will be settled (*e.g.*, by the company, by outside adjusters or by agents with authority to settle claims):

[See Note (i) of Directions].

- 14. The names of the Company's agents in Trinidad and Tobago, their addresses and the classes of insurance business for which they will be responsible.
- 15. In respect of each class of business for which registration is being sought:
 - (a) State the proposed premium rates before deduction of commission. (The premium rate book must be submitted in the case of companies carrying on long-term insurance business).
 - (b) State the percentage of premiums (net of reinsurance) which claims are expected to form.

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 (c) State the manager to form. (d) State the commiss (e) Attach is policy to If a insuranc (b), (c) applican premium proportion the spect supply a the premidisclosed capital is etails of Reinsuran State the nature arrangements in r 	e percentage of premiums (net of reinsurance) which sistons are expected to form. specimens of the standard forms of proposal and o be used and issued in Trinidad and Tobago. application for registration to carry on long-term we business is being made, the information specified in and (d) above need not be supplied. Instead, the at should attach a statement of the actuarial basis of the in rates and in the case of linked long-term business the on of premiums which is to be invested in or related to dified fund should be stated. The applicant should also a certificate by an actuary stating that he considers that hium rates are satsifactory in the light of the information d in the application and that the proposed amount of s adequate to support the amount of business. <i>Ince Arrangements.</i> and extent of the existing or proposed reinsurance respect of each class of business indicating clearly the applicant company's retention in each case (Attach
manager to form. (d) State the commiss (e) Attach s policy to If a insuranc (b), (c) applican premium proportion the spect supply a the prem disclosed capital is etails of Reinsuran . State the nature arrangements in r amount of the a	ment expenses excluding commissions are expected e percentage of premiums (net of reinsurance) which sions are expected to form. specimens of the standard forms of proposal and o be used and issued in Trinidad and Tobago. application for registration to carry on long-term we business is being made, the information specified in and (d) above need not be supplied. Instead, the at should attach a statement of the actuarial basis of the n rates and in the case of linked long-term business the on of premiums which is to be invested in or related to dified fund should be stated. The applicant should also a certificate by an actuary stating that he considers tha nium rates are satsifactory in the light of the information d in the application and that the proposed amount of s adequate to support the amount of business.
commiss (e) Attach a policy to If a insuranc (b), (c) applican premium proportion the spect supply a the prem disclosed capital is etails of Reinsuran . State the nature arrangements in r amount of the a	stions are expected to form. specimens of the standard forms of proposal and o be used and issued in Trinidad and Tobago. application for registration to carry on long-term we business is being made, the information specified in and (d) above need not be supplied. Instead, the at should attach a statement of the actuarial basis of the n rates and in the case of linked long-term business the on of premiums which is to be invested in or related to the certificate by an actuary stating that he considers tha nium rates are satsifactory in the light of the information d in the application and that the proposed amount of s adequate to support the amount of business.
policy to If a insuranc (b), (c) applican premium proportio the spec supply a the prem disclosed capital is etails of Reinsuran . State the nature arrangements in r amount of the a	o be used and issued in Trinidad and Tobago. application for registration to carry on long-term we business is being made, the information specified in and (d) above need not be supplied. Instead, that the should attach a statement of the actuarial basis of the n rates and in the case of linked long-term business the on of premiums which is to be invested in or related to diffed fund should be stated. The applicant should also a certificate by an actuary stating that he considers that nium rates are satsifactory in the light of the information d in the application and that the proposed amount of s adequate to support the amount of business.
insuranc (b), (c) applican premium proportion the spect supply a the preme disclosed capital is etails of Reinsuran . State the nature arrangements in r amount of the a	we business is being made, the information specified in and (d) above need not be supplied. Instead, the at should attach a statement of the actuarial basis of the n rates and in the case of linked long-term business the on of premiums which is to be invested in or related to dified fund should be stated. The applicant should also a certificate by an actuary stating that he considers that num rates are satsifactory in the light of the information d in the application and that the proposed amount of s adequate to support the amount of business.
State the nature arrangements in r amount of the a	and extent of the existing or proposed reinsurance respect of each class of business indicating clearly the applicant company's retention in each case (Attack
arrangements in r amount of the a	respect of each class of business indicating clearly the applicant company's retention in each case (Attack
	nents, treatles, etc.).
[See Note (i)) of Directions].
underwriters which and the amount companies will r principal reinsure	s of the insurance companies or associations of the will reinsure each class of the company's busines which will be reinsured by each. If more than ten reinsure a class of business, the names of only the ers need be stated.
[See Note (1)) of Directions].
ontrol of Company.	
 (i) Comptro (ii) The pres (iii) Any diraction (iv) Any oth directors (a) F 	ars required at (a) to (k) in respect of: ollers of the company other than the present directors sent directors of the company. ectors it is proposed at present to appoint. her person in accordance with whose directions th s of the company or any of them act or will act. Full names (including any previous name or names by which known).
	and the amount companies will : principal reinsure [<i>See</i> Note (i ontrol of Company . Give the particul (i) Comptre (ii) The pre (iii) Any dir (iv) Any oth director (a) F

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<i>(b)</i>	Address.		
(c)	Nationality (including wheth birth, descent or naturalisation		
(d)	Date of birth.		
<i>(e)</i>	Place of birth.		
(f)	Present occupation and previous the past ten years.	ous occupations during	
(g)	Particulars (including date convictions for offences involv in Trinidad and Tobago or else	ving fraud or dishonesty	
(h)	Whether the person has been during the last ten years a company with which the perso the last ten years and which w up whilst he was associated w	nd particulars of any n was associated during as compulsorily wound	
(i)	Percentage of the share capi which the person has an intere		
<i>(j)</i>	Other directorships held durin	g the past ten years.	
(k)	The names of any other compa is entitled to exercise or contri- third or more of the voting pow	rol the exercise of one-	
[See	Note (iii) of Directions].	0 0	
be in charge of company, <i>viz.</i> , accounting and	he company's actuary and each of one or more of the follow fire, accident, life, marine, clai underwriting, by whatever title Full name (including any prev which known).	ing departments of the ms agency, investment, he may be known, give:	
(h)	Address.		
	Date of Birth.		
. ,	Place of Birth.		
	Position held in applicant com	ipany.	
	Qualifications, training and ex		
	Previous companies by which past ten years and positions he	h employed during the	
(h)	Particulars (including date convictions for offences involv in Trinidad and Tobago or else	and place) of any ving fraud or dishonesty	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	a of the port	

If the actuary is a consulting actuary the name of the partnership in which he is a partner.

[See Note (iii) of Directions].

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F.-Investments and Bankers.

20. List the Investments (under the appropriate headings) held by the company, the value of each investment at the end of the financial year immediately preceding the date of this application and give the method of valuation.

LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

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- 21. The place or places at which the documents of title in respect of the company's present investments are held, the place or places at which it is proposed to hold the documents of title in respect of the company's present and future investments and particulars of any of the documents which are or will be held outside Trinidad and Tobago.
- 22. The names and addresses of the banks in which the company has accounts at present or intends to have accounts.
- G.-Financial Year and Auditors.
 - 23. The date on which the company's financial year ends.
 - 24. In respect of the person appointed to act as auditor to the company, give:
 - (i) Full name.
 - (ii) Address.
 - (iii) Qualifications.
 - (iv) The professional association in which membership is held.

H.-Documentation.

- 25. This application is accompanied by:
 - (a) A copy of the instrument establishing the company or any other duly certified proof of incorporation.
 - (b) A copy of the memorandum of the company.
 - (c) A copy of the articles of association or other rules of the company.
 - (*d*) A copy of the latest revenue account and balance sheet prepared in accordance with the prescribed forms.
 - (e) A copy of the latest valuation report on the financial position of the company.
 - (f) Details of reinsurance arrangements requested in section D(16) of the application.
 - (g) A statement of projections of revenue and expenditure for a period of three years, such statement to be prepared by an actuary in the case of a company carrying on long-term insurance business.

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(h)	The premium rate book reques the application.	ted in section $C15(a)$ of	
(i)	The specimen forms requeste the application.	ed in section $C15(e)$ of	
•	the best of our knowledge his application is true and correct		
[See Note	(iv) of Directions].		
(i)	Signature (Directo		
(ii)	Signature (Directo	or)	
(iii)	Signature (Chief Executive Officer/	Manager Secretary)	
		Date	

Date

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INSURANCE COMPANIES (ACCOUNTS AND FORMS) REGULATIONS

LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS

REGULATION

- 1. Citation.
- 2. Interpretation.
- 3. Revenue account.
- 4. Profit and loss account.
- 5. Balance sheet.
- 6. Salaries, Expenses of Management.
- 7. Abstract of actuarial report.
- 8. Statement.
- 9. Abstract of results of actuarial report.
- 10. Accounts to be shown in Trinidad and Tobago Currency.
- 11. Corresponding accounts to be shown in certain cases.
- 12. Certificate of actuary.
- 13. Notes to be stated.

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[Subsidiary]					

INSURANCE COMPANIES (ACCOUNTS AND FORMS) REGULATIONS

made under section 214

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Insurance Citation. Companies (Accounts and Forms) Regulations.

2. In these Regulations—

Interpretation.

39/1981. [15 of 2004].

"Accounts" means the Balance Sheet, Profit and Loss Account and the Revenue Account of a company;

"Aviation hull insurance business" means the business of effecting and carrying out contracts of insurance—

- (*a*) upon aircraft or upon the machinery, tackle, furniture or equipment of aircraft;
- (b) upon goods, merchandise or property of any description whatever, other than cargo, on board an aircraft;
- (c) upon the freight of or any other interest in or relating to aircraft;
- (d) against damage, other than damage to cargo, arising out of, or in connection with, the use of aircraft, including third-party risks;
- (e) against any other risks, not being transit risks, insurance against which is customarily undertaken in conjuction with or as incidental to, the undertaking of such business as falls within this definition by virtue of any of paragraphs (a) to (d);
- "categories of marine, aviation and transport insurance business" means marine hull insurance business, aviation hull insurance business and transport insurance business;
- "claims equalisation" means the amount set aside by a company at the end of its financial year to be used for the purpose of preventing exceptional fluctuations in the amounts charged to revenue in subsequent financial years in respect of claims under insurance contracts;

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"claims outstanding" means the amount set aside by a company at the end of its financial year for the purpose of meeting unsettled claims, (including claims in respect of which the amounts have not been determined and claims arising out of incidents which have not been notified to the company) under contracts of insurance, in respect of incidents occurring before the end of that year and for the purpose of meeting expenses likely to be incurred in connection with the settlement of such claims;

- "gross premiums" means premiums after deduction of refunds and rebates of premiums but before deduction of premiums for reinsurane ceded and commission payable by the company;
- "marine hull insurance business" means the business of effecting and carrying out contracts of insurance—
 - (*a*) upon vessels, or upon the machinery, tackle, furniture or equipment of vessels;
 - (*b*) upon goods, merchandise or property of any description whatever, other than cargo, on board of vessels;
 - (c) upon the freight of, or any other interest in or relating to, vessels;
 - (d) against damage, other than damage to cargo, arising out of, or in connection with, the use of vessels including third-party risks;
 - *(e)* against risks incidental to the construction, repair or docking of vessels, including third-party risks; or
 - (f) against any other risks (not being transit risks) insurance against which is customarily undertaken in conjunction with, or as incidental to the undertaking of such business as falls within this definition by virtue of any of paragraphs (a) to (e);

"reinsurance ceded" includes reinsurance retroceded;

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"reinsurance recoveries" includes recoveries in connection with reinsurance retroceded:

LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TORACO

- "unearned premiums" means the amount set aside by a company at the end of its financial year out of premiums in respect of risks to be borne by the company after the end of its financial year under contracts of insurance entered into before the end of that year;
- "unexpired risks" means the amount set aside by a company at the end of its financial year, in addition to unearned premiums, in respect of risks to be borne by the company after the end of its financial year under contracts of insurance entered into before the end of that year.

3. A revenue account required by section 56(1)(a) of the Revenue Act to be prepared by a company at the expiration of each prepared in accordance with financial year shall be-Forms A1 to A3

- and Form E or (a) in accordance with the appropriate forms set out Forms B1 to B4 as Forms A1 to A3 and Form E, in respect of [15 of 2004]. each class of long-term insurance business carried on by the company; and
- (b) in accordance with the appropriate forms set out as Forms *B1 to *B4 and Form E, in respect of any other class of insurance business carried on by the company.

4. A profit and loss account required by section 56(1)(b) of Profit and loss the Act to be prepared by a company at the expiration of each $\frac{1}{\text{prepared in}}$ financial year shall be prepared in accordance with the form set Form C. out as Form C.

Note: * Form B1 is to be used for general insurance business.

^{*} Form B2 is to be used by local companies only.

^{*} Form B3 is to be used by foreign companies.

^{*} Form B4-Separate forms must be submitted by companies carrying on motor insurance business and such other class of insurance business as the Central Bank may specify.

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Balance Sheet to be prepared in accordance with Forms D1 to D3. [15 of 2004].

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5. A balance sheet required by section 56(1)(c) of the Act to be prepared by a company at the expiration of each financial year shall be prepared in accordance with the forms set out as *Forms D1 to D3.

6. A summary of the items "Salaries, Expenses of Management" must be given in accordance with the forms set out as †Form E.

7. Where pursuant to paragraph (a) of section 113(1) of the Act, a company causes an actuary to make an investigation into its financial condition, an abstract of the report required by paragraph (b) of that section shall be prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Second Schedule.

8. Where pursuant to section 113(1)(c) of the Act, a company causes a statement of its long-term insurance business to be made, such statement shall be prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Third Schedule.

Abstract of result to be in accordance with Second Schedule.

Accounts to be shown in Trinidad and Tobago currency. **9.** Where pursuant to section 113(2) of the Act a company causes an actuary to make an investigation into its financial condition and the results of the investigation are made public, an abstract of such results shall be prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Second Schedule.

10. (1) All amounts which are required to be shown in the accounts or in any statement, certificate or report annexed (exclude Head Office) thereto which by these Regulations are required or permitted to be so annexed shall be shown in Trinidad and Tobago currency.

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UPDATED TO DECEMBER 31ST 2014

Summary of Items "Salaries, Expenses of Management" to be completed in accordance with Form E. Abstract of actuarial report to be in accordance with Second Schedule.

Statement to be

in accordance

with Third Schedule.

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Notes: * Form D1 is to be completed in respect of Trinidad and Tobago business only.

A separate Form D1 must be completed in respect of total business done by the company. However, a foreign company whose head office is in a country approved by the Cental Bank, may instead deposit a copy of the Balance Sheet deposited with the Supervising Authority in the country in which its Head Office is situated.

[†]This Form must be completed by all companies, but where a company is carrying on both long-term insurance business and general insurance business in Trinidad and Tobago one Form may be completed in respect of all classes of insurance business.

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(2) The basis adopted in converting foreign currency to Trinidad and Tobago currency for items in the accounts must be stated.

11. For all items shown in the accounts or in any Statement, Corresponding Certificate or report annexed thereto, required by these accounts to be shown in certain Regulations there shall, except in the case of accounts relating to the first financial year of the company beginning after 31st December 1980 be shown the corresponding amounts for the immediately preceding financial year.

12. There shall be annexed to every balance sheet prepared Certificate of in pursuance of section 56(1)(c) of the Act being a balance sheet actuary to show aggregate of a company which has at any time during the financial year amount of company's carried on a long-term business, a certificate signed by an actuary liabilities. stating whether or not, in his opinion, the aggregate amount of the liabilities of the company in relation to its long-term business as at the end of the financial year exceeded the aggregate amount of those liabilities as shown in the Balance Sheet.

13. Notes on accounting policies adopted or applied in Notes to be the formulation or preparation of the accounts must be stated

in the accounts.

cases.

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Insurance

[Subsidiary]

Insurance Companies (Accounts and Forms) Regulations

FORM A1

LONG-TERM BUSINESS REVENUE ACCOUNT OF (NAME OF COMPANY) FOR THE YEAR ENDING (DATE)

	Particulars		Business in Trinidad and Tobago (each class in a separate column)	Business outside of Trinidad and Tobago	Total
			\$(T&T)	\$(T&T)	\$(T&T)
INCC 1.	OME Fund brought forward				
2.	Premiums (net of refunds premiums for reinsurance of Single				
	Other				
	Consideration for annuities Single	· ···			
	Other				
	Total Premiums				
3.	Commissions Received				
	(i) Interest, Dividends and(ii) Less Rates and Taxes the				
5.	Other Income (particulars t	o be specified)			
6.	Total				
			\$(T&T)	\$(T&T)	\$(T&T)
	ENDITURE Claims (net of reinsurance	recoveries)-			
8.	Commissions Paid				
9.	Expenses of Management				
10.	Shareholders' share of distri transferred to Profit and Lo				
11.	Other Expenditure (part specified)	iculars to be			
12.	Fund carried foward				
13.	Total				

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Insurance Companies (Accounts and Forms) Regulations

[Subsidiary]

NOTES

1. The column "Business outside of Trinidad and Tobago" need not be completed in respect of companies incorporated outside of Trinidad and Tobago provided they deposit a certified copy of the returns deposited with the Supervising Authority in the country in which their Head Office is situated.

2. Amounts against each item are to be given in a separate column for each class of long-term business.

3. Commissions Paid and Expenses of Management related to new business must be supplied in notes to the accounts.

4. Each amount shown against item 5 is to be analysed in or in a note to the Account, such analysis showing how much of that amount consists of each of the following categories of payment:

- (a) payments under life policies on death otherwise than by way of return of premiums;
- (b) payments on the maturity of life policies otherwise than by way of return of premiums;
- (c) payments by way of periodical endowment benefits;
- (d) payments on the surrender of life policies otherwise than by way of return of premiums;
- (e) payments made by way of return of premiums;
- (f) payments on the separate surrender of bonuses attaching to life policies;
- (g) annuity payments;
- (h) payments under long-term personal accident contracts; and
- (i) payments under capital redemption contracts.

02 (Subsidiary]	Chap.	ð4:		ano	Insurance ce Companies (Accounts and Forms) Regulations
nuosiutaryj			msur	unce	companies (Accounts and Forms) Regulations
R THE		Approved Pension	Non- Participating	\$(T&T)	
IPANY FO IN	ANNUITIES	Approved	Participating	\$(T&T)	
THE COM SS DONE	ANNI	Ordinary	Non- Participating	\$(T&T)	
FORM A2 LONG-TERM BUSINESS PREMIUM ANALYSIS OF [NAME OF THE COMPANY FOR THE YEAR ENDING (DATE) IN RESPECT OF BUSINESS DONE IN TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO ONLY]		Ordi	Participating	\$(T&T)	
		Industrial Life		\$(T&T)	
	y Life		Non- Participating	\$(T&T)	
PREMIUM ING (DAT TRINII	Ordinary Life		Participating	\$(T&T)	
LONG-TERM BUSINESS I YEAR ENDI		_			 ANALYSIS OF PREMIUMS Gross premiums in respect of— (a) Trinidad and Tobago business (b) Overseas business (c) Total (c) Total (c) ANALYSIS OF REINSURANCE (BBC) (d) Prinidad and Tobago business (b) Overseas business (c) Total

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[Subsidiary]

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	Chap. 84:01

Insurance Companies (Accounts and Forms) Regulations

FORM A3

SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM BUSINESS OF (NAME OF COMPANY) FOR THE YEAR ENDING (DATE) IN RESPECT OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO BUSINESS

	ASSUR	ANCES		RRED JITIES	ANNUI PAYM	FIES IN ENTS
	Number of Policies	Sums Assured	Number of Policies	Amounts of Annuity per annum	Number of Policies	Amounts of Annuity per annum
In force at the beginning of year						
New business						
Net transfers and other alterations "on"						
Bonus allotted						
Total "on"						
Deaths						
Maturities						
Surrenders						
Forfeitures						
Conversions to paid-up policies for reduced benefits						
Lapses (i.e., Policies with no surrender value)						
Net transfers, expiries and other alterations "off"						
Total "off"						
In force at end of year						

(1) Changes in business in force during the financial year

NOTES:

1. Information in the form is to be Net of Reinsurance.

2. Separate statements are to be submitted in respect of each class of long-term business.

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(2) New business taken on during the year ended

Class of Long-Term Insurance Business

Name of Company

			POLICIES ON REGISTER IN TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO			
Type of Pol	Type of Policy			Sums Assured or amounts of annuity per annum	Single Premium and considera- tions	Annual Premiums
				\$(T&T)	\$(T&T)	\$(T&T)
Assurances— Non-group						
Group						
Total						
Deferred annuities— Non-group						
Group						
Total						
Immediate annuities – Non-group						
Group						
Total						
Other (to be specified)						

NOTES:

(i) Items in this return shall be shown after deduction of amounts in respect of reinsurance.

(ii) The amounts shown for group business are to include increments under existing schemes.

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			Insu	rance	Chap. 84:01	205
Ι	nsurance C	ompanies	(Acco	ounts and Forms) Regulation	ons	[Subsidiary]
	La care	IOIAL	\$(T&T)			
OF THE COMPANY)	Treaty reinsur- ance not	with in columns 1 to 9	\$(T&T)			
COMPA	Other	(to be specified)	\$(T&T)			
OF		гторепу	\$(T&T)			
	Personal accident		\$(T&T)			
JF (NAI G (DA)	Pecuniary loss		\$(T&T)			
UNT O ENDIN	Motor	vehicle	\$(T&T)			
ACCO YEAR	TION ORT	Transport	\$(T&T)			
REVENUE ACCOUNT OF (NAME FOR THE YEAR ENDING (DATE)	MARINE, AVIATION AND TRANSPORT	Aviation hull	\$(T&T)			
SS REV FOR	MARI AND	Marine hull	\$(T&T)			
USINE		глаонну	\$(T&T)			
GENERAL BUSINESS REVENUE ACCOUNT OF (NAME FOR THE YEAR ENDING (DATE)			INCOME	 Unearned premiums brought forward Unexpired risks brought forward Claims outstanding brought forward Claims equalisation brought forward Funds brought forward Funds brought forward Premiums (net of refunds, 	rebates and premiums for reinsurance ceded) 7. Commission 8. Interest, dividends and rents less Rates and Taxes thereon 9. Other Income (particulars to be specified)	Account

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FORM B1

206		Chap. 8			Insurance	
[Sub	sidiary]		Insure	ince (Companies (Accounts and Forms) Regulations	
		E	lotal	\$(T&T)		
(XN)	(XN)	Treaty reinsur- ance not	dealt with in columns 1 to 9	\$(T&T)		
	COMPA	Other	(to be specified)	\$(T&T)		
	THE d		Property	\$(T&T)		
	ME OF Continue	Personal	accident	\$(T&T)		
ed	DF (NA) ATE)-	Pecuniary	loss	\$(T&T)		
– Continu	BUSINESS REVENUE ACCOUNT OF (NAME OF THE COMPANY) FOR THE YEAR ENDING (DATE)—Continued	Motor	vehicle	\$(T&T)		
FORM B1 –Continued		MARINE, AVIATION AND TRANSPORT	Transport	\$(T&T)		
0J			Aviation hull	\$(T&T)		
		MARI	Marine hull	\$(T&T)		
	USINESS FOR		Liability -	\$(T&T)		
	GENERAL B			INCOME	A C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	23. Total

LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS

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LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO		
MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS	www.legalat	ffairs.gov.tt
Insurance	Chap. 84:01	207

Insurance Companies (Accounts and Forms) Regulations

[Subsidiary]

NOTES

1. Companies incorporated in Trinidad and Tobago must complete a similar form in respect of business outside of Trinidad and Tobago.

2. Companies incorporated outside of Trinidad and Tobago need not complete a separate form in respect of business outside of Trinidad and Tobago, provided they deposit a certified copy of the returns deposited with the Supervising Authority in the country in which their Head Office is situated.

3. Facultative reinsurance business accepted is to be included in whichever is appropriate of columns 1 to 9.

4. If any amount shown in any column against items 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 does not agree with the corresponding amount carried forward from the previous year's account, a statement is to be given of the reasons for the difference.

5. The basis on which the amounts shown against items 1 and 17, respectively, have been calculated is to be stated in a note on or statement annexed to the account and, if this be less accurate than the twenty-fourths method, the reason for its adoption is to be so stated.

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208		Chap. 8	84:01	Insurance	
[Subs	idiary]		Insure	ance Companies (Accounts and Forms) Regula	tions
			lotal		
	ANY)	Treaty reinsur- ance not	dealt with in columns 1 to 9		
	COMP	Other	(to be specified)		
	IE OF	F	Property		
X)	C (NAN (E)	Personal	accident		
FORM B2 (LOCAL COMPANIES ONLY)	PREMIUM ANALYSIS-GENERAL BUSINESS OF THE (NAME OF COMPANY) FOR THE YEAR ENDING (DATE)	Pecuniary	loss		
COMPAN		Motor	vehicle		
LOCAL (MARINE, AVIATION AND TRANSPORT	Transport		
tm B2 (1			Aviation hull		
FOR	IS-GE FOR	MARI AND	Marine hull		
	NALYS		Liability		
	PREMIUM A			 ANALYSIS OF PREMIUMS Gross Premiums received: Local direct and facultative business Local verses and resurance business other than facultative business Overseas direct and facultative business Overseas reinsurance business Overseas reinsurance business Overseas reinsurance business Treaty reinsurance business Treaty reinsurance business Treaty reinsurance business Treaty reinsurance business in which local and overseas business cannot be distinguished 	(f) Total(ii) Premiums (net of refunds rebates and premiums for reinsurance ceded)

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	Insurance C		(Accounts and Forms) Re		[Subsidiary]
				0	[~~~~J
	E	I Otal			
ANY)	Treaty reinsur- ance not	with in columns 1 to 9			
COMP	Other	(to be specified)			
PREMIUM ANALYSIS-GENERAL BUSINESS OF THE (NAME OF COMPANY) FOR THE YEAR ENDING (DATE)-Continued		Property			
	Personal	accident			
DF THE ATE)-C	Pecuniary	loss			
NESS (NG (D	Motor	vehicle			
L BUSI R ENDI	TION ORT	Transport			
XSIS-GENERAL FOR THE YEAR	MARINE, AVIATION AND TRANSPORT	Aviation hull			
IS-GE R THE	MARI AND	Marine hull			
NALYS FO		LIADIIITY			
PREMIUM AI			 (a) in respect of Trinidad and Tobago direct business and facultative reinsurance business accepted by months in respect of contracts commercing in— 	2nd Month 3rd Month 4th Month 5th Month 6th Month 7th Month 8th Month 9th Month 10th Month	

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FORM B2 (LOCAL COMPANIES ONLY)-Continued

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[Sub	sidiary]		Insura	nce Companies (Accounts and Forms) Regulations	
		Later Provide the	IOIAI		
	ANY)	Treaty reinsur- ance not	with in columns 1 to 9		
	COMP	Other	(to be specified)		
	AE OF		гторепу		
Continuea	E (NAN TE)	Personal			
FORM B2 (LOCAL COMPANIES ONLY)-Continued	OF THI IG (DA'	Pecuniary	loss		
PANIES (NESS (FOR THE YEAR ENDING (DATE) MARINE, AVIATION AND TRANSPORT Motor Pecuniary Per	vehicle		
L COM	PREMIUM ANALYSIS-GENERAL BUSINESS OF THE (NAME OF COMPANY) FOR THE YEAR ENDING (DATE)		Transport		
2 (LOCA			Aviation hull		
ORM B			Marine hull		
H	NALYS		глаошцу		
	PREMIUM AI			 (b) treaty reinsurance accepted in First Quarter 20	(<i>d</i>) Total

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				Insurance	Chap. 84:01	211
	Iı	nsurance C	Companies	(Accounts and Forms)) Regulations	[Subsidiary]
	Q		dealt Iotal with in columns 1 to 9		vering more than other reinsurance	
	KNA	Treaty reinsur- ance not	dealt with in columns 1 to 9		of all c	
	COMP	Other	(to be specified)		of reinsurar s in respect	
q	ME OF led	د	Property		der treaties ss. Amount	
-Continue	IE (NAI -Continu	Personal			ompany un es of busine	
FORM B2 (LOCAL COMPANIES ONLY)-Continued	OF TH DATE)–	ENDING (DATE)-Continued	loss		NOTE NOTE septed or ceded by the co stinguish individual classe columns 1 to 9.	
PANIES	INESS ING (1		vehicle			
L COM	L BUSI R END	TION ORT	Transport		NO siness accepted to disting	
2 (LOCA	ENERA E YEAI	MARINE, AVIATION AND TRANSPORT	Aviation hull		spect of bus ot practicab er is approj	
ORM B	XSIS-GENERAL FOR THE YEAR	MAR ANE	Marine hull		only in res /hich it is n in whichev	
I	NALYS FC	-	Liability		Column 10 espect of w e included	
	PREMIUM ANALYSIS-GENERAL BUSINESS OF THE (NAME OF COMPANY) FOR THE YEAR ENDING (DATE)-Continued			(ii) Reinsurance Recoveries(iii) Commission on Reinsurance business ceded	NOTE Amounts are to be shown in Column 10 only in respect of business accepted or ceded by the company under treaties of reinsurance covering more than one class of insurance business in respect of which it is not practicable to distinguish individual classes of business. Amounts in respect of all other reinsurance business accepted or ceded are to be included in whichever is appropriate of columns 1 to 9.	

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[Subs	sidiary]		Insura	ance Companies (Accounts and Forms) Regulations
			lotal	
	(XNA)	Treaty reinsur- ance not	dealt with in columns 1 to 9	
	COMP	Other	(to be specified)	
	ME OF		Property	
(S)	E (NAN (TE)	Personal		
MPANIE	OF TH NG (DA	Pecuniarv	loss	
IGN CC	PREMIUM ANALYSIS-GENERAL BUSINESS OF THE (NAME OF COMPANY) FOR THE YEAR ENDING (DATE)	MARINE, AVIATION AND TRANSPORT Motor	vehicle	
FORM B3 – (FOREIGN COMPANIES)			Transport	
IRM B3			Aviation hull	
FO			Marine hull	
	NALYS		Liability	
	PREMIUM A			 ANALYSIS OF PREMIUMS Gross Premiums received in Trinidad and Tobago-

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				Insurance	Chap. 84:01	213
	Ι	nsurance C	Companies	(Accounts and Forms) Reg	vulations	[Subsidiary]
		- - -	lotal			
	ANY)	Treaty reinsur- ance not	dealt with in columns 1 to 9			
	PREMIUM ANALYSIS-GENERAL BUSINESS OF THE (NAME OF COMPANY) FOR THE YEAR ENDING (DATE)-Continued	Other	(to be specified)			
	ME OF <i>led</i>		Property			
ontinued	IE (NAI - <i>Continu</i>	Personal				
FORM B3 (FOREIGN COMPANIES)-Continued	BUSINESS OF THE (NAME ENDING (DATE)—Continued	Pecuniary	loss			
COMPAN	INESS ING (I		vehicle			
REIGN (L BUS		Transport			
B3 (FO)	YSIS-GENERAL FOR THE YEAR		Aviation hull			
FORM	SIS-GI	MAR ANI	Marine hull			
	NALYS FC		Liability			
	UM A				: :	
	EMI				: :	
	PR			4th Month 5th Month 6th Month 7th Month 8th Month 9th Month 10th Month	12th Month Total	

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[Subsidiary]	Insurance Companies (Accounts and Forms) Regulations			

FORM B4

STATEMENT OF ESTIMATED LIABILITY IN RESPECT OF OUTSTANDING CLAIMS

PART I

Claims arising during the year of account ending 20

(a) Claims arising and settled during the year of account ending 20

Class of Claims	No. of Claims	Amount Paid \$
1. Property damage	. –	_
2. Third-Party Death and Personal Injury Claims	. –	_
3. Other Claims (to be specified)	. –	_

(b) Claims arising during and outstanding at the end of the year of account

Class of Claims	No. of Claims	Amount Paid on account during year	Estimated Liability in respect of payments remaining to be made
 Property damage Third-Party Death and Personal 			
Injury Claims 3. Other Claims (to be specified)			

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PART II

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Class of Claims	Estimated Liability at	Claims Paid during the	Estimated Liability re-	Totals of (3) & (4)
	beginning	year	claims still	$(3) \approx (4)$
	of year	j	outstanding	
	No. Amt.	No. Amt.	No. Amt.	No. Amt.
1. Property damage				
2. Third-Party, Death and Personal Injury Claims				
3. Other Claims (to be specified)				

Outstanding claims which arose prior to year of account

PART III

Summary of estimated liability in respect of outstanding claims as at the end of the year

Claims outstanding in respect of year of account Claims outstanding in respect of prior years		····	\$ \$
Total			\$
Total Estimated Liability in respect of outstanding		\$	

STATEMENT OF ESTIMATED LIABILITY IN RESPECT OF OUTSTANDING CLAIMS (CONTINUATION)

NOTE:

Separate forms must be completed by companies carrying on the following classes of business:

- (1) Motor Insurance business.
- (2) Any other class that the Central Bank may require.
- (3) In respect of Motor Insurance business the information submitted must be detailed as follows:
 - (a) Property Damage
 - (i) Private Cars (Full Comprehensive)
 - (ii) Private Cars (Third-Party)
 - (iii) Other

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[Subsidiary]

Insurance Companies (Accounts and Forms) Regulations

FORM "C"

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT OF THE (NAME OF COMPANY) FOR THE YEAR ENDING (DATE)

	PARTICULARS	Business in T. & T.	Business outside of T. & T.	Total
	INCOME			
1.	Balance of last year's account			
2.	Interest and dividends not carried to other accounts (less Rates, Taxes thereon)			
3.	Profit realised (Accounts to be specified)			
4.	Other receipts (Details to be specified)			
5.	Total			
	EXPENDITURE			
6.	Taxation			
7.	Dividends and Bonuses to shareholders			
8.	8. Expenses not charged to other accounts			
9.	9. Loss sustained (Accounts to be specified)			
10.	Other payments (Details to be specified)			
11.	Balance as per Form D1			
12.	Total			

Provisions as to the Profit and Loss Account:

1. There shall be shown—

- (a) in the case of a company which at any time in the financial year carried on general business, the amounts respectively transferred to and transferred from the general business revenue account of the company for the financial year;
- (b) in the case of a company which at any time in the financial year carried on long-term business, the amounts respectively transferred to and transferred from the long-term business revenue account of the company for the financial year;
- (c) the amount of interest on loans of the following kinds made to the company (whether on the security of debentures or not), namely bank loans, overdrafts and loans which, not being bank loans or overdrafts,-
 - (i) are repayable otherwise than by instalments and fall due for repayment before the expiration of the period of five years beginning with the day next following the expiration of the financial year; or

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		Chap. 84:01	
Insi	urance Companies (Accounts and Forms) Re	gulations	[Subsidiary]
	(ii) are repayable by instalments th due for payment before the expire		
	and the amount of the interest on loa made (whether on the security of deber		
<i>(d)</i>	the amounts respectively provided for capital and for redemption of loans;		
(<i>e</i>)	the amounts of expenses of managemerevenue account;	ent not shown in the	
<i>(f)</i>	the amount of taxation not shown in the	e revenue account;	
(g)	the amount of other expenditure not s account classified under appropriate he		
<i>(h)</i>	the aggregate amount of interest, divide deduction of tax) not shown in the reve		
<i>(i)</i>	the amount of other income not she account classified under appropriate he		
<i>(j)</i>	the aggregate amount (before deduction dividends paid and proposed.	of income tax) of the	
event in a precedi	ount of any charge arising in consequence ing financial year and of any credit so arisir ing to other matters, be stated under a sep	ng shall, if not included	
3. The fol	lowing shall be stated by way of note, if	not otherwise shown:	
•	aterial respects in which any items showr t are affected—	n in the profit and loss	
(a)	by transactions of a sort not usually company or otherwise by circumstances non-recurrent nature; or	•	

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(b) by any change in the basis of accounting.

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Insurance

Insurance Companies (Accounts and Forms) Regulations

FORM D1

BALANCE SHEET OF (NAME OF COMPANY) AS AT (DATE)

Liabilities	Long-Term Insurance Business	Motor Vehicle Insurance Business	All Other Classes of Insurance Business	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Share Capital				
Authorised				
share of \$ each Issued and fully paid—				
share of \$ each				
Share Premium Account				
Retained Profits				
Total Capital and Reserves				
Insurance Funds				
Long-Term Funds-				
Ordinary Life				
Industrial Life				
Motor Vehicle				
Other classes (to be specified)				
Claims admitted or intimated but not paid				
(to be specified)				
Premiums Paid in Advance				
Outstanding Commissions				
Amount due to reinsurers				
Bank Loans and Overdrafts				
Other liabilities (to be specified)				
Total Liabilities Assets				
1. Fixed Assets:—				
Real Estate				
Other				
Total Fixed Assets				
2. Loans:-				
On Mortgage				
On Policies of the Company				
Other				
Total Loans				

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FORM D1-Continued

BALANCE SHEET OF (NAME OF COMPANY) AS AT (DATE)

Liabilities	Long-Term Insurance Business	Motor Vehicle Insurance Business	All Other Classes of Insurance Business	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
3. Government Securities				
4. Company Securities				
5. Cash				
6. Current Assets				
7. Other				
Total Assets as Per Form D2 .				

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Insurance Companies (Accounts and Forms) Regulations

FORM D2

STATEMENT OF VALUE OF ASSETS AT (BALANCE SHEET DATE)

Assets	Long-Term Insurance Business	Motor Vehicle Insurance Business	All Other Classes of Insurance Business	Total
 Fixed Assets: Real Estate including buildings Office Furniture and Fittings' Motor Vehicles Loans: On Mortgage Loans: On Debentures or Shares On Policies of the Company Other (to be specified) Government Securities: (a) Trinidad and Tobago (b) Securities guaranteed by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago (specify) (c) Other "Caricom" Government (d) United Kingdom (e) Canada (f) Other (specify) Ordinary Shares in Trinidad and Tobago Companies (particulars to be specified) Ordinary Shares in non-Trinidad and Tobago Companies (distinguish between Caricom and other foreign countries) 	\$	\$	\$	\$
 Preference Shares in Trinidad and Tobago Companies Preference Shares in non-Trinidad and Tobago Companies (distinguish between Caricom and other foreign Companies) 				

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STATEMENT OF VALUE OF ASSETS AT (BALANCE SHEET DATE)

Assets	Long-Term Insurance Business	Motor Vehicle Insurance Business	All Other Classes of Insurance Business	Total
8. Bonds and Debentures in Trinidad and Tobago Companies	\$	\$	\$	\$
 Bonds and Debentures in non-Trinidad and Tobago Companies (distinguish between Caricom and other countries) 				
10. Investment in dependent companies which are insurance companies				
11. Investment in dependent companies which are not insurance companies				
12. Other investments (specify)				
13. Cash Deposits with the Central Bank				
14. Fixed Deposits with Bank				
15. Fixed Deposits with other financial institutions (specify)				
16. Cash on Current Account and in hand				
17. Amounts due from agents and sub-agents				
18. Amounts due from brokers due Premiums				
19. Amounts due from Policyholders				
20. Amounts due from other Insurance Companies				
21. Interest, dividends and rents accruing but not due				

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[Subsidiary]	Ins	urance Compa	nies (Accounts and Fo	rms) Regulations

FORM D2—Continued

STATEMENT OF VALUE OF ASSETS AT (BALANCE SHEET DATE)

Assets	Long-Term Insurance Business	Motor Vehicle Insurance Business	All Other Classes of Insurance Business	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
22. Interest dividends and rents outstanding				
23. Sundry Debtors				
24. Other Assets (specify)				
Total Assets as per Form D1				

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[Subsidiary]

FORM D3

STATUTORY FUND REQUIREMENT

(a) in respect of Long-Term Insurance Business as at (Balance Sheet Date)

LIABILITIES TO TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO POLICYHOLDERS

Add

\$

Long-Term Funds: — Ordinary Life Industrial Life

Outstanding Claims:— Death Maturities Other (to be specified) Annuities due and unpaid Provisions for unreported claims Deposits *re* policies Premiums paid in advance Unpaid dividends Accrued interest on policies Other (specify)

Less

Loans on policies of the Company Interest accrued on policy loans Outstanding Premiums Other (specify)

Statutory Fund Requirement

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[Subsidiary]	- 1		ompanies (Accounts and Form	ns) Regulations
			FORM D3–Continued	
		STATUT	ORY FUND REQUIE	REMENTS
		-	ect of Motor Insurance E ce SheetDate)	
	L	JABILITIES TO	TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO) POLICYHOLDERS
	Add			\$
		Form B1	ım Reserves as per	
	I	Estimated Liabil claims as per I	ity for Outstanding Form B1	
	(Other (specify)	-	
	Less	Outstanding Prem	iums	
		-	-	
	(Other (specify)	-	
	Less	deposit with	Securities placed on the Central Bank in for Insurance business	
	S	Statutory Fund Re	quirement	
			-	

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Insurance Companies (Accounts and Forms) Regulations

[Subsidiary]

PART I

PROVISIONS AS TO THE BALANCE SHEET OF EVERY COMPANY

1. Where the amount of any liabilities shown in the balance sheet or in any statement or report annexed thereto includes an amount of indebtedness of the company (whether on account of a loan or otherwise) to any dependent company, in showing the amount of these liabilities such part of that amount as represents indebtedness to dependent companies shall be separately distinguished.

2. The aggregate amount (before deduction of income tax) which is recommended for distribution by way of dividend shall be shown.

3. The matters referred to in the following subparagraph shall be stated by way of note, or in a statement or report annexed, if not otherwise shown.

> Where practicable the aggregate amount or estimated amount, if it is material, of contracts for capital expenditure, so far not provided for and where practicable, the aggregate amount or estimated amount if it is material, of contracts for capital expenditure authorised by the directors which has not been contracted for.

PART II

ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS AS TO THE BALANCE SHEET OF A COMPANY CARRYING ON GENERAL BUSINESS BUT NOT LONG-TERM BUSINESS

- 4. There shall be shown under separate headings:
 - (a) the aggregate amounts set aside respectively for-
 - (i) unearned premium,
 - (ii) unexpired risks,
 - (iii) claims outstanding, and
 - (iv) claims equalisation;
 - (b) the amount payable to policyholders, brokers and agents including any amount payable in connection with reinsurance accepted by the company but excluding any amount payable in connection with claims under insurance contracts;
 - (c) the amount payable to the company's reinsurers identifying any part of the amount of reinsurance premiums payable which has been retained by the company as a security for future claims against the company's reinsurers;

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	(d)	the amount payable to persons carrying on insurance business (other than amounts payable in connection with reinsurance accepted and ceded);
	(e)	the amount of bank loans and overdrafts;
	-	the amount payable to other creditors classified under appropriate headings;
	<i>(g)</i>	other amounts set aside classified under appropriate headings.
	5. There s	shall be shown under separate headings:
		the amount receivable from policyholders, brokers and agents including any amount receivable in connection with reinsurance accepted by the company identifying any part of the amount receivable by way of reinsurance premiums which has been retained by persons reinsured as a security for future claims against the company;
	<i>(b)</i>	the amount receivable from the company's reinsurers;
	(c)	the amount receivable from persons carrying on insurance business (other than amounts receivable in connection with reinsurance accepted or ceded);
	(d)	the amount receivable from other debtors;
	<i>(e)</i>	cash on current account at bankers and in hand;
	(f)	the amount of assets not included in the amounts shown under other headings classified under appropriate headings.
		he matters referred to in the following subparagraphs shall yay of note, or in a statement or report annexed, if not 'n.
	the liabilities of	rticulars of any charge on the assets of the company to secure any other person (other than liabilities arising under a contract including the amount secured.
	provided for (of	e general nature of any other contingent liabilities not ther than one arising under a contract of insurance) and the nt or estimated amount of those liabilities, if it is material.
		PART III
	SHEET OF	NAL PROVISIONS AS TO THE BALANCE A COMPANY CARRYING ON LONG-TERM NESS—BUT NOT GENERAL BUSINESS
		quirements of Part II of this Schedule shall apply and shall
	apply as if— (i) fo	 (a) of paragraph 4 there were substituted— (a) the amount of each long-term business fund carried forward in the revenue account of the company for the financial year.

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PART IV

ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS AS TO THE BALANCE SHEET OF A COMPOSITE COMPANY

8. The requirements of Part II of this Schedule shall apply and shall apply as if in head (*a*) of paragraph 4 after the words "the aggregate amounts set aside respectively" there were added the words "in relation to the company's general business." In showing the amount of each item thus required to be shown and in stating any matter in relation to any amount thus required to be shown and in stating any matter in relation to any amount required to be stated there shall be excluded any part of that amount which relates only to the company's long-term business and, in relation to each amount so excluded, that amount shall be separately shown (or the relevant matter in relation to that amount shall be separately stated), in the Balance Sheet and the following amounts in relation to the company's long-term business shall also be so shown under separate headings that is to say—

- (*a*) the amount of each fund carried forward in the long-term business revenue account of the company for the financial year; and
- (b) the amount of claims admitted but not paid.

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FORM E

GENERAL AND INVESTMENT EXPENSES

Name of Company	Year of Stateme				
		ED DURING EAR	AMOUNT INCURRED CHARGED AS INVESTMENT EXPENSES		
	Total	In respect of Trinidad and Tobago business	Total	In respect of Trinidad and Tobago business	
Rent	\$(T&T)	\$(T&T)	\$(T&T)	\$(T&T)	
Head Office RentsBranch Office Rents					
TOTAL RENT					
Salaries, Wages and Allowances					
Head Office employees: salaries and wages Branch Office employees, managers and agents: salaries and wages Expense allowances and advances to agents					
TOTAL SALARIES, WAGES AND ALLOWANCES					
Employees and Agents Welfare					
Contributions to pension and insurance plans for agents and employees Other Welfare Items					
TOTAL EMPLOYEES AND AGENTS WELFARE					
Professional and Service Fees and Expenses					
Legal Fees and Expenses Medical Examination Fees Inspection Report Fees Auditors' Fees Investigation and settlement of claims					
TOTAL PROFESSIONAL AND SERVICE FEES AND EXPENSES					

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FORM E-Continued

GENERAL AND INVESTMENT EXPENSES

Name of Company			Year of Stat	tement
	INCURRED DURING YEAR		AMOUNT INCURRE CHARGED AS INVESTMENT EXPENSES	
	Total	In respect of Trinidad and Tobago business	Total	In respect of Trinidad and Tobago business
	\$(T&T)	\$(T&T)	\$(T&T)	\$(T&T)
Miscellaneous Expenses				
Advertising Books, Periodicals, Bureau and Association Dues				
Collection and Bank Charges				
Insurance, except on Real Estate Office furniture and stationery including postage, etc				
Commissions on mortgages, custody of securities				
Travelling Expenses				
Sundry General Expenses				
TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS				
EXPENSES				
Real Estate Expenses, Excluding Taxes				
Salaries and Wages				
Other items				
TOTAL REAL ESTATE EXPENSES, EXCLUDING TAXES				
GRAND TOTALS				
Less Investment Expenses				
TOTAL GENERAL EXPENSES (i.e., excluding Investment Expenses)				

Companies incorporated outside of Trinidad and Tobago should complete this form in respect to business done in Trinidad and Tobago only.

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INSURANCE (ADMISSIBLE ASSETS AND VALUATION OF ASSETS) REGULATIONS

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ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS

REGULATION

- 1. Citation.
- 2. Interpretation.
- 3. Dependent Company.
- 4. Application.
- 5. Shares in and debts due or to become due from dependents.
- 6. Debts and other rights.
- 7. Land or real estate.
- 8. Equipment.
- 9. Quoted investments.
- 10. Life interest, reversionary interest, etc.
- 11. Unit Trust.
- 12. Contribution Certificate.
- 13. Unquoted shares.
- 14. Other assets.
- 15. Assets to be taken into account only to a specified extent.

SCHEDULE.

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INSURANCE (ADMISSIBLE ASSETS AND VALUATION 107/1982. **OF ASSETS) REGULATIONS**

made under section 214(1)(k)

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Insurance Citation. (Admissible Assets and Valuation of Assets) Regulations.

2. (1) In these Regulations—

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"approved financial institution" means-

- (a) any institution in which a company is required to invest its funds for the purposes of sections 29(6) and 46(1) of the Act;
- (b) any institution as the Central Bank may from time to time approve;

"asset" includes part of an asset;

- "computer equipment" means the electro-mechanical and electronic units which make up a computer configuration and includes a software package or packages used in pursuance of the business of a company;
- "contribution certificate" has the meaning referred to in section 2 of the Unit Trust Corporation of Trinidad and Tobago Act; Ch. 83:03.
- "debenture" includes debenture stock and bonds, whether constituting a charge on assets or not, and loan stock or notes;
- "debt" means an obligation to pay premiums or other monies outstanding to the account of an insurance company;
- "insurance company" means a company carrying on ordinary long-term insurance business or carrying on any class of insurance business, other than ordinary long-term business, or both:
- "insurance liabilities" means in relation to an insurance company, any debt due from or other liabilities of the company under any contract of insurance to which it is a party;
- "intermediary" means a person who in the course of any business or profession invites other persons to make offers or proposals or to take other steps with a view to entering into contracts of insurance with an insurance company;

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Interpretation. [21/2009].

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"liability" includes a contingent or prospective liability and a part of a liability but does not include a liability in respect of share capital;

"middle market price" means-

- (a) in relation to an investment for which two prices are quoted in the official list published for the relevant market, the average of the two prices so quoted for the day on which the investment falls to be valued or, if no official list has been published for that day for the most recent day prior to that day for which the official list has been published;
- (b) in relation to an investment for which one price is quoted in the official list for the relevant market, the price so quoted for the day on which the investment falls to be valued or, if no official list has been published for that day for the most recent day prior to that day for which the official list has been published; and
- (c) in any other case, the nearest equivalent to the average referred to in paragraph (a) which is published or can be reasonably ascertained from information which is published;
- "parent company" means a company incorporated in Trinidad and Tobago or elsewhere which owns or controls directly or indirectly more than fifty per cent of the voting shares of one or more companies whether incorporated in Trinidad and Tobago or elsewhere;
- "proper valuation" means in relation to land, a valuation made by a qualified valuer not more than three years before the relevant date which determined the amount which would be realised at the time of the valuation on an open market sale of the land free from any mortgage or charge;

"qualified valuer" means a person who-

(*a*) is a fellow or professional associate of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors or a fellow or associate of the Incorporated Society of Valuers

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and Auctioneers or the Rating and Valuation Association and has knowledge and experience in the valuation of land; or

(b) is approved for the time being by the Central Bank for the purpose of these Regulations;

"quoted" and "unquoted" means in relation to an investment that there has been granted a quotation or permission to deal in respect of that investment on any stock exchange which is a recognised stock exchange approved by the Central Bank for the purpose of these Regulations; and "unquoted" shall be construed accordingly;

"relevant date" means in relation to the valuation of any asset for any purpose for which these Regulations apply, the date when the asset falls to be valued for that purpose;

"share" includes a stock;

"subsidiary" means a subsidiary company or company whether incorporated in Trinidad and Tobago or elsewhere in which another company holds more than fifty per cent of its shares.

(2) For the purpose of the business of insurance companies the assets referred to in these Regulations are admissible assets.

3. For the purpose of these Regulations, a company is a Dependent dependent of another company where—

- (a) that other company, either alone or with any associate or associates is entitled to exercise, or control the exercise of one-third or more of the voting power at any general meeting of the first-mentioned company; or
- (b) the first-mentioned company is a dependent of any company which is that other company's dependent.

4. (1) These Regulations apply with respect to the Application. determination of the value of assets of insurance companies.

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(2) Any asset to which these Regulations apply (other than cash) for the valuation of which no provision is made in these Regulations shall, unless approved by the Central Bank, be left out of account for the purposes specified in paragraph (1).

(3) Where it is provided by these Regulations that the value of any asset is to be not greater than as determined in accordance with these Regulations and in all the circumstances of the case it appears that the asset is of a lesser value, such lesser value shall be the value of the asset.

Shares in and debts due or to become due from dependents. 5. (1) The value of any share in a dependent of an insurance company shall be not greater than that part of the net asset value of the dependent which would be payable in respect of the share if the dependent were in liquidation and the net asset value were the amount distributable to the shareholders in the winding up.

(2) In this regulation "net asset value" means in relation to a dependent the amount by which the value of its assets, as determined in accordance with these Regulations, exceeds the amount of its liabilities including contingent and prospective liabilities but not including liabilities in respect of share capital.

(3) The value of any debt due, or to become due, to an insurance company from a dependent shall be the amount which would reasonably be expected to be recovered in respect of that debt (due respect being taken of any security held in respect thereof) if the dependent were in liquidation.

(4) Any share in a dependent—

- (a) in which there is no such excess of assets over liabilities as is mentioned in subregulation (2);
- (b) in relation to which an insurance company cannot reasonably ascertain the amount of the liabilities of the dependent for the purposes of subregulation (2),

shall be left out of account for the purposes for which these Regulations apply.

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(5) Where an insurance company is unable to determine the value of any debt due or to become due to the company from a dependent because it cannot reasonably ascertain the amount of the liabilities of the dependent for the purpose of ascertaining what would reasonably be expected to be recovered in respect of that debt in accordance with subregulation (3), the debt shall be left out of account for the purposes for which these Regulations apply.

(6) In determining the net asset value of a dependent company which is an insurance company the value of its assets and the amount of its liabilities shall be determined in accordance with any valuation Regulations applicable for the purpose of section 77(1) of the Act, in the case of general insurance business and for the purpose of any investigation to which section 113 of the Act applies in the case of long-term insurance business.

(7) In determining for the purpose of this regulation the net asset value of a dependent company, which is not an insurance company, the value of the assets of the dependent company shall be determined in accordance with these Regulations as if they were assets of an insurance company.

6. (1) The value of any debt due, or to become due, to an Debts and other insurance company other than a debt to which subregulation (2), ^{rights.} (3) or (4) of this regulation or regulations 8 and 13 apply shall be—

- (a) in the case of any such debt which is due, or will become due within twelve months of the relevant date (including any debt which would become due within that period if the company were to exercise any right to which it is entitled to require payment of the same), the amount which can reasonably be expected to be recovered in respect of that debt (due account being taken of any security being held in respect thereof); and
- (b) in the case of any other such debt, the amount which would reasonably be paid by way of consideration for an immediate assignment of the debt together with the benefit of any security held in respect thereof.

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(2) The value of any debt due, or to become due, to the company which is secured on a policy of insurance issued by the company and which (together with any other debt secured on that policy) does not exceed the amount payable on a surrender of that policy at the relevant date shall be the amount of that debt.

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(3) Any debt due, or to become due, to the company from an intermediary in respect of money advanced on account of commission to which that intermediary is not absolutely entitled at the relevant date shall be left out of account for the purposes for which these Regulations apply.

(4) The value of any salvage right of the company shall be the amount which can reasonably be expected to be recovered by virtue of the exercise of that right.

7. The value of any land of an insurance company (other than land held by the company as a security for a debt or to which regulation 9 applies) shall, where an amount representing such value has been put into the account for the first time or where a change is made reflecting an increase in the relevant amount stated or shown in a previous account, be not greater than the amount which, after deduction of the reasonable expenses of sale, would be realised if the land were sold at a price equal to the most recent proper valuation of that land which has been provided to the company and any such land of which there is no proper valuation shall be left out of account for the purposes of these Regulations.

Equipment.

8. The value of any computer equipment, office machinery, furniture and motor vehicles of an insurance company—

- (*a*) in the financial year of the company in which it is purchased, shall be not greater than threequarters of the cost thereof to the company;
- (b) in the first financial year thereafter, shall be not greater than one-half of that cost;
- (c) in the second financial year thereafter, shall be not greater than one-quarter of that cost; and

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Land or real estate.

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(d) in any subsequent financial year, shall be left out of account for the purposes for which these Regulations apply.

9. The value of any quoted debenture which is not a Quoted debenture issued by a dependent of the insurance company, and of any quoted share which is not a share in such a dependent shall be the greater of the middle market price or the average of the middle market prices during the last three months before the day on which the investment falls to be valued.

10. The value of any asset consisting of an interest in Life interest, property, which-

- (a) is determinable upon death of any person or upon the happening of some other future event or at some future time or is a remainder reversionary interest right of fee subject to a life rent or other future interest, whether vested or contingent; and
- (b) is not a lease or reversionary interest expectant upon the determination of a lease,

shall be the amount which would reasonably be paid by way of consideration for an immediate transfer or assignment thereof.

11. The value of any holding of units, or other beneficial Unit Trust. interest, under a unit trust scheme shall be the published price at which the managers/management, as the case may be, under the unit trust scheme would purchase the holding of units or other beneficial interest if required to do so.

12. The value of a contribution certificate issued to a Contribution Certificate. contributing institution within the meaning of section 2 of the Unit Trust Corporation of Trinidad and Tobago Act, shall be-

> (a) the amount which would reasonably be paid by way of consideration for an immediate transfer thereof; or

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Investments.

reversionary interest. etc.

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	(b)	the amount determined by regulations made under the Unit Trust Corporation of Trinidad and Tobago Act.
Unquoted shares.	equity share no shall be the am	lue of any unquoted share, which is neither an a share in a dependent of the insurance company ount which would reasonably be paid by way of or an immediate transfer of that share.
Other assets.		lue of any securities issued or guaranteed by any public authority shall be—
	(a)	in the case of quoted securities, the middle market price;
	(b)	in the case of securities which are not transferable, the amount payable on a surrender or redemption of such securities at the relevant date; and
	(c)	in any other case the amount which would reasonably be paid by way of consideration for an immediate transfer or assignment thereof.
Assets to be taken into account only to a specified extent.	specified in the	ce company assets of any of the descriptions Schedule shall be taken into account only to the rcentages as specified in the Schedule, of the total

assets or net premium, as the case may be, of the insurance company.

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	SCHEDULE		Regulation 14. [21/2009].
	ASSETS TO BE TAKEN INTO ACCO TO A SPECIFIED EXTEN		
	Description of Assets	Percentage of total assets of the company	
1.	Debts [other than quoted debentures, debts to which regulation 5(3) or 6 apply] which are due or to become due to the insurance company on the relevant date from—		
	(a) any one connected company (not being an approved financial institution);(b) any one un-incorporated body of persons	21/2	
	(not being an approved financial institution).	2	
2.	Quoted shares in any one connected company.	5	
3.	Unquoted shares in any one connected company.	21/2	
4.	Computer equipment (including software packages).	5	
5.	Office machinery (other than computer equipment) furniture, motor vehicles and other equipment.	5	
		Percentage of general business or long-term business net premium income	
6.	Amounts recorded in the insurance company's books as due in respect of premium (other than premiums in respect of treaty reinsurance accepted) which either—		
	(a) have not been paid; or	30	

Insurance (Admissible Assets and Valuation of Assets) Regulations

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		Description of Assets	Percentage of general business or long-term business net premium income.
	c t	have been received by an intermediary on behalf of the company, but have not been paid to the company by the ntermediary,	
	recorded	rebates, refunds and commission in the company's books as allowable or n respect of any such amounts.	
	company (a) a (b) t i (c) a (d) a (c) (c) a (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c)	Schedule, a company is a connected of an insurance company where it is— a subsidiary of the insurance company; he holding or parent company of the nsurance company; a subsidiary of the holding company referred to at (b); a dependent of the insurance company; or where the insurance company is either— (i) a dependent of the company; (ii) a subsidiary of the company.	

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INSURANCE (AGENTS, BROKERS, SALESMEN AND ADJUSTERS) (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS

ARRANGEMENT OF REGULATIONS

REGULATION

- 1. Citation.
- 2. Interpretation.
- 3. Application for registration.
- 4. Application for registration of insurance agent and broker.
- 5. Registration of partnerships and companies.
- 6. Application of Agents or Salesmen to be certified.
- 7. Application to renew certificates of registration.
- 8. Prescribed form of certificates of registration.
- 9. Forms of notices.
- 10. Central Bank to maintain register.
- 11. Monthly accounts of brokers.
- 12. Monthly record of Agents.
- 13. Annual Audited Accounts to be submitted to Inspector.
- 14. Audit of accounts of brokers and agents.
- 15. Appointment of examiner.
- 16. Minister may authorise.
- 17. Examinations.
- 18. Frequency of examinations.
- 19. Certification.
- 20. Exemption from examinations.
- 21. Application for renewal of certificates.

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121/1982. [15 of 2004].		E (AGENTS, BROKERS, SALESMEN AND ERS) (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS
		made under section 214(1)
Citation.		Regulations may be cited as the Insurance (Agents, nen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations.
Interpretation.	2. In thes	e Regulations—
	organisati	acational institution" means the institution or on appointed by the Minister to supervise and r the examinations required in pursuance of f the Act;
	supervise	as the persons appointed by the Minister to and administer the examinations required in of Part III of the Act;
	"controller" ha	s the same meaning as in the Act;
		ans the Minister to whom responsibility for the finance is assigned.
Application for registration. [15 of 2004]. First Schedule.	Act shall be ma or 4 in the First obtained from	application for registration under Part III of the ide in the appropriate form set out as Form 1, 2, 3, Schedule and shall be accompanied by the receipt the Central Bank upon payment of the prescribed
Second Schedule.	tees, as set out	in the Second Schedule.
Application for registration of insurance agent	4. (1) Ar must be accom	application for registration as a broker or agent panied by—
and broker. [15 of 2004].	(a)) the audited balance sheet, profit and loss account and revenue account of the applicant for the financial year immediately preceding the date of application;
	(b.) where the applicant is a firm or a partnership, certified copies of the instrument constituting the firm or partnership as such, and a statement setting out the details of beneficial shareholding, in the case of a firm; or setting out full details in respect of the name and business interests of all the partners, in the case of a partnership.
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(2) Where an application is for registration as an agent, the applicant shall submit together with his application form certified copies of his agency agreement and power of attorney as well as any agreement relating to commissions and other remuneration payable to him in respect of his agency.

(3) Where an application is for registration as a broker and-

- (a) the applicant is an individual, body corporate or a partnership, proof to the satisfaction of the Central Bank must be submitted that there is in force professional indemnity insurance cover of not less than five million dollars placed with an insurer approved by the Bank. The deductible to be applied in respect of any claim should not exceed fifteen thousand dollars;
- (b) the applicant is a body corporate or a partnership, the Bank must be satisfied that in the case of a body corporate the paid-up capital in cash is not less than one hundred thousand dollars and in the case of a partnership, the joint capital account of the partners at the date of application is not less than one hundred thousand dollars.

5. (1) Where the business of broker, agent or adjuster is Registration of carried on by a partnership each member of the partnership shall partnerships and companies. be required to be registered.

(2) Where the business of broker, agent or adjuster is carried on by a partnership and the partnership is terminated before the expiration of the certificate of registration the partners shall forthwith give notice to the Inspector who shall thereupon cancel the registration.

(3) Where a body corporate applies for registration the company shall specify the managers and or controllers of the company.

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MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS

244	Chap. 84:01	Insurance
[Subsidiary]	Insurance (Agents,	Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations

(4) The certificate of registration of a body corporate or a partnership shall specify the officer or officers or the partners who may act thereunder in the name of the company or partnership.

(5) A certificate of registration may be cancelled or suspended as to the company or partnership or as to any of the officers or partners named or specified therein.

Application of Agents or Salesmen to be certified.

renew

Fourth

Schedule.

certificates of registration. [15 of 2004].

6. (1) Every application for registration of an agent shall be certified by the insurer on behalf of whom the agent will act.

(2) Every application for registration of a salesman shall be certified by the insurer by which or the agent by whom the salesman is employed or contracted at the time of his application.

7. (1) An application to renew a certificate of registration issued under section 92 of the Act shall be in the appropriate form set out in the Fourth Schedule as Form 1, 2 or 3.

(2) The application shall be accompanied by the receipt obtained from the Central Bank upon payment of the prescribed fee and shall be made to the Bank not later than thirty days before the anniversary date of issue of the certificate.

8. The certificates of registration required by section 92 of the Act and by these Regulations are in the forms set out as Forms 1, 2 and 3 in Part I of the Third Schedule.

9. The notices required by section 99 of the Act are in the forms set out as Forms 1, 2 and 3 in Part II of the Third Schedule.

10. The Central Bank shall maintain registers of all agents, brokers, salesmen and adjusters to whom certificates of registration have been issued.

11. Every registered broker shall keep, in relation to insurance placed with him relating to each class or classes of insurance business for which he is registered, monthly accounts showing all receipts and expenses relating to such insurance business, and such

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UPDATED TO DECEMBER 31ST 2014

Prescribed form of certificates of registration. Third Schedule.

Forms of notices. Third Schedule.

Central Bank to maintain register. [15 of 2004].

Monthly accounts of brokers.

Application to

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LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO		
MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS	www.leg	galaffairs.gov.tt
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Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registratio	n) Regulations	[Subsidiary]

accounts shall be completed not later than twenty-one days after the end of the month in respect of which they are prepared.

12. All registered agents shall keep, as respects policies Monthly records of Agents. issued or renewed by them, such monthly records as will enable the amount due to them by their principals or due by them to their principals to be determined, and such records shall be completed not later than twenty-one days after the end of the month in respect of which they are prepared.

13. Within six months of the close of each financial year of Annual Audited a broker or agent, he shall submit to the Inspector three copies of submitted to the audited accounts, balance sheet and profit and loss account of the brokerage business or agency as the case may be, for that financial year.

14. (1) The accounts required under regulation 13 shall be Audit of audited by an auditor within the meaning of section 59(1)(a) of brokers and the Act.

(2) The auditor making the audit shall state in a certificate to the accounts whether or not-

- (a) the books of accounts have been properly kept;
- (b) the balance sheet and profit and loss account present fairly the state of the broker's or agent's affairs at the end of the financial period to which they relate;
- (c) the agent or broker, as the case may be, has satisfied the requirements of regulations 11 and 12 and has presently paid over all moneys received for an insurer or an insured as the case may be, during the period to which the accounts relate.

15. (1) The Minister shall appoint either a Board or an Appointment of educational institution to supervise and administer the examiner. [15 of 2004]. examinations referred to in Part III of the Act.

UNOFFICIAL VERSION

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Accounts to be Inspector.

agents.

LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO www.legalaffairs.gov.tt

MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS	
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246Chap. 84:01Insurance[Subsidiary]Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations

(2) The Board shall consist of not less than five or more than ten members, one of whom shall be the Inspector of Financial Institutions or his nominee. The other members shall include persons nominated by insurance associations or organisations recognised as such by the Minister.

(3) Members of the Board shall be appointed for a period of two years and shall be eligible for reappointment.

(4) The approved educational institution shall be appointed for a period of three years in the first instance and shall be eligible for reappointment for further periods of not less than twelve months duration.

16. The Minister may authorise the amount of remuneration to be paid to the Board or the approved educational institution as the case may be, for the supervision and administration of examinations.

17. The Board or approved educational institution shall in consultation with the Central Bank—

- (a) determine the scope and form of examinations necessary to qualify a person to act as or carry on business as an agent, a broker, a salesman or an adjuster; provided however that no examination shall be wholly oral; and
- (b) prescribe the fee payable by a candidate for such examinations.

18. (1) Examinations shall be held at least once each year.

(2) A candidate for examination may apply to the Central Bank for an examination to be held in respect of any class of insurance business and an examination shall be so held subject to subregulation (3) where at least fifteen candidates have applied and paid the prescribed examination fee.

(3) An examination in respect of a particular class of insurance business shall not be held more than once in three months.

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UPDATED TO DECEMBER 31ST 2014

Frequency of examinations. [15 of 2004].

Minister may authorise.

Examinations. [15 of 2004].

LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO		
MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS	www.leg	galaffairs.gov.tt
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Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registratio	n) Regulations	[Subsidiary]

19. (1) Where the examiner is an approved educational Certification. [15 of 2004]. institution, there shall be issued to every person who passes the required examination, a certificate to that effect signed by the head of the institution.

(2) Where the examiner is a panel of persons there shall be issued to every person who passes the required examination a certificate to that effect signed by the Governor of the Central Bank.

20. A person who satisfies the Central Bank that he has Exemption carried on business as an agent, broker, salesman or adjuster in a examinations. particular class of insurance business in an efficient manner for a period of at least three years immediately preceding the commencement of Part III of the Act may be exempted from the examinations referred to in these Regulations.

21. An application for renewal of a certificate shall be made Application for on the appropriate form as set out in the Fourth Schedule.

from [15 of 2004].

renewal of certificates. Fourth Schedule.

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LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO www.legalaffairs.gov.tt

MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS

Regulation 3. [15 of 2004].

248Chap. 84:01Insurance[Subsidiary]Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations

FIRST SCHEDULE

(Application for Registration as Agents, Brokers, Salesmen, Adjusters)

FORM 1

No.

Date Received

THE INSURANCE (AGENTS, BROKERS, SALESMEN AND ADJUSTERS) (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION AS AGENT

TO: THE CENTRAL BANK OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

I hereby apply on my own behalf*/on behalf of the firm*/company named below for registration to carry on the business of Insurance Agent in respect of the class/classes of insurance business stated in section B or F herein.

I enclose official receipt No..... dated..... as evidence of payment of the registration fee.

The documents listed in direction No. 8 on the next page are attached.

Signature	
of Applicant	

Date	e	Title
2.	Name of firm*/company	
3.	Principal address in Trinidad and	d Tobago
	Telephone No	

*Delete whichever is not applicable.

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	Insurance	Chap. 84:01	249
Insurance (Agents, B	Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Regi	stration) Regulations	[Subsidiary]

DIRECTIONS

- 1. Where the information required cannot be accommodated on the form of application it should be supplied as an appendix on separate sheets of paper using the same numbering and sub-lettering contained in the application.
- 2. A separate sheet should be used for each person about whom information is to be supplied under section G item 28.
- 3. The certificate in section B item 7(c) must be signed by the Chief Executive of the insurance company.
- 4. The certificate at the end of the application must be signed by two directors of the company and by the Manager or Secretary or by the partners in the case of a partnership.
- 5. "Class/classes of Insurance business" means the classes of insurance business listed in the First Schedule to the Insurance Act.
- 6. "Controller" has the same meaning as in the Insurance Act.
- 7. "Officer or officers" in section H item 29 refers to the officer or officers to be specified in the certificate of registration who may act thereunder in the name of the company.
- 8. This application must be accompanied by—
 - (a) The receipt obtained from the Central Bank on payment of the registration fee.
 - (b) Certified copies of the agency agreement and Power of Attorney and any agreement pertaining to commissions and other remuneration payable.
 - (c) The audited accounts and statements required by the Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations.
 - (d) Certified copies of the instrument constituting the firm/company and the statement of shareholding or of the business interests of the partners required by the Regulations mentioned in (c) above.
 - (e) The latest agency returns made to the insurance company/companies.
- 9. A separate application must be made in respect of each company for which the applicant wishes to be registered as Agent—*See* sections 89(3) and 108(3) of the Insurance Act.
- 10. If the applicant intends to limit the conduct of his business to the insurance of only some of the risks of the class or classes of insurance business this should be indicated.

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 Chap. 84:01

[Subsidiary] Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations

PARTICULARS OF APPLICATION

PART I

(Applicable to an Individual)

A-PERSONAL PARTICULARS OF APPLICANT

1. Full name in block letters Mr./Mrs./Miss
2. Address
3. Date of Birth 4. Nationality
5. (1) Present Occupation
(2) Employer

B-PARTICULARS OF REGISTRATION

6. Indicate by a tick in the appropriate box the class/classes of insurance business in respect of which this application for registration is made.

	Classes of L	Insurai	nce Bu	siness	
(i)	Ordinary Long-term		(ii)	Industrial Life	
(iii)	Liability		(iv)	Marine, Aviation and Transport	
(v)	Motor Vehicle		(vi)	Pecuniary Loss	
(vii)	Personal Accident		(viii)	Property	

- 7. (*a*) Name of the Insurance Company for which the applicant is to be registered as agent.
 - (b) Address of the Insurance Company.
 - (c) Endorsement of the Insurance Company.

I certify that the applicant has been appointed agent of the abovenamed insurance company which has been registered under the Insurance Act, Ch. 84:01 to carry on the class/classes of insurance business stated above.

Signature

Date

Title

(Affix official stamp of the company)

UNOFFICIAL VERSION

251	Insurance Chap. 84:01
[Subsidiary]	surance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations
	8. Other class/classes of Insurance business in respect of which you are currently registered and the company for which you are registered as agent.
	9. Details of any previous registration which was cancelled including the reason for cancellation.
	10. State whether you are now registered or have applied for registration as a broker.
	QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE
	11. (a) Year in which insurance agent examination was passed
	(b) Examining body
	(c) Any other qualification in insurance
	(forward copies of certificates)
	12. Furnish on a separate sheet full details of your experience as an insurance agent indicating:
	(a) The insurance companies on behalf of which you acted with dates and the class/classes of insurance business transacted.
	(b) Any experience in insurance business other than agent with dates.
	GENERAL INFORMATION
	13. Are you a member, director or controller of a company carrying on insurance brokerage business? If so, give details.
	14. Are you an undischarged bankrupt? If so have you leave to carry on the business of insurance agent by the Court by which you were adjudged bankrupt?
	15. Will you act full time or part time as an agent?
	16. Are you a member of an association of insurance agents or other insurance association? If so, give the name and address of the association.
	17. Submit the latest agency returns made to the insurance company/companies.
	certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief all the information n in this application is true and correct.
	Signature of Applicant

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MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS

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252Chap. 84:01Insurance[Subsidiary]Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations

PART II

(Applicable to a Firm/Company)

E-PARTICULARS OF THE FIRM/ COMPANY

- 18. The name of the person resident in Trinidad and Tobago appointed as principal representative.
- 19. Date and place of incorporation or formation.
- 20. Summary of main objects.
- 21. The amount of—
 - (i) Authorised capital.
 - (ii) Paid-up capital.

F-PARTICULARS OF BUSINESS

Indicate by a tick in the appropriate box the:

22. Class/classes of insurance business in respect of which this application is made.

Classes of Insurance Business

(i)	Ordinary Long-term	(ii)	Industrial Life	
(iii)	Liability	(iv)	Marine, Aviation and Transport	
(v)	Motor Vehicle	(vi)	Pecuniary Loss	
(vii)	Personal Accident	(viii)	Property	

- 23 (a) The name of the insurance company for which the applicant is to be registered as agent.
 - (b) The address of the insurance company.
 - (c) Endorsement of the insurance company.

I certify that the applicant has been appointed agent of the above-named insurance company which is registered under the Insurance Act, Ch. 84:01 to carry on the class/classes of insurance business stated above.

	Signature
Date	Title

(Affix official stamp of the company)

UNOFFICIAL VERSION

MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS Chan 84.01 Insurance

	Insurance	Chap. 64:01	255
Insurance (Agents, Broker	rs, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Regi	stration) Regulations	[Subsidiary]

- 24. Other class/classes of insurance business and the insurance company in respect of which the firm/company is now registered.
- 25. Details of any previous registration which was cancelled including the reason for cancellation.
- 26. State whether the firm/company is registered or has applied for registration as broker.
- 27. Date on which financial year ends.

G-PERSONAL PARTICULARS OF DIRECTORS, CONTROLLERS, AND PARTNERS

- 28. In respect of each of the following, give the particulars required by (a) to (j) below:
 - (i) Directors;
 - (ii) Controllers;
 - (iii) Managers;
 - (iv) Partners;
 - (a) Full name
 - (b) Address
 - (c) Nationality
 - (d) Date of Birth
 - (e) Place of Birth
 - (f) Position (Director, Controller, Partner, etc.)
 - (g) Whether the person is an undischarged bankrupt and if so whether he has leave to carry on the business of insurance agent by the Court by which he was adjudged bankrupt.
 - (h) Details of shares held in any insurance brokerage business.
 - (i) Details of training and experience in insurance.
 - (j) Whether each partner of the firm is registered or has applied for registration as agent.

H-GENERAL INFORMATION

- 29. The officer or officers to be specified in the certificate of registration of the Company (See Direction No. 7).
- 30. Is the firm/company a member or controller of a company carrying on insurance brokerage business? If so, give details.

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MINISTRY OF	LEGAL AFFAIRS		www.legalaffairs.gov.tt
254	Chap. 84:01	Insurance	
[Subsidiary]	Insurance (Agents	s, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Reg	gistration) Regulations
		n/company a member of an association nsurance association? If so, give the mon.	0

32. Submit the latest agency returns made to the insurance company/ companies.

We certify that to the best of our knowledge and belief all the information given in this application is true and correct.

gnation (. 4)	Signature Title Signature Title
	Signature
	Title Date

Indicate official desig (See Direction No.

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MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS

www.legalaffairs.gov.tt

Insurance	Chap. 84:01 255
Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjus	sters) (Registration) Regulations [Subsidiary]

FORM 2

No.

Date Received

THE INSURANCE (AGENTS, BROKERS, SALESMEN AND ADJUSTERS) (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION AS BROKER

TO: THE CENTRAL BANK OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

I hereby apply on my own behalf*/on behalf of the firm*/company named below for registration to carry on the business of Insurance Broker in respect of the class/classes of insurance business stated in section B* or G herein.

I enclose official receipt No. dated as evidence of payment of the registration fee.

The documents listed in direction No. 7 on the next page are attached.

	Signature of Applicant
	Title
	Date
2.	Name of firm*/company
3.	Principal address in Trinidad and Tobago
	Telephone No

*Delete whichever is not applicable.

DIRECTIONS

- 1. Where the information required cannot be accommodated on the form of application it should be supplied as an appendix on separate sheets of paper using the same numbering and sub-lettering contained in the application.
- 2. A separate sheet should be used for each person about whom information is to be supplied under section H item 27.

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MINISTRY OF	LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO
256	Chap. 84:01 Insurance
[Subsidiary]	Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations
	3. The Certificate at the end of the application must be signed by two Directors of the company and by the Manager or Secretary or by the partners in the case of a partnership.
	4. The term "Class/classes of Insurance business" means the classes of Insurance business listed in the First Schedule to the Insurance Act, Ch. 84:01.
	5. "Controller" has the same meaning as in the Insurance Act, Ch. 84:01.
	 "Officer or Officers" in section H item 29 refers to the officer or officers to be specified in the Certificate of Registration who may act thereunder in the name of the company.
	 7. This application must be accompanied by— (a) The receipt obtained from the Central Bank on payment of the registration fee. (b) Proof of professional Indemnity insurance cover in force of not less than five million dollars (\$5,000,000) T.T. (c) The audited accounts required by the Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations. (d) Certified copies of the instrument constituting the firm/company and the statement of shareholding or of the business interests of the partners required by the Regulations mentioned in (c).
	PARTICULARS OF APPLICATION
	PART I
	(Applicable to an Individual)
	A-PERSONAL PARTICULARS OF APPLICANT
	1. Full name in block letters Mr./Mrs./Miss
	2. Address
	3. Date of Birth 4. Nationality
	5. (1) Present Occupation
	(2) Employer
	B -PARTICULARS OF REGISTRATION
	Indicate by a tick in the appropriate box the:
	6. Class/classes of insurance business in respect of which this application for registration is made.

UNOFFICIAL VERSION

MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS		1	www.leę	galaffairs.gov.tt	
Insur	ance		Chap. 84	4:01	257
Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and	nd Adju	sters) (R	egistration) Regulation	ns	[Subsidiary]
Class of In	nsurar	ice Bus	iness		
(i) Ordinary Long-term		(ii)	Industrial Life		
(iii) Liability		(iv)	Marine, Aviation and Transport		
(v) Motor Vehicle		(vi)	Pecuniary Loss		
(vii) Personal Accident		(viii)	Property		

- 7. Other class/classes of insurance business in respect of which you are now currently registered as a broker.
- 8. State whether you are now registered or have applied for registration as a salesman or agent.
- 9. Details of any previous registration which was cancelled including the reason for cancellation.

C-QUALIFICATION AND EXPERIENCE

- 10. Give full details of your qualifications. *(forward copies of certificates).*
- 11. Furnish on a separate sheet—
 - (a) Full details of your experience as an insurance broker indicating the firm/company in which you were employed with dates of employment and class/classes of insurance business transacted certified by the Chief Executive of the firm/company.
 - (b) Any experience in insurance business other than broker with dates.

D-GENERAL INFORMATION

- 12. Are you a director, officer or employee of an insurance company? Give details.
- 13. Do you hold shares in an insurance company or in any company which is an agent of an insurance company? Give details.
- 14. Have you entered into any agreement with any other person carrying on insurance business relating to the preferential offer of insurance business? Give details and attach a copy of each such agreement.

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UPDATED TO DECEMBER 31ST 2014

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[Subsidiary]	Insurance (Agents, E	Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations
		undischarged bankrupt? If so, have you leave to carry on s of insurance broker by the Court by which you were nkrupt?
	•	nember of a brokers' association or other professional state the name and address of the body.
	E-DETAILS OF PL	ROFESSIONAL INDEMNITY INSURANCE
	(a) Underw	riter
	(b) Policy	No (c) Renewal date
	(d) Limit o	f Indemnity (e) Excess
		(Attach copy of policy)
	•	he best of my knowledge and belief all the information ion is true and correct.
		Signature of Applicant
		Date

PART II

(Applicable to a Firm or Company)

F-PARTICULARS OF THE FIRM/ COMPANY

- 17. The name of the person resident in Trinidad and Tobago appointed as principal representative.
- 18. Date and place of incorporation or formation.
- 19. Summary of main objects.
- 20. The amount of—
 - (i) Authorised capital.
 - (ii) Paid-up capital.

G-PARTICULARS OF BUSINESS

Indicate by a tick in the appropriate box the:

21. Class/classes of insurance business in respect of which this application for registration is made.

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[Subsidia	ns	egistration) Regulatio	iusters) (R	and A	ents, Brokers, Salesmen o
		`SS	e Busine	uran	Classes of Inst
		Industrial Life			i) Ordinary Long-terr
		Marine, Aviation and Transport	(iv)		i) Liability
		Pecuniary Loss	(vi)		y) Motor Vehicle
		Property	(viii)		i) Personal Accident
	the	in respect of which	usiness i		class/classes of insuration of insuration of the second seco
	on as	plied for registration	has it ap	red c	firm/company register nt?
	ding	was cancelled inclu	n which	istrati	of any previous regi for cancellation.
			l offer of	erent	of any agreement with s relating to the prefet the firm/company has
			ment.	ı agre	d a copy of each such
				- 1	n which financial year
				r end	n which infancial year
		DRS, CONTROLL		or end	-
	ERS	DRS, CONTROLL	DIRECTO	OF	PARTICULARS
	ERS	DRS, CONTROLL	DIRECTO	OF	PARTICULARS NERS ect of each of the following
	ERS	DRS, CONTROLL	DIRECTO	OF	PARTICULARS NERS ect of each of the fol
	ERS d by	DRS, CONTROLL	DIRECTO give the	OF llowin	PARTICULARS NERS ect of each of the fol <i>j</i>) below: Directors;
	ERS d by	DRS, CONTROLL	DIRECTO give the	OF llowin	PARTICULARS NERS ect of each of the fol <i>j</i>) below: Directors; Controllers; Managers and other
	ERS d by	DRS, CONTROLL e particulars require s authorised to train he company/firm;	DIRECTO g give the r official ame of th	OF llowin r sen n the	PARTICULARS NERS ect of each of the fol <i>j</i>) below: Directors; Controllers; Managers and other Insurance business in
	ERS d by nsact	DRS, CONTROLL e particulars require s authorised to traine company/firm;	DIRECTO give the r official ame of th	OF llowin r sen n the	PARTICULARS NERS ect of each of the fol <i>j</i>) below: Directors; Controllers; Managers and other Insurance business in Partners;
	ERS d by nsact	DRS, CONTROLL e particulars require s authorised to tran ne company/firm;	DIRECTO give the r official ame of th	OF llowin r sen n the	PARTICULARS NERS ect of each of the fol: <i>j</i>) below: Directors; Controllers; Managers and other Insurance business in Partners; <i>(a)</i> Full name
	ERS d by nsact	DRS, CONTROLL e particulars require s authorised to tran he company/firm;	DIRECTO give the r official ame of th	OF llowin r sen n the	PARTICULARS NERS ect of each of the fol: j) below: Directors; Controllers; Managers and other Insurance business in Partners; (a) Full name
	ERS d by nsact	ORS, CONTROLL e particulars require s authorised to tran he company/firm;	STRECTO give the r official ame of th	OF llowin r sen n the	PARTICULARS NERS ect of each of the folicity j) below: Directors; Controllers; Managers and other Insurance business in Partners; (a) Full name (b) Address

UNOFFICIAL VERSION UPDATED TO DECEMBER 31ST 2014

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MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS www.legalaffairs.gov.tt 260 Chap. 84:01 Insurance [Subsidiary] Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations (g) Whether the person is an undischarged bankrupt and if so whether he has leave to carry on the business of insurance broker by the Court by which he was adjudged bankrupt. (h) Details of shares held in any insurance company or a company which is an agent of an insurance company. (*i*) Details of training and experience. (j) Whether each partner is registered as an insurance broker or has applied for registration. 28. The name of the executive director who will manage the company and whether he is a registered broker or has applied for such registration. 29. The officer or officers to be specified in the Certificate of Registration of the company (See Direction No. 6). **I-DETAILS OF PROFESSIONAL INDEMNITY INSURANCE** (a) Underwriter (b) Policy No. (c) Renewal date (d) Limit of Indemnity (e) Excess We certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief all the information given in this application is true and correct.

LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

Indicate official designation (*See* Direction No. 3)

Signature
Title
Signature
Title
Signature
Title
Date

UNOFFICIAL VERSION UPDATED TO DECEMBER 31ST 2014

MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS

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	Insurance	Chap. 84:01	261
Insurance (Agents	Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Regi	stration) Regulations	[Subsidiary]

FORM 3

No.

Date Received

THE INSURANCE (AGENTS, BROKERS, SALESMEN AND ADJUSTERS) (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION AS SALESMAN

TO: THE CENTRAL BANK OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

I hereby apply to be registered as an Insurance Salesman in respect of the class/classes of Insurance business stated in section B(6) herein.

I enclose official receipt No date					ated	
registration fee.						

Signature

of Applicant

Date

DIRECTIONS

- 1. Where the information required cannot be accommodated on the form it should be supplied as an appendix on separate sheets of paper using the same numbering and sub-lettering contained in the application.
- 2. The term "class/classes of Insurance business" means the classes of Insurance business listed in the First Schedule to the Insurance Act.
- 3. (a) The certificate in section B item 7(c) must be signed by the Chief Executive of the Company or by the Agent.
 - (b) Affix the official stamp of the Company or Agent.
- 4. The details required in section C item 9 must be certified true and correct by the Chief Executive of the Company or the Agent.
- 5. This application must be accompanied by-
 - (a) The receipt obtained from the Central Bank on payment of the registration fee.
 - (b) A copy of the Insurance Salesman Examination Certificate if available at the time of application.

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262	Chap. 84:0	1 Insurance
[Subsidiary]	Insurance (.	Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations
		llowing persons are not qualified to be registered as an ce Salesman:
	<i>(a)</i>	A person under the age of eighteen years.
	. ,	An undischarged bankrupt, unless he has been granted leave to carry on the business of Insurance Salesman by the Court by which he was adjudged bankrupt.
	<i>(c)</i>	A person who is mentally ill.
	7. "Contro	ller" has the same meaning as defined in the Insurance Act.
		DADTICULADE OF ADDLICATION

PARTICULARS OF APPLICATION

A-PERSONAL PARTICULARS OF APPLICANT

MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS

- 1. Full name in block letters Mr./Mrs./Miss
- 2. Address
- 3. Date of Birth 4. Nationality.....
- 5. (a) Present Occupation:
 - (b) Employed/Contracted by:

B-PARTICULARS OF REGISTRATION

6. Indicate by a tick in the appropriate box the class/classes of Insurance business in respect of which this application for registration is made.

Classes of Insurance Business

(i)	Ordinary Long-term		(ii)	Industrial Life	
(iii)	Liability		(iv)	Marine, Aviation and Transport	
(v)	Motor Vehicle		(vi)	Pecuniary Loss	
(vii)	Personal Accident		(viii)	Property	
) Name of Insurance Company contracted to or Agent employed					

- 7. (*a*) Name of Insurance Company contracted to, or Agent employed by, at the time of application.
 - (b) Address of Insurance Company, or Agent.
 - (c) Endorsement of Insurance Company or Agent.

I certify that the information at (A) and (B) above is true and correct.

Date Signature

Title

(Affix official stamp of company or agent) UNOFFICIAL VERSION

LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS www.legalaffairs.gov.tt Insurance Chap. 84:01 263 Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations [Subsidiary] (d) Details of any previous registration which was cancelled including the reasons for cancellation. (e) Other class/classes of insurance business in respect of which you are now registered as a Salesman. **C-QUALIFICATION AND EXPERIENCE** (a) Year in which Insurance Salesman Examination was passed (b) Examining body (c) Other qualifications (forward copies of certificates). 8. Furnish on a separate sheet full details of your experience as an Insurance Salesman indicating-(a) Company or Agent contracted to or employed by; (b) The period attached to the Company or Agent;

(c) The class or classes of Insurance business transacted.

N.B. Details must be certified by the Chief Executive of the company or by the Agent.

D-GENERAL INFORMATION

- 9. Give the names of your employers and the position held during the last five years.
- 10. Are you now registered or have you applied for registration as a broker?
- 11. Are you a member, director or controller of a company carrying on brokerage business? If so, give details.
- 12. Details of shares held in any Insurance brokerage business.
- 13. Are you an undischarged bankrupt? If so, have you leave to carry on the business of Insurance Salesman by the Court by which you were adjudged bankrupt?
- 14. Are you a member of an association of Insurance Salesmen? If so, give the name and address of the association.

I certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief all of the information given in this application is true and correct.

Signature	
of Applicant	
D.t.	
Date	••••

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MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS

www.legalaffairs.gov.tt

264Chap. 84:01Insurance[Subsidiary]Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations

FORM 4

No.....

Date Received

THE INSURANCE (AGENTS, BROKERS, SALESMEN AND ADJUSTERS) (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION AS ADJUSTER

TO: THE CENTRAL BANK OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

I hereby apply on my own behalf*/on behalf of the firm*/company named below for registration to carry on the business of Insurance Adjuster in respect of the class/classes of Insurance business stated in section B or E* herein.

I enclose official receipt No. dated as evidence of payment of the registration fee.

Signature	
-----------	--

Title

Date

2. Name of Firm/Company

3. Principal Address in Trinidad and Tobago

.....

Telephone No.

*Delete whichever is not applicable.

DIRECTIONS

- 1. Where the information required cannot be accommodated on the form of application it should be supplied as an appendix on separate sheets of paper using the same numbering and sub-lettering contained in the application.
- 2. A separate sheet should be used for each person about whom information is to be supplied under item 18 of section F.
- 3. The Certificate at the end of the application must be signed by two Directors of the Company and by the Manager or Secretary or by partners in the case of a partnership.

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 MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS
 www.legalaffairs.gov.tt

 Insurance
 Chap. 84:01
 265

 Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations
 [Subsidiary]

- 4. "Class/classes of Insurance business" means the classes of Insurance business listed in the First Schedule to the Insurance Act.
- 5. "Controller" has the same meaning as defined in the Insurance Act.
- 6. "Officer or officers" in section G19 refers to the officer or officers to be specified in the Certificate of registration who may act thereunder in the name of the company.

PARTICULARS OF APPLICATION

PART I

(Applicable to an Individual)

A-PERSONAL PARTICULARS OF APPLICANT

1.	Full name in block letters Mr./Mrs./Miss
2.	Address
3.	Date of Birth 4. Nationality
5.	(1) Present Occupation
	(2) Employer

B-PARTICULARS OF REGISTRATION

6. Indicate by a tick in the appropriate box—the class/classes of Insurance business in respect of which this application for registration is made.

(i)	Liability	(ii)	Marine, Aviation and Transport	
(iii)	Motor Vehicle	(iv)	Pecuniary Loss	
(v)	Personal Accident	(vi)	Property	

- 7. Other class/classes of Insurance business in respect of which you are now registered.
- 8. Details of any previous registration which was cancelled including the reason for cancellation.

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266

Insurance

[Subsidiary] Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations

C-QUALIFICATION AND EXPERIENCE

- 9. List all of your qualifications and forward copies of your Certificates.
- 10. Furnish on a separate sheet full details of your experience as an insurance adjuster giving dates and the names of the firm/company with which you were employed.

I certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief all the information given in this application is true and correct.

Signature

of Applicant

Date

PART II

(Applicable to a firm/company)

D-PARTICULARS OF THE FIRM/ COMPANY

- 11. The name of the person resident in Trinidad and Tobago appointed as principal representative.
- 12. Date and place of incorporation or formation.
- 13. Summary of main objects.
- 14. The amount of—
 - (i) Authorised capital.
 - (ii) Paid-up capital.

E-PARTICULARS OF BUSINESS

15. Indicate by a tick in the appropriate box the class/classes of Insurance business in respect of which this application for registration is made.

(i)	Liability	(ii)	Marine, Aviation and Transport	
(iii)	Motor Vehicle	(iv)	Pecuniary Loss	
(v)	Personal Accident	(vi)	Property	

- 16. Other class/classes of Insurance business in respect of which the firm/company is now registered.
- 17. Details of any previous registration which was cancelled including the reason for cancellation.

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Insurance	Chap. 84:01	267
Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Regi	istration) Regulations	[Subsidiary]

F-PERSONAL PARTICULARS OF DIRECTORS, CONTROLLERS, SENIOR OFFICIALS AND PARTNERS

- 18. In respect of each of the following give the particulars required
 - by (a) to (g) below:
 - (i) Directors;
 - (ii) Controllers;
 - (iii) Managers and other Senior Officials authorised to act in the name of the firm/company;
 - (iv) Partners;
 - (a) Full name.
 - (b) Address.
 - (c) Nationality.
 - (d) Date of Birth.
 - (e) Place of Birth.
 - (f) Details of training and experience (Forward copies of certificates).
 - (g) Whether each partner of the firm is registered or has applied for registration as an adjuster.

G-GENERAL INFORMATION

19. The officer or officers to be specified in the certificate of registration of the company. (*See* Direction No. 6)

We certify that to the best of our knowledge and belief all the information given in this application is true and correct.

Signature	
Title	
Signature	
Title	
Signature	
Title	
Date	

Indicate official designation (*See* Direction No. 3)

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MINISTRY O	F LEGAL AFFAIRS	LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO www.legalaffairs.gov.t	t
268	Chap. 84:01	Insurance	_
[Subsidiary]	Insurance (Age	ents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations	

SECOND SCHEDULE

REGISTRATION FEES

1. Salesmen	 \$100.00 annually for long-term Insurance business \$100.00 for general Insurance business
 2. Agents (a) Individuals (b) Partnerships or Corporate bodies 	\$500.00 annually \$1,000.00 annually
 3. Brokers (a) Individuals (b) Corporate bodies or partnerships 	\$2,500.00 annually \$2,500.00 annually
 4. Adjusters (a) Individuals (b) Corporate bodies or partnerships 	\$2,500.00 annually \$2,500.00 annually

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MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS

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Insurance Chap. 84:01 269 [Subsidiary]

Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations

THIRD SCHEDULE

Regulation 8.

PART I

(Certificates of Registration of Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters)

FORM 1



No.

THE INSURANCE (AGENTS, BROKERS, SALESMEN AND ADJUSTERS) (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION AS AGENT

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT

_____ is registered as an Agent for

..... in respect of the following classes of Insurance business:

The officers/partners who may act hereunder in the name of the company/firm are:

..... Date

..... Central Bank

N.B.- This Certificate is valid for one year from the date of issue and shall be renewable annually on the anniversary date of issue.

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270Chap. 84:01Insurance[Subsidiary]Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations

FORM 2



No.

THE INSURANCE (AGENTS, BROKERS, SALESMEN AND ADJUSTERS) (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION AS BROKER OR ADJUSTER

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT

is registered as

..... in respect of the following classes of Insurance business:

The officers/partners who may act hereunder in the name of the company/firm are:

Date

N.B.— This Certificate is valid for one year from the date of issue and shall be renewable annually on the anniversary date of issue.

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InsuranceChap. 84:01271Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations[Subsidiary]

FORM 3



No.

THE INSURANCE (AGENTS, BROKERS, SALESMEN AND ADJUSTERS) (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION AS SALESMAN

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT

Mr./Mrs./Miss

of

is registered as a SALESMAN for

.....

in respect of the following classes of insurance business:

Date

Central Bank

N.B.— This Certificate is valid for one year from the date of issue and shall be renewable annually on the anniversary date of issue.

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272Chap. 84:01Insurance[Subsidiary]Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations

Regulation 9.

PART II

(Notices of Termination)

FORM 1

THE INSURANCE (AGENTS, BROKERS, SALESMEN AND ADJUSTERS) (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS

NOTICE OF TERMINATION OF AGENCY

TO: THE CENTRAL BANK OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

Please note that the agency agreement between:

Name of Company	

and

5	lgent
has been terminated as of	Date
for the following reasons:	
	Signature
	Title
	(Chief Executive of the Company or Agent)

Date

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UPDATED TO DECEMBER 31ST 2014

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Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registrat	ion) Regulations	[Subsidiary]

FORM 2

THE INSURANCE (AGENTS, BROKERS, SALESMEN AND ADJUSTERS) (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS

NOTICE OF TERMINATION OF SALESMAN CONTRACT

TO: THE CENTRAL BANK OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

Please note that the contract between:

Name of Company	
and	
Mr./Mrs./Miss	
has been terminated as ofDate	
for the following reasons:	
Signature	
(Chie	f Executive of the any or Salesman)
Date	any cr. Barcontany

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274	Chap. 84:01	Insurance
[Subsidiary]	Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Sale	esmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations
		FORM 3
		AGENTS, BROKERS, SALESMEN (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS
	NOTICE OF INSURA	ANCE SALESMAN CONTRACT
	TO: THE CENTRAL BANK OF	TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO
	Please note that with effect f	rom Date
	Mr./Mrs./Miss	Full Name
	of	Address
	has entered into a contract with	
	N	Jame of Company
	to carry on the business of SAL insurance business:	ESMAN in respect of the following classes of
	1	
	3	4
	5	
	7	
		Signature
	Date	Title
	(Please affix the	official stamp of the Company)

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UPDATED TO DECEMBER 31ST 2014

LAWS OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

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Chap. 84:01

Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations [Subsidiary]

FOURTH SCHEDULE

(Application for Renewal of Certificate of Registration as Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters)

FORM 1

THE INSURANCE (AGENTS, BROKERS, SALESMEN AND ADJUSTERS) (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS

APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL OF CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION AS AGENT

TO: THE CENTRAL BANK OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

I hereby apply for the renewal of Insurance Agent Certificate of

Registration No.: Issued on:

I enclose official receipt No.: Dated: as evidence of payment of the prescribed fee.

Signature of

Applicant

Position in Firm/Company

Date

PARTICULARS

1. Full Name of Applicant:

Individual/Firm/Company

2. Address:

.....

- 3. Name of Insurance Company for which the applicant is registered as Agent:
- 4. Address:
- 5. Endorsement of Insurance Company:

I certify that the information in item 3 above is true and correct.

*Signature

Title

(Affix Official Stamp)

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UPDATED TO DECEMBER 31ST 2014

Regulations 7 and 21. [15 of 2004].

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[Subsidiary]	Insurance (Agents,	Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations

6. Name of officers who will act in the name of and on behalf of the applicant company:

I certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief all of the information given in this application is true and correct.

Signature

Position in Firm/Company

*To be signed by the Chief Executive of the Company.

FORM 2

THE INSURANCE (AGENTS, BROKERS, SALESMEN AND ADJUSTERS) (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS

APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL OF CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION AS SALESMAN

TO: THE CENTRAL BANK OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

I hereby apply for the renewal of Insurance Salesman Certificate of Registration No.: Issued on:

Signature of Applicant

Date

PARTICULARS:

- 1. Full Name of Applicant Mr./Mrs./Miss:
- 2. Address:
- 3. Name of Insurance Company or the Agent for which/with whom the applicant is registered as a Salesman.

UNOFFICIAL VERSION

LAWS O	TRINIDA	AD AND	TOBAGO
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MINISTRY OF LEGAL AFFAIRS www.legalaffairs.gov.tt Insurance Chap. 84:01 277 Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Salesmen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations [Subsidiary] 4. Address: 5. Endorsement of Insurance Company or Agent: I certify that the information in item 3 above is true and correct. *Signature Title (Affix Official Stamp) I certify that to the best of my knowledge and belief all of the information given in this application is true and correct. Signature of Applicant Date

*To be signed by the Chief Executive of the Company or the Agent.

FORM 3

THE INSURANCE (AGENTS, BROKERS, SALESMEN AND ADJUSTERS) (REGISTRATION) REGULATIONS

APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL OF CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION AS BROKER OR ADJUSTER

TO: THE CENTRAL BANK OF TRINIDAD AND TOBAGO

I hereby apply for the renewal of Insurance Broker*/Adjuster

Certificate of Registration No. Issued on:

I enclose official receipt No. Dated as evidence of payment of the prescribed fee.

Signature of Applicant

Position in Firm/Company

Date

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MINISTRY OI	LAWS OF TR	RINIDAD AND TOBAGO www.legalaffairs.gov.tt
278	Chap. 84:01	Insurance
[Subsidiary]	Insurance (Agents, Brokers, Sale.	smen and Adjusters) (Registration) Regulations
	PARTICULARS:	
	1. Full Name of Applicant:	
	(Ina	ividual/Firm/Company)
	2. Address:	
		professional Indemnity Insurance as follows:
		(c) Renewal date
	(d) Limit of Indemnity	(e) Excess
	(Written evidence that the I	nsurance is in force must be submitted)
	4. Name of the officers who applicant company:	will act in the name of and on behalf of the
	I certify that to the bes information given in this applica	t of my knowledge and belief all of the tion is true and correct.
		Signature
		Position in Firm/Company
	Date	
	(Affi	x Official Stamp)
	*Delete whichever is not applicable.	

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[Subsidiary]		

INSURANCE (APPROVED SECURITIES) REGULATIONS

made under section 214

70/1983. [2/1988 200/1994].

1. These Regulations may be cited as the Insurance Citation. (Approved Securities) Regulations.

2. Approved securities for the purposes of appropriate Approved deposits in respect of different classes of insurance business required by section 29 of the Act, shall be the securities specified hereunder-

- (a) securities of, or guaranteed by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago payable in Trinidad and Tobago dollars;
- (b) securities of the Government of Trinidad and Tobago payable in a currency other than Trinidad and Tobago dollars, up to a limit of thirty per cent;
- (c) securities of the Government of any Commonwealth Country other than Trinidad and Tobago up to a limit of ten per cent;
- (d) securities of the Government of the United States of America or any other country approved by the Minister, up to a limit of ten per cent.
- (e) securities of the Inter-American Development Bank, approved by the Minister;
- (f) securities of the Caribbean Development Bank, approved by the Minister;
- (g) bonds issued by the Trinidad and Tobago Home Mortgage Bank;
- (h) bonds or debentures issued by a company and fully secured by securities of the Government of Trinidad and Tobago, up to a limit of thirty per cent, where -
 - (i) at the time of deposit, the company dividend statisfies the payment qualification or the earnings qualification

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securities.

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[Subsidiary]	Insu	rance (Approved Securities) Regulations
		referred to in paragraph 1(<i>f</i>) of the Second Schedule to the Act; andii) the government securities referred to in this paragraph comprise no part of a deposit previously made by the company pursuant to section 29.

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